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## A FAMILY HISTORY,

recording the ancestors of Russell Snow Hitchcock.  
This includes the ancestral lines of Hitchcock,  
Andrews, Snow, Russell, Bardwell, Warriner, Pepper  
and their allied lines.

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### FOREWORD

For over twelve years I have been acquiring information as to family history and tracing my ancestors. This volume records the result. Additional data comes to light from time to time and some has become available since the final copy was completed for this edition. It is intended to issue supplements later to add and correct this family history.

The basis for my start with this work was certain data my mother had which it seemed desirable to record in permanent form. My investigations have very greatly enlarged the ancestral lines. Since this book traces back my ancestral lines it might well be termed a family history rather than a genealogy. I am interested in knowing about all my ancestors on all lines, not merely the Hitchcock line or the Andrews line of my mother.

The form I have used is to begin with the earliest known ancestor of each name and trace his descent until a daughter marries into another family. The Hitchcock line beginning with Luke Hitchcock #1 lists the Hitchcocks right down to the present and the succeeding pages up to 89 inclusive, list other ancestral lines, that eventually merge into the Hitchcock line, beginning with the earliest known ancestor and ending as a daughter marries into another family.

The Andrews line of my mother beginning with John Andrews #362 likewise lists the Andrews down to my mother and the succeeding pages from 90 to the end, list other ancestral lines which merge as daughters marry into other families. Recently I published a Genealogy of James Andrews of Dighton and Conway which traces the descendants of James Andrews #374 more fully than herein given. In the Foreword of that Genealogy mention is made of the Andrews family information recorded by Andrew Earl Hitchcock in 1870 as told him by his grandmother Experience Bardwell Andrews #315, wife of Andrew Andrews #375 and daughter-in-law of James Andrews #374. This data has been of great help and has been proved correct wherever checked from independent sources. In it she stated that James Andrews #374 was the son of James Andrews #373 and his wife Mary Reed #406.

To make the various ancestral lines more readily understood there are fourteen different charts distributed throughout the book. Each chart is followed by the pages of subject matter which tell of those on the chart. In this way the book is broken up into fourteen sections. However, because some families or names appear on more than one chart there are cases where the text as to a certain name may be in another part of the book, but it can always be readily located by using the serial number by each name on the charts.

The system of numbering is that each ancestor as he appears in the book is serially numbered beginning with #1 and his or her name is in capital letters for easier identification. In some cases additional serial numbers were added after the original numbering and these have

a letter after them; as, for instance William Russell 185a and Elizabeth Nurse 185b. Also a few of the original serial numbers were omitted in the final draft. For instance there is no #230 or #436.

There are several ways of using the book. A table of contents in the front gives the list of ancestral lines with the page number. This can be used where one is interested in looking up the family name of an emigrant ancestor. Another method is to look at the various charts throughout the book and visualize the line of descent and by noting the serial number by any name on the chart turn to that name in the book since the numbers run serially throughout the book. Also the index in the back can be used to locate any name mentioned in the book and that index includes all names mentioned whether ancestors or not.

Upon the amount of research that goes into a family history depends its value. In this work I have consulted every genealogy, history, book or publication that might have any information, as well as certain local records of probate, deeds, vital statistics etc. No stone has been left unturned that seemed helpful, but by no means do I believe all possible investigations have been completed or that some information may not be subject to correction. Under the sources throughout the book are listed the basis for my information, but that does not mean that everything from such source has been taken as correct. Genealogies contain errors and guesses. Errors I have avoided where known and guesses, if used, have been labeled "probable" but the inclusion of these latter have been minimized. So the fact that a certain genealogy or history is listed under a source does not mean it necessarily has been followed if its data seemed doubtful or other better data was available

Generally I have avoided the long lines running back several centuries in England as most of them appear very doubtful especially where emigrants to New England are connected with old landed families or royalty. The emigrants to New England for the most part came from the yeoman stock and descent from kings, knights, barons etc., can not be expected. However, in a few cases there is included mention of some such possibility such as Daniel Clark #249 and Thomas Newberry #252, but I do not give much credence to them.

All my ancestors lived in New England which made it possible to trace my lines as completely as evidenced by this book. Counting myself as one generation my ancestors are completely known for seven generations back except for the last name of one wife. In the eighth generation seven are lacking and of these the first name is given for four of the seven. In the ninth generation every one has 256 ancestors and of these possibilities I have found all but 37 and of these 37 the first names of 14 of the 37 are listed.

Most of my ancestors were in New England by 1640 and all those known were here by 1680 and probably earlier since they may well have been here some time before shown in extant records.

The Mayflower lines show descent from Constance Hopkins #541 and Gyles Hopkins #542, daughter and son respectively of Stephen Hopkins #540, all Mayflower passengers, as well as from William Brewster #571 and John Rogers #414. There are several lines of descent from both Stephen Hopkins and William Brewster.

More complete information about any individual may in many instances be obtained by consulting the sources listed, as all detailed information has not in all cases been set forth under each ancestor.

Corrections and additions are welcomed.

Bath, Maine. May, 1947

*Russell Snow Hitchcock*



ADDENDA #1 to FAMILY HISTORY by RUSSELL SNOW HITCHCOCK

Since 1947 when the FAMILY HISTORY was published some additions and corrections have been noted and these are outlined below. It is suggested that all those having copies correct them accordingly. Where new pages are furnished they can be inserted by cutting out the old page about  $\frac{1}{2}$ " from the binding and pasting the new page on this stub and then trimming the new page to suit the size of the other pages. A good grade of rubber cement is recommended. Most of the new pages are furnished because additional information is included on them or because this results in rearranging the original text. The few new pages due to minor corrections are furnished because it is believed easier to insert those new pages than to make pen and ink corrections. Other changes may be made by pen and ink.

- ✓ Page 5: 6th line from bottom, change "1895" to "1894".
- ✓ Page 17: under Samuel Stebbins, 4th line, add "who died on 8 August 1683" after "Lamb".
- ✓ Page 19: under John Stebbins, middle of page, 7th to 13th lines, strike out two sentences beginning with "Since John Stebbins signed-----" and ending with "-----or deed to the school".
- ✓ Page 24: under Henry Wolcott, 11th line, strike out sentence "His son Thomas was-----late deceased".  
under Thomas Wolcott, 2nd line, put a period after "1702" and strike out rest of sentence "and died-----14 November 1740".
- ✓ Page 25: 2nd line, change last word from "Jane" to "Catherine".  
last line under Sources change "638" to "689".
- ✓ Pages 26, 27: new pages for inserting in place of original pages.
- ✓ Chart 2: correct to suit above by elimination of Edward and Frances Stebbins as parents of Editha Stebbins.
- Page 47: under Abner Russell, 5th line, change "8 August" to "5 August".
- Page 49: under Robert Hebert, 1st line, after words "(early spelling)" add "was baptized at Salisbury, England on 13 March 1613 and" under Samuel Hebert, 1st line, change "born" to "baptized" and in 10th line change "in 1675" to "on 3 December 1674".
- ✓ Pages 50, 51, 52, 53: new pages for inserting in place of the original pages.
- ✓ Page 57: under the Ralph Ellenwood in the middle of the page, 2nd line, change "Marthew Robison" to "Martha Rowlandson". At end of 4th line add, "See #231a for her descent from Thomas Rowlandson".
- ✓ Pages 57a, 57b: new additional pages to be inserted.
- Chart 3: add parents of Matthew and Margaret Allyn and add ancestors of Martha Rowlandson and change her name from "Robison" to "Rowlandson"
- ✓ Pages 81, 82: new pages to be inserted in place of original pages.
- Chart 5: add parents of Martha Whotlock.
- ✓ Pages 84, 85: new pages to be inserted in place of original pages.
- ✓ Page 108: 22nd line, change last word from "Joanna" to "Jane" and change first word in 23rd line from "Lyons" to "Lee".
- ✓ Page 123: under John Leonard, 2nd line, change "Heath" to "Heald".
- Page 131: under Stephen Hopkins, 2nd line, change "in June 1644" to "between 6 June 1644, the date of his will, and 17 July 1644 when the inventory of his estate was taken".
- Page 132: 1st line change "15 March" to "5 March" and 2nd line change "26 April" to "22 April".
- ✓ Pages 141, 142: new pages to be inserted in place of original pages.
- ✓ Pages 142a, 142b, 142c: new additional pages to be inserted.
- Chart 11: correct ancestors of Elizabeth Lombard and add ancestors of John Derby.
- ✓ Pages 143: strike out all matter under Derby Ancestry since that is now on page 142a.
- ✓ Page 145: 17th line, change "John Johnson" to "Edward Johnson".
- ✓ Page 153: 4th line, strike out "She may-----of Edmond Chandler".
- Page 161: under Edward Southworth, 4th line, change "Their marriage intentions were entered 4 May 1613" to "They were betrothed on 7 May 1613"
- Table of Contents and Index: correct as necessary to suit above changes.

*changes checked ✓ have been entered. others have not.*



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## HITCHCOCK ANCESTRY

### LUKE HITCHCOCK

LUKE HITCHCOCK #1 first appeared at New Haven, Connecticut, where on 1 July 1644, he took the Freeman's Oath. Research has failed to disclose when he came to America or his ancestors in England. An Edward Hitchcock took the Freeman's Oath in New Haven at the same time as Luke. In New Haven at the same time was Matthias Hitchcock, who in May 1635, at the age of 25, landed in Boston from the ship Susan and Ellen and settled for a short time in Watertown, Massachusetts, and then moved to New Haven, Connecticut. The three of the same name being together at the same place suggests the possibility they were brothers. Another possibility is that Luke and Edward were brothers, since they took the Freeman's Oath on the same day, and Matthias a cousin.

The Hitchcock family is supposed to have come originally from the County of Wiltshire, England where they were located from the time of William the Conqueror. More information of these Wiltshire Hitchcock families is in the Harlean Collection in the British Museum, in the Visitation of the County of Wiltshire by Sir T Phillips 1623, and in Hoar's History of Wiltshire.

Sometime between 1 July 1644 and 5 June 1646 Luke Hitchcock moved to Wethersfield, Connecticut since he was a member of the jury in Hartford on 5 June 1646 and again on 2 March 1647. Here he married ELIZABETH #2, sister of William Gibbons of Hartford, Connecticut. William Gibbons and his sister came from Fenny Compton, Warwick County, England. Luke was a shoemaker by trade and in 1653 and 1656 was a selectman in Wethersfield. In all there are records of fourteen pieces of land in Wethersfield listed as owned by Luke Hitchcock. It is said he was able to make friends with the Indians who gave him a deed to the town of Farmington. The deed was a clear title to the land and so recognized, but considered so unimportant that his wife used it to cover a pie in the oven which destroyed it.

In 1659 Luke intended to move to Hadley, Massachusetts, but died on 1 November 1659 before moving. His will, drawn up and signed 17 October 1659, disposed of his lands to his wife and children and was valued at about 461 pounds. Apparently he had been successful as his estate was both in land and money. The wording of his will indicates a clear, orderly mind. He appointed the pastor of his church, a Mr. John Russell, as executor of his will indicating a close church affiliation.

His widow Elizabeth became, on 2 October 1661, the second wife of WILLIAM WARRINER #110 of Springfield, Massachusetts to which place she moved with her two sons. William Warriner died in 1676 and on 17 September 1678 she married JOSEPH BALDWIN #120. After his death in 1684 she returned to Springfield, Massachusetts, probably because her sons were living there. She died on 25 April 1696 having outlived her first husband Luke Hitchcock by 36 years and her brother William Gibbons by 42 years. There were three children of Luke and Elizabeth Hitchcock: namely, JOHN #3, Hannah and LUKE #12.

Source: Vital records of Wethersfield, Connecticut, in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.18, p58

## JOHN HITCHCOCK

JOHN HITCHCOCK #3, son of Luke and Elizabeth Hitchcock was married on 27 September 1666 to HANNAH CHAPIN #25, who was born at Springfield, Massachusetts, baptized there on 2 December 1644 and died on 21 May 1719. See #18 for her descent from Roger Chapin. The date of John's birth is not known. He came to Springfield with his mother in 1661. In June 1655 John received land from his uncle William Gibbons of Hartford, who was listed in the records as a London merchant. John Hitchcock was one of the signers of the petition of 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. He was a constable in Springfield in 1672. In the Turner's Falls fight with the Indians on 19 May 1676 John was shot through one arm and had the other broken. Major Pyncheon requested the Governor to issue Ensign John Hitchcock a commission as a Lieutenant for gallant conduct. He was a deacon in the church and died on 9 February 1712. In his will, signed on 5 February 1712, he disposed of his lands and various houses to his sons and gave his wife a life interest in the house in which he lived. His grandsons received his carbine, cutlass and pistols. He had considerable property located in Chicopee or spelled Chicubee then and at Sixteen Acres. There is still an outlying part of Springfield called Sixteen Acres. Land near Mill River and Round Hill was mentioned, both still familiar in Springfield. There were nine children and the third child was JOHN #4.

## JOHN HITCHCOCK

JOHN HITCHCOCK #4, son of John and Hannah Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 13 April 1670 and died there 4 July 1751. On 24 September 1691 he married MARY BALL #32. See #30 for her descent from Francis Ball. The General Court of Massachusetts in 1736 granted to the survivors of the Falls fight under Captain William Turner and to their descendants, a township called in commemoration of the event, Fall Town, now known as Bernandston. John received two shares in this township, one on account of his father and the other on account of his father-in-law, Samuel Ball. In his will he gave his shares in Fall Town to his oldest son John. A son Nathaniel was given his musket, sword and cutlass while another son Samuel was given his French gun. There were eleven children of whom the oldest was JOHN #5.

## JOHN HITCHCOCK

JOHN HITCHCOCK #5, son of John and Mary Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 14 December 1692. On 1 August 1717 he married ABIGAIL STEBBINS #59, who was born on 30 November 1695, and died after 7 October 1777. See #54 for her descent from Rowland Stebbins. John Hitchcock was one of the 125 persons sharing in a plot of land 12 miles long north and south and four miles east and west laid out by the town of Springfield at its east end. There were three divisions in the plot and each person had a lot in each division. The widest lot was Pynchon's and the narrowest was only eight feet. All lots were four miles long. His will was signed 14 March 1774 and presented for probate on 7 October 1777 and he died on 25 August 1777. The shares of

land at Fall Town were not mentioned so he probably disposed of them during his life time. He gave his son John all his land at Wilbraham, "being my lot in ye outward commons on the east side of the Great river, being about thirty rods in breadth and four miles in length". His wife Abigail outlived him. There were nine children of whom the fifth child was JOSIAH #6.

#### JOSIAH HITCHCOCK

JOSIAH HITCHCOCK #6, son of John and Abigail Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 29 November 1726 and died there on 6 January 1819. On 28 June 1753 he married for his first wife, MARTHA HITCHCOCK #15. She was the mother of all his children. She died on 27 January 1801 and her gravestone is inscribed "A desirable companion and tender mother." He married later Lucy Ely, a widow. There were eight children of whom the youngest was HEBER #7.

#### HEBER HITCHCOCK

HEBER HITCHCOCK #7, son of Josiah and Martha Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, baptized on 3 September 1769 and died there 12 September 1841, age 72 years. On 23 December 1794 he married LOIS STEBBINS #64, born at Wilbraham, Massachusetts on 19 August 1772. See #54 for her descent from Rowland Stebbins. There were ten children of whom the third child was EDWIN MILTON #8.

#### EDWIN MILTON HITCHCOCK

EDWIN MILTON HITCHCOCK #8, son of Heber and Lois Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 24 July 1800 and died on 3 May 1848. On 5 June 1822 he married at Suffield, Connecticut, FLAVIA RUSSELL #189 of Suffield, Connecticut. The marriage was performed by Reverend Ebenezer Gay. See #185a for her descent from William Russell. Edwin Milton was a farmer. Children:

Elizabeth who married Hezekiah Fowler of Northampton. They had one daughter Mabel, born about 1845 in Northampton, who on 19 May 1868 married James W. Spencer. Her age was 23 and his 25 at the time of marriage and Reverend Samuel Ray of Springfield performed the ceremony. James W. Spencer was born at Hartford, Connecticut, the son of James B. and Hannah P. Spencer.

ELIAS RUSSELL #9, was born on 7 March 1826.

Abigail C, was born on 12 February 1830 and died in Somers, Connecticut on 8 September 1872. On 16 February 1857 she married at Springfield, Erasmus S. Cooley who was born in Somers, Connecticut on 15 October 1817 and died there on 12 February 1881. Reverend E.D. Murphy performed the ceremony and they were both living in Springfield at the time of their marriage. Their children were Ida and Louise. Erasmus was the son of Jonathan M Cooley and Abigail was his second wife. His first wife was Rachel Bartlett.

Helen Mary, was born on 16 March 1832 and died in Suffield, Connecticut on 25 September 1876. On 25 January 1850 at Springfield, Massachusetts, she married George Hancock of Suffield, Connecticut, who was born on 23 March 1828 and died on 11 March 1913. Their children were Mary Helen, Eva Marie and George.

Frances, was born on 7 March 1833 and died on May 1888. She married Henry Clapp, son of Daniel and Margaret Clapp. Henry Clapp died on 18 October 1862, age 43 years. They had a daughter Mattie or Martha T Clapp, who is buried in lot 238, Pine Avenue Cemetery, Springfield in the same lot as her mother. There are records of four other Clapp children, George, Milton, Fred and Will. Frances married for her second husband, Daniel C Hart son of John Hart. Daniel died on 18 March 1910, age 75 years 8 months.

William Wallace, was born on 25 August 1834 and died in Agawam on 30 July 1914. On 19 March 1855 in Springfield, Massachusetts, he married Emeline E Willey of Ludlow, Massachusetts. She was 18 years old then and died on 26 August 1914. Her parents were Parsons G Willey and Eunice E Slater. Their children were Edwin Milton, Myron Charles and Cora.

Milton, was drowned off the coast of Africa when shipwrecked in a trading vessel.

Alfred, was born on 21 September 1843 and died on 4 August 1864 in the general hospital at Frederick, Maryland. He enlisted in the 37th Massachusetts Infantry at Longmeadow, Massachusetts, on 24 July 1862 for three years with pay of \$25.00 a month. He was in the engagements near Frederickburg and Salem Church, Virginia in May 1863 and near Petersburg, Virginia in May and June 1864. He is buried at the Antietam National Cemetery, Sharpsburg, Maryland, grave 1041. His war diary is now in the possession of Captain Russell S Hitchcock U.S. Navy, a descendant of Alfred's brother Edwin Milton.

Ida Maria, was born on 30 April 1844, and died on 28 March 1915 at Springfield, Massachusetts. She married John S Philbrick, who was born on 15 May 1844 at Newport, Vermont and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 27 November 1927, age 83 years 6 months 12 days. He was the son of Benjamin Philbrick and Hannah Muzzy. Their children were Nellie, Gertrude and Bertha.

Mary Augusta, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 6 October 1846 and died at Providence, Rhode Island on 27 December 1906. She married Edward Shuttleworth of Providence, Rhode Island

#### ELIAS RUSSELL HITCHCOCK

ELIAS RUSSELL HITCHCOCK #9, son of Edwin Milton and Flavia Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 7 March 1826 and died there on 23 December 1881. On 1 May 1851 he married CATHERINE ANDREWS #376 of Deerfield, Massachusetts. See #362 for her descent from John Andrews. Elias was a printer on the Springfield Republican for 37 years. In keeping with the custom of the time he wore a tall hat every day to his place of business. The brick house in which he lived with his wife and where all their children were born stood at 14 Union



Street, and was still there as late as 1930. The neighborhood has long since ceased to be residential.

Their children:

Andrew Earl, was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 20 April 1852 and died there on 28 May 1894. On 3 May 1876 he married Emily Ruth Dunbar of Ludlow, Vermont who died on 28 July 1895 at 41 years of age. There were no children.

Herbert Elias, was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 23 October 1855 and died there on 15 March 1858.

Delbert Baxter, was born on 1 December 1857. He never married.

WALTER BARDWELL #10, was born on 20 April 1861 and died on 19 June 1936.

#### WALTER BARDWELL HITCHCOCK

WALTER BARDWELL HITCHCOCK #10, son of Elias Russell and Catherine Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 20 April 1861 and died at the Wesson Memorial Hospital there on 19 June 1936. On 21 October 1891 he married ROSE ETTA ANDREWS #379 at Fitchburg, Massachusetts. See #362 for her descent from John Andrews. They made their first home on Worthington Street in Springfield and in 1892 built a house on Westminster Street where they resided from then on.

Children:

RUSSELL SNOW HITCHCOCK #11 was born on 17 June 1893. He was educated in the public schools of Springfield and after graduation from the Technical High School entered the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland. Upon graduation in 1916 he was commissioned an officer in the Navy and has had duty in various parts of the world. He is now a Captain. He completed a post graduate course in Naval Architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1920. While on duty in Washington D.C., he met Alberta Gilbert and they were married there on 6 November 1924. She was the daughter of Albert Morgan Gilbert and his wife Anne Kelledy and was born at Port Gibson, Mississippi on 5 August 1900 and later lived at Neenah, Wisconsin and Washington, D.C. Her mother was a talented poet in Washington.

Children:

Anne Kelledy was born at Washington, D.C., on 2 November 1925 and married Stephen Bruce Hilstad on 10 January 1943. They have two daughters, Linda Lee born on 5 July 1944 and Melanie Anne born on 19 October 1945.

Constance Snow was born at Washington, D.C., on 23 January 1928.

PAUL EARL HITCHCOCK was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 27 November 1894. On 29 November 1917 he married Katherine Louise Cram and they had one daughter Katherine Chase born on 24 September 1922 at Colraine, Massachusetts. This marriage was ended by divorce. Katherine Chase married Prescott Samuel Farrar on 15 June 1941 and their children are Nancy Katherine born on 30 April 1942; Stephen Prescott born on 27

January 1944; John Kirk born on 14 August 1945.

On 16 July 1932 Paul Earl Hitchcock married Frances Louise BuDahn and they have a son Allen Gunnison born on 2 November 1938.

#### LUKE HITCHCOCK

LUKE HITCHCOCK #12, son of Luke and Elizabeth Hitchcock was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut on 5 June 1655 and went to Springfield, Massachusetts with his mother about 1661 after his father's death in 1659. He kept a tavern, was a shoemaker by trade as was his father, and became a Captain in the Army. At one time he was the sheriff of Hampshire County which then included the present Hampden, Franklin and Berkshire counties. He was one of the original grantees of Suffield, Connecticut and in 1680 had 50 acres of land there. He appears to have been a prominent man in Springfield. He was in the fight with the Indians under Capt. Turner in 1676 at Turner's Falls with his brother John and had a share in the township granted him as a survivor. In November 1693 he accompanied Thomas Colton to Boston to procure a minister for Springfield. On 14 February 1676-7 he married SARAH #40, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth Burt, and widow of Benjamin Dorchester.

See #33 for her descent from Henry Burt. She was born on 4 September 1656 and died on 9 November 1746. Luke died on 24 January 1727. His gravestone is inscribed, "Here rests the body of Luke Hitchcock, Esq., who after he had served God and his generation in several publick offices deceased Jan. 24, 1727, in ye 72 year of his age". He left his lands to his sons. There were eleven children of whom three were; SARAH #13, the first child, born on 1 April 1678, died on 5 February 1733-4 and married JAMES MERRICK #517 on 30 July 1696; LUKE #14, the seventh child; and EBENEZER #16, the ninth child.

#### LUKE HITCHCOCK

LUKE HITCHCOCK #14, son of Luke and Sarah Hitchcock was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 13 July 1691 and died at Granville, Massachusetts on May 1775. He married first on 26 January 1720-1, MARTHA COLTON #81 and all his children were born to them. See #78 for her descent from George Colton. She was born at Longmeadow, Massachusetts on 4 January 1694 and died on 10 May 1754 in her 59th year. Luke's second wife was Mrs. Hannah Day daughter of Daniel Marsh of Hadley, Massachusetts, whom he married on 26 December 1754. Luke's house in Springfield was the second north of Ferry Cove. There were six children of whom one daughter was MARTHA #15, who married JOSIAH HITCHCOCK #6 on 28 June 1753. She was born 25 August 1726 and died 27 January 1801.

#### EBENEZER HITCHCOCK

EBENEZER HITCHCOCK #16, son of Luke and Sarah Hitchcock was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, on 24 August 1694 and died there on 18 January 1776. On 14 February 1716-7 he married MARY SHELDON #467, who was the mother of all his children. See #463 for her descent from Isaac Sheldon. She died on 8 January 1760. Ebenezer fought in the French and Indian Wars and was with Colonel Dwight's regiment on the Louisburg expedition. Just after the fall of Louisburg he received his Lieutenant's commission there on 28 June 1745 from Governor Shirley. He was a selectman in Springfield in 1747. In 1735 Ebenezer received 379 pounds which was his wife's inheritance from the Pynchon estate, her great grandfather. His second wife was Mary Morgan of Brimfield, Massachusetts, who outlived him. There were fourteen children of whom MARY #17 the fifth child was born on 29 July 1723, died on 24 May 1802, and married HEZEKIAH WARRINER #115 on 11 June 1747.

Sources: Hitchcock Genealogy by Mrs. Edward Hitchcock, 1894.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9,  
p87.  
Records of Wethersfield, Connecticut, in New England  
Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 18, p58.

## CHAPIN ANCESTRY

### ROGER CHAPIN

ROGER CHAPIN #18 was born in England probably before 1540 since he had a daughter baptized at Totnes, England in 1560. His wife was living on 9 September 1590 as "urddo chapinne".

### JOHN CHAPIN

JOHN CHAPIN #19, son of Roger Chapin was baptized on 25 September 1566 and died at Paignton, England on 3 June 1600. On 14 September 1590 at Paignton he married PHILLIPE EASTON #20. She married for her second husband George Stone of Paignton, England.

### SAMUEL CHAPIN

Deacon SAMUEL CHAPIN #21, son of John and Phillipe Chapin was born at Paignton, England, baptized there on 8 October 1598 and died at Chicopee, Massachusetts on 11 November 1675. On 9 February 1623-4 at Paignton, England he married CICELY PENY #22, who was born at Paignton, baptized there on 21 February 1601-2, and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 8 February 1682-3. She was the daughter of HENRY PENY #23 and his wife JANE #24. Henry Peny, baker, died at Paignton, Devon County, England between 6 April 1630 and 18 May 1630, the dates of his will and inventory. His wife Jane survived him. Samuel Chapin and his wife with probably five children came to America together after 29 October 1637, the day his son Josiah was baptized at Berry Pomery, Devon County, and first settled at Roxbury, Massachusetts, where according to records of 1638-1640, he owned 24 acres of land. In 1641 he bought a house there and became a freeman on 2 June 1641. Due to William Pynchon's influence, who he had probably known in England, Samuel Chapin moved to Springfield, Massachusetts, in the winter of 1642-3. He served as selectman and was first mentioned as a deacon on 21 February 1650. He preached for several years when the town lacked a minister. After the return to England of William Pynchon; Samuel Chapin, John Pynchon and Elizur Holyoke were appointed magistrates by the General Court with the power of a county court. His first home in Springfield was at the corner of the present Main and Pynchon Streets, but by 1664 he was living with his son Japhet at Chicopee and died there. The Chapin statue by St. Gaudens was unveiled at Springfield, Massachusetts, on 24 November 1887. Their daughter HANNAH #25, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts, baptized there on 2 December 1644, and married JOHN HITCHCOCK #3 on 27 September 1666. Hannah died on 21 May 1719.

### JAPHET CHAPIN

JAPHET CHAPIN #26, son of Samuel and Cicely Chapin was born at Roxbury, Massachusetts, baptized there on 15 October 1642 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 20 February 1712. On 22 July 1664 he mar-

ried for his first wife ABILENE COOLEY #138, who was baptized 12 March 1643 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts, on 17 November 1711. See #137 for her descent from Samuel Cooley. Japhet Chapin probably resided for a time at Milford, Connecticut, and later did reside at Chicopee, Massachusetts, near Springfield. He was deeded land in Springfield by John Pynchon in 1669 and was then called "of Milford". He was in the Turner's Falls fight with the Indians. He was a man of great piety and many of his descendants were ministers or doctors. On 31 May 1711 he married Dorothy Root for his second wife.

#### DAVID CHAPIN

DAVID CHAPIN #27, the eighth child of Japhet and Abilene Chapin, was born on 16 November 1682 and died on 17 July 1772. On 21 November 1705 he married for his first wife SARAH STEBBINS #65, who was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 8 June 1688, and died there on 6 February 1726. She was the daughter of Joseph and Sarah Stebbins. See #54 for her descent from Rowland Stebbins. David was the first clerk of the Chicopee Parish. It is said the heavy door of his house was filled with driven nails to prevent splitting by Indian tomahawks. David and Sarah Chapin had twelve children. His second wife was Mrs. Mindwell (Allen) Holton whose daughter Mindwell married Josiah Chapin son of David Chapin.

#### JOSIAH CHAPIN

JOSIAH CHAPIN #28, son of David and Sarah Chapin was born on 23 June 1712, and died on 1 February 1785. On 19 December 1734 marriage intentions were posted and he married for his first wife MINDWELL HOLTTON #149, who was born on 28 October 1714 and died 8 October 1746. See #145 for her descent from William Holton. Their daughter MEHITABLE #29, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 4 September 1746, died at Wilbraham, Massachusetts, on 28 February 1808, and married CALEB STEBBINS #63 on 13 March 1765 at South Wilbraham, Massachusetts. Josiah married at Springfield for his second wife Martha Wolcott of Windsor, Connecticut and their intentions were posted on 21 October 1749. Josiah Chapin was a sergeant in the French and Indian Wars. He and both his wives were buried in the Springfield Cemetery, Springfield, Massachusetts.

Sources: The Chapin Genealogy by Orange Chapin, 1862.  
Chapins who served in French and Indian Wars by Charles Wells Chapin, 1895.  
Life of Deacon Samuel Chapin of Springfield by H.M. Chapin, 1908  
The Chapin Book in two volumes by G.W. Chapin, 1924.  
The Cooley Genealogy by Mortimer E. Cooley, 1941.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 83, p351-357.  
Cemetery records of the Springfield Cemetery on Pine Street.

## BALL ANCESTRY

### FRANCIS BALL

FRANCIS BALL #30 was born in England and died at Springfield, Massachusetts, on 3 October 1648. In 1644 he married ABIGAIL #36, who was born in England about 1623 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 23 November 1707. She was the daughter of HENRY BURT #35 and ULALIA MARCHE #44. Francis Ball was drowned in the Connecticut River. Abigail then married Benjamin Munn in ~~1637~~<sup>1649</sup>. Her third husband was THOMAS STEBBINS #56.

### SAMUEL BALL

SAMUEL BALL #31, son of Francis and Abigail Ball was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 16 March 1647-8 and died there on 13 September 1689. On 15 January 1671 he married at Hatfield, Massachusetts, MARY GRAVES #48, who was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, about 1654, and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 21 May 1727. She was the daughter of John Graves and Mary Smith. See #45 for her descent from Thomas Graves. Mary Ball married Benjamin Stebbins for her second husband and James Warriner for her third husband. Samuel Ball was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein the inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. MARY BALL #32, daughter of Samuel and Mary Ball was born on 12 June 1673 and died on 14 October 1760. On 24 September 1691 she married JOHN HITCHCOCK #4.

Sources: The Stebbins Genealogy by Ralph and Robert Greenlee, 1904.  
Springfield vital records in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.18, p84; vol.19, p63.

## BURT ANCESTRY

### HENRY BURT

HENRY BURT #33, of Harberton, Devon County, England was a prosperous clothier and landholder. He owned a sizeable flock of sheep. His wife was ISETT #34, and she died between 14 March 1629-30, the date of her will, and 8 July 1630, the date the inventory was taken. Henry Burt's will was dated 10 July 1617 and the inventory was dated 10 September 1617. His will mentioned his children including Henry and his son John was named executor.

### HENRY BURT

HENRY BURT #35, probably the son of Henry and Isett Burt was born in England and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 30 April 1662. He married in England ULALIA MARCHE #44, who came with him to America. They were married on 23 December 1619 at Dean Prior, Devon County and he was of Harberton, Devon County and she of Dean Prior of the same county. These towns are only 3 or 4 miles apart. She died in Springfield, Massachusetts on 29 August 1690 and her will, dated 27 May 1684, was presented at court on 30 September 1690. See #41 for her descent from William Marche. Henry Burt was taxed on land at Harberton, England in the subsidy of 1624. He first appeared in America at Roxbury, Massachusetts where his house was burned, and he was granted 8 pounds on 5 November 1639 by the General Court on account of this loss. Their names do not appear on any existing passenger list of those coming to America. His name first appeared on the Springfield records in December 1640 when he was granted permission to look for a tree from which to make a canoe. When the town was without a minister he assisted at the Sunday services.

His name appeared continuously in the records year by year, until within a few years of his death. He shared in the second division of land on 5 January 1641. Single persons were to have lots 8 rods wide, married persons 10 rods wide and larger families 12 rods wide. Henry Burt's lot was 12 rods wide. On 26 January 1642 he was one of a group of six appointed to lay out additional land to be divided. On his death bed he made a verbal will which was allowed by the court. Henry and Ulalia Burt had eleven known children and may have had others. Among them were Jonathan, ABIGAIL #36, and MARY #37. Abigail, born about 1623, died at Springfield on 23 November 1707 and married FRANCIS BALL #30 in 1644. Mary was baptized at Harberton, England on 13 April 1635, died at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 30 August 1689 and married WILLIAM BROOKS #76 on 18 October 1654.

### JONATHAN BURT

JONATHAN BURT #38, son of Henry and Ulalia Burt was born in England and baptized at Harberton, England on 23 January 1624-5. He presumably came to America with his parents. He died on 19 October 1715. On 20 October 1651 he married at Boston, ELIZABETH LOBDELL #39, who came to America in 1645 with her brother Simon Lobdell of Milford, Con-

necticut. She died on 11 November 1684. Jonathan Burt married for his second wife, widow Deliverance Hanchet, on 14 December 1686. Jonathan Burt was a deacon in the Springfield church and as Town Clerk recorded the burning of Springfield by the Indians on 5 October 1675 which is the only existing record of that event. He was still Town Clerk in 1700.

He was chosen selectman many times and his name appeared frequently in town affairs. In 1695 he and Abel Wright were appointed to draw up a petition to the General Court in answer to a petition from those living on the west side of the Connecticut River who wished a minister of their own. SARAH #40, daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth Burt was born on 4 September 1656, died on 9 November 1746, and married first Benjamin Dorchester on 22 April 1675. After his death on 24 May 1676 she married LUKE HITCHCOCK #12 on 14 February 1676-7.

Sources: Genealogy of Henry and Ulalia Burt of Springfield by R.H.Burnham, 1892.  
Life and Times of Henry Burt of Springfield by H.M.Burt and S.W.Burt, 1893.  
Simon Lobdell of Milford, Conn., by J.H.Lobdell, 1907.  
The Marriages Licenses of the Diocese of Exeter from the Bishops Registers by Lieut.Col. J.L.Vivian.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.86, p77-84, 216-220, 247-252.



## MARCHE ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM MARCHE

WILLIAM MARCHE #41, probably the son of John Marche was of Sherford, Devon County, England. His will was dated 29 April 1612 and the inventory was dated 11 February 1613-4. The name of his wife is not known and since she was not mentioned in his will, probably died before he. In his will he bequeathed 6s, 8d to each of the seven children of his deceased son Richard and Ulalia Marche was one of them. Joane Marche, widow of his son Richard was named executrix.

### RICHARD MARCHE

RICHARD MARCHE #42, son of William Marche died before 29 April 1612. His wife was JOANE #43 and she died between 21 May 1616, the date of her will, and 10 June 1616, when the inventory was taken. She was probably either the sister or sister-in-law of Henry Martyn since her spinster daughter Elizabeth, in a will proved 14 May 1619, called Henry Martyn her uncle. A Rev. Henry Martyn was vicar of Rattery, Devon County and his will was dated after Elizabeth Marche's death. In her will Joane Marche mentioned Ulalia and bequeathed her 50s, the same as to the other daughters. ULALIA #44, daughter of Richard and Joane Marche married HENRY BURT #35, on 23 December 1619. She died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 29 August 1690.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 86, p77-84, 216-220, 247-252.

## GRAVES ANCESTRY

### THOMAS GRAVES

THOMAS GRAVES #45 was born in England before 1585 and came to America with his wife SARAH #46 and five children before 1645. He died at Hadley, Massachusetts, in November 1662. The family is first recorded in America at Hartford, Connecticut in 1645 where there is a record of his owning three pieces of real estate. The father and sons were active in political and religious affairs and it was due to this latter interest that Thomas Graves and his sons John and Isaac with their families moved to Hadley, Massachusetts. The religious convictions were strong among the members of the Hartford settlement and due to differences a group decided to migrate to Hadley, Massachusetts, which they did in September 1661. The journey of about fifty miles took about ten days with their carts loaded with household effects drawn by oxen. They took their domestic animals with them. The land and houses at Hartford and Wethersfield were left behind unsold and presumably cared for by a son Nathaniel who remained at Hartford.

A little over a year after settling in Hadley, Thomas Graves died having lived there with Isaac his son. His wife Sarah died on 17 December 1666. These Graves settled on the west side of the Connecticut River originally part of the Hadley settlement. On 22 December 1669 an agreement between the west and east sides ended a long discussion and finally on 31 May 1670 the west side was incorporated as Hatfield.

### JOHN GRAVES

JOHN GRAVES #47, son of Thomas and Sarah Graves was born in England and came to America with his parents and resided at Wethersfield, Connecticut, and Hadley, Massachusetts. He was made a freeman at Wethersfield on 18 May 1654 and in 1652 had lands granted him described as those "whereon his house standeth". He was employed in 1655 and again in 1659 to run the boundary line between Middletown and Wethersfield. He moved to Hadley, Massachusetts in September 1661 with his father and brother Isaac and their families and settled there.

In the fall of 1675 after the Bloody Brook Massacre the people of Hatfield, as the west side Hadley settlement was called after 1670, to better protect themselves built a stockade which enclosed most of the village. The houses of John Graves and his brother were within it. On 19 September 1677 while building a home for his son John about half a mile outside the stockade he and his brother Isaac were both killed by the Indians. There were ten others killed and seventeen made prisoners during this Indian attack. Of the prisoners all but one were women and children.

John Graves married twice. His first wife MARY SMITH #52 was born about 1631, died on 16 December 1668 and was the daughter of Lieut. Samuel and Elizabeth Smith. See #50 for her descent from Samuel Smith. Of the nine children of John and Mary Graves there were daughters MARY #48, and SARAH #49. Mary was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, about 1654, died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 21 May 1727 and married SAMUEL BALL #31 on 15 January 1671 at Hatfield, Massachusetts. Sarah was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, about 1659, died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 12 June 1700 and married EDWARD STEBBINS #60

at Springfield on 12 April 1679. John Graves second wife was Mary (Bronson) Wyatt widow of John Wyatt who he married probably on 20 July 1671. They had one child.

Sources: Graves Genealogy from Thomas Graves of Hatfield by Cemont Graves, 1911.

History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon.

Genealogy of the Graves Family in America by J.C.Graves 1896.

## SMITH ANCESTRY

### SAMUEL SMITH

LIEUT. SAMUEL SMITH #50 was born in England about 1602, and died in America about 1680. In England he married ELIZABETH #51, who was born about 1602 and died on 16 March 1686. They sailed from Ipswich, England in the ship Elizabeth on 30 April 1634, with four children, settled a bit later at Wethersfield, Connecticut and were in Hadley, Massachusetts in 1659. Lieut. Samuel Smith was one of the 59 men who on 18 April 1659 at Hartford, Connecticut signed an agreement to move and settle Hadley. WILLIAM GULL #316, NATHANIEL DICKINSON #127, and THOMAS GRAVES #45 were also in this group while JOSEPH BALDWIN #120 moved to Hadley shortly afterwards. Information in this book as to the settling of Hadley is under all the foregoing names.

Lieut. Samuel Smith was a man of considerable influence at Hadley and was townsman, afterward called selectman, in 1660, 1668 and on four additional occasions. On 31 December 1660 he was chosen town measurer. He was present at the first recorded town meeting held 8 October 1660 at the house of Andrew Warner. He was one of a new committee chosen on 27 August 1663 to build the first meeting house. The progress must have been slow for it appears not to have been completed until just prior to January 1670. Lieut. Samuel Smith was on the first school committee chosen in 1669. In May 1678 he requested to be released from military duty, being then nearly 80 years old. MARY #52, the daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth, who was born about 1631, died on 16 December 1668, and married JOHN GRAVES #47. Another daughter ELIZABETH #53, who was born about 1627, married Nathaniel Foote of Wethersfield, Connecticut about 1646. He was born about 1620 and died about 1655. She then married WILLIAM GULL #316.

Sources: History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
History of Hadley, Mass., by Sylvester Judd, 1863.

## STEBBINS ANCESTRY

### ROWLAND STEBBINS

ROWLAND STEBBINS #54 was born in England, probably at Brocking, Essex County, where he was baptized on 5 November 1592 and died at Northampton, Massachusetts on 14 December 1671. In England at Brocking on 30 November 1618 he married SARAH WHITING #55, who was born there in 1591 and was buried in Springfield on 4 October 1649. It is said his father was Sir Thomas Stebbing of Yorkshire, England. Rowland and his wife and four children left Ipswich, England in the ship Francis in April 1634, settled first in Roxbury, Massachusetts, and later in 1639 moved to Springfield, Massachusetts. His first land grant there was on 24 December 1640 in the second division of land when he received lot 5 which was 10 rods wide. Later he received additional land there and across the river at Agawam.

In January 1645 an agreement was made with a John Matthews to beat a drum at ten o'clock on lecture days and 9 o'clock on Sundays between the Reverend Moxon's house and Rowland Stebbins house which were about half a mile apart. On 7 November 1648 he signed up with others to build a cart way over the meadow and the town agreed that any who used it and did not help build it must pay toll to those who did build it. In a list of the inhabitants of Springfield in February 1664 his name appeared and sometime thereafter he moved to Northampton, probably to make his home with his son John. His will was dated 1 March 1669-70. The location of his interment at Northampton is known. Of their children there were sons, THOMAS #56 and JOHN #66.

### THOMAS STEBBINS

THOMAS STEBBINS #56, son of Rowland and Sarah Stebbins was born in England about 1620 and died in Springfield, Massachusetts, on 15 September 1683. In November 1645 he married, for his first wife, HANNAH #57, who died at Springfield, Massachusetts, on 16 October 1660. Thomas Stebbins's second wife was Abigail (Burt) Munn, the widow of Francis Ball and Benjamin Munn and they had no children. Thomas came to America with his father in 1634 and resided first at Roxbury, Massachusetts, and moved to Springfield, Massachusetts in 1639. As early as 24 December 1640 his name appeared on a list of those granted land. On 10 January 1644-5 the town took part of his lot for the site of the first meeting house and in February of the same year the town took another piece of one and a half acres on the river bank for a burying ground and training field. The town gave him twice the acres elsewhere. In 1646 he was taxed on 34 acres and later granted land at various times.

By 1652 he had become a tailor as his account, opened that year with John Pynchon, indicated he purchased cloth and thread and received credit on the account books for the finished products; such as coats, caps and stockings. He was paid one shilling a day for "Tayloring", but received two shillings a day for harvesting work. Thomas Stebbins was a selectman in 1652, 1653 and 1655. His name appeared many times in the town records and at a town meeting in 1668 he was called Sergeant. He was in the Turner's Falls fight with the Indians 19 May 1676 and hence entitled to a share of land granted those who were in the fight. Shortly thereafter his name appeared in the records as Lieut. Stebbins so possibly he received the promotion as a result of the Turner's Falls

fight. He left no will so his estate was settled by agreement among the heirs. Of the children of Thomas and Hannah Stebbins there were sons, SAMUEL #58, EDWARD #60, and JOSEPH #64.

#### SAMUEL STEBBINS

SAMUEL STEBBINS #58, son of Thomas and Hannah Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 19 September 1646 and died there on 13 July 1708. On 22 July 1679 he married for his first wife Joanna Lamb and on 10 December 1685 at Springfield he married ABIGAIL BROOKS #77 for his second wife. She was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 25 January 1665-6 and died on 13 March 1754. See #76 for her descent from William Brooks.

The first mention of Samuel Stebbins in the Springfield records was in 1657 when he was assigned a seat in the gallery of the meeting house. On 8 December 1664 he received a grant of 30 acres from Springfield and later other grants. In February 1673 he was chosen fence viewer. On 4 February 1700-1 he was one of the signers of the petition, to settle a new town which, when settled sometime afterward, was Brimfield. The inventory of his estate was dated 17 August 1708. ABIGAIL #59, the daughter of Samuel and Abigail Stebbins, was born on 30 November 1695, died after 7 October 1777, and married JOHN HITCHCOCK #5 on 1 August 1717.

#### EDWARD STEBBINS

EDWARD STEBBINS #60, son of Thomas and Hannah Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 14 April 1656 and died there on 31 October 1712. On 12 April 1679 at Springfield he married for his first wife SARAH GRAVES #49, who was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, about 1659, and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 12 June 1700. She was the daughter of John and Mary Graves. See #45 for her descent from Thomas Graves. Edward Stebbins's second wife was Mary (Cooper) Colton widow of Isaac Colton. When twenty years old in the spring of 1676 Edward Stebbins was captured by the Indians at Longmeadow and taken above Deerfield where, with another youth named Gilbert, he escaped. On 21 October 1681 the town meeting authorized the selectmen to determine on what terms the house of Edward Stebbins could be purchased for a school house. He was a selectman in 1695 and during five other years. On 11 March 1706-7 he was granted ten acres of land on the north side of the Chicopee River.

#### THOMAS STEBBINS

THOMAS STEBBINS #61, son of Edward and Sarah Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 7 March 1687 and died there on 4 December 1758. On 1 March 1711 he married MARY ELY #106, who was born at West Springfield, Massachusetts on 25 February 1689, died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 9 April 1770. She was the daughter of Joseph Ely and Mary Riley. See #98 for her descent from Nathaniel Ely. Thomas Stebbins held several town offices, being constable in 1711 and 1717. At a town

meeting on 22 November 1717 there was "granted to Thomas Stebbins Two shillins and six pence for his makeing a Constabels Stafe". At a town meeting on 8 November 1728 he was allowed six shillings for making an alphabet for the Book of Records and 3 pounds for draining the town meadows. In August 1731 he was appointed on a committee with William Pynchon Jr. and Joseph Wilistone to make up the town accounts with the town treasurer. His will was dated 6 November 1758.

#### CALEB STEBBINS

CALEB STEBBINS #62, son of Thomas and Mary Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 1 April 1712 and died at Wilbraham, Massachusetts on 22 February 1796. On 23 November 1732 at Wilbraham he married ELIZABETH WARRINER #114, who was born at Springfield on 16 June 1713 and died there on 29 April 1805. She was the daughter of Ebenezer Warriner and Joanna Dickinson. See #110 for her descent from William Warriner. About 1739 Caleb Stebbins went to Wilbraham, Massachusetts, now adjacent to Springfield, but then a part of that town. In 1741 he owned a farm there which remained in the Stebbins family until 1875. At a town meeting on 6 April 1764 he and Joseph Miller were granted four acres of land near a brook provided they built a grist mill and maintained it in good repair for 15 years. The grist mill was built and later a saw mill added. A school was held in his cellar for a time. His will was signed 17 March 1785.

#### CALEB STEBBINS

CALEB STEBBINS #63, son of Caleb and Elizabeth Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 8 January 1742 and died at Wilbraham, Massachusetts on 28 March 1787. On 13 March 1765 at South Wilbraham he married MEHITABLE CHAPIN #29, who was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 4 September 1746 and died at Wilbraham, Massachusetts on 28 February 1808. She was the daughter of Josiah Chapin and Mindwell Holton. See #18 for her descent from Roger Chapin. Caleb Stebbins was a farmer, a whig in politics and a Presbyterian. LOIS #64, a daughter of Caleb and Mehitable Stebbins, born at Wilbraham, Massachusetts on 19 August 1772 married HEBER HITCHCOCK #7 on 23 December 1794.

#### JOSEPH STEBBINS

JOSEPH STEBBINS #64, son of Thomas and Hannah Stebbins was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 18 May 1650 and died there on 15 October 1728. On 27 November 1673 he married SARAH DORCHESTER #144, who was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 16 October 1653 and died there on 18 August 1746. See #142 for her descent from Anthony Dorchester. Joseph Stebbins received a grant of land from the town on 26 February 1673 and additional grants later. He held various town offices such as constable in 1681 and selectman in 1693 and nine other years. He was town treasurer in 1694, 1695 and 1696. The records indicate he was an Ensign as early as February 1694 and one of his commissions as

Ensign was dated 5 August 1696 and signed by William Stoughton, the Lt. Governor at Boston. It states in part "\_\_\_\_\_ appoint you to be Ensign of a Foot Company of Militia in the Town of Springfield within the County of Hampshire whereof Thomas Coulton Gent is Captaine \_\_\_\_\_". He was a Representative to the General Court in 1698, 1701, 1717 and 1721. On 28 March 1716 he was the moderator at the town meeting at Springfield and this was the first time anyone not of the Pynchon family had been so chosen at Springfield. He was also recorded as a Lieutenant at that time. He was moderator at seven other town meetings in the next few years. On 2 January 1727-8 he was granted permission by the town to erect a barn for his horses near the meeting house. His will was dated 22 March 1720 and presented 31 October 1728. SARAH #65, a daughter of Joseph and Sarah Stebbins, who was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 8 June 1688, died there on 6 February 1726, and married DAVID CHAPIN #27 on 21 November 1705.

### JOHN STEBBINS

JOHN STEBBINS #66, son of Rowland and Sarah Stebbins was born in England in 1626 and died at Northampton, Massachusetts on 7 March 1678. On 14 March 1646 at Springfield, Massachusetts, he married, for his first wife, ANNE MUNSON #67, widow of Abraham Munden. She died at Springfield in 1656. John Stebbins' second wife was Abigail Bartlett. He came to America with his father in 1634 and lived first at Roxbury, Massachusetts with his parents. ~~Since John Stebbins signed the agreement of 31 August 1645 at Roxbury to establish a school there and was a donor in the amount of two shillings it appears he was still there then. An old lease mentioned four acres of land lately belonging to John Stebbins and since his name did not appear thereafter as liable for rent for the school he must have disposed of his land there either by sale or deed to the school.~~ The first Springfield record of him is in 1646 when he was taxed with others for his share of thirty pounds due Pynchon for purchasing land from the Indians. On 21 February 1649 he was granted land. In 1656 he moved to Northampton, Massachusetts, and lived at the end of "Pudding Lane". He owned a sawmill there.

On 29 March 1659 he and others appeared at court with grievances against the town of Northampton because the town had turned out of office some selectmen. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668-9 wherein the inhabitants of Northampton protested certain impost duties. He was selectman in 1675 and in 1678. In 1672-3 he contributed wheat and flax to Harvard College to the value of ten shillings. He was killed in an accident at his saw mill, but some towns people suspected witch craft. The inventory of his estate was presented at Northampton on 25 March 1679 and was in great detail and included a list of those owing him money as well as accounts he owed. Names of men as far away as Hartford are listed indicating his saw mill business was extensive.

### JOHN STEBBINS

JOHN STEBBINS #68, son of John and Anne Stebbins was born at Springfield on 28 January 1647 and died at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 19 December 1724. About 1683 at Boston, Massachusetts, he married

DOROTHY ALEXANDER #69, born in 1660, who resided at Newton, Massachusetts in 1733. She was the daughter of JOHN ALEXANDER #70 and his wife BEATRICE #71, who resided at Newton, Massachusetts. John Alexander, who died in 1696, was the son of JOHN ALEXANDER #72 and his wife who came from Scotland before 1640 and settled at Windsor, Connecticut.

John Stebbins was a soldier under Capt. Lathrop and the only man known to have escaped unhurt from Bloody Brook Massacre on 18 September 1675 at Deerfield, Massachusetts. The second day thereafter he enlisted for further service with Captain Samuel Moseley. His name appeared in the Springfield records when at the age of eight he was reprimanded for calling his father names.

When 20 years old John Stebbins and his brother Benoni plotted to run away to Canada because of the tall tales told them by a friendly Indian. The plot was discovered in time and the boys punished. Three years later in 1670 he was granted land at Deerfield, Massachusetts, drawn by lot and his lot number was 36. Later he drew lot 13. His name appeared in the Deerfield town records thereafter. His second child Abigail when 19 years old married a Frenchman, Jacques Desnoions, much older than herself, who came to Deerfield from Canada presumably to settle there.

On 29 February 1703-4 when Deerfield was burned, he with his wife and five children were captured and taken to Canada and their house burned. It is likely that Jacques Desnoions may have saved the John Stebbins family from being killed that night and in any case neither Jacques Desnoions nor his wife Abigail were considered prisoners on arrival in Canada. He may have influenced the early release of John Stebbins, his wife and son John for they did return to Deerfield soon after arriving in Canada, but Abigail remained there with her husband. In his will dated 31 July 1723 John Stebbins mentioned his five children in Canada and provided land for them at Deerfield provided they would return from Canada. Only a son Samuel did so, the others remaining in Canada and most of them, if not all, marrying there. Some even changed their names. Abigail did visit her mother in Deerfield after her father's death, but returned to Canada.

### JOHN STEBBINS

JOHN STEBBINS #73, son of John and Dorothy Stebbins was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts, about 1686-7 and died there on 7 September 1760. About 1714 he married MARY #74, who was born about 1696 and died at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 30 August 1733. The names of her parents are not known. Their daughter EXPERIENCE #75, who was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts, on 31 October 1727, married ENOCH BARDWELL #313 on 5 December 1745. John Stebbins was taken captive by the Indians at the time of the Deerfield Massacre in 1703-4, but afterwards returned to Deerfield. His name appears in the Deerfield town records and on 11 December 1728 we find he loaned the town five pounds. He shared in a division of land in 1743.

Sources: The Stebbins Genealogy by Ralph and Robert Greenlee, 1904  
A Genealogy of the Family of Mr. Samuel Stebbins and  
Mrs. Hannah Stebbins, 1879.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
History of Roxbury by Charles M. Ellis, 1847.



Register of deaths in Northampton in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.3,p176.  
Springfield, Mass.,vital records in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.18,p85.  
Early records of Boston (Springfield) in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9,p171.  
Springfield Families by T.B.Warren,1935. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass.

## BROOKS ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM BROOKS

WILLIAM BROOKS #76 was born in England in 1610 and died at Deerfield,Massachusetts on 30 December 1688. On 18 October 1654 he married MARY BURT #37, who was baptized at Harberton, England on 13 April 1635 and died at Deerfield on 30 August 1689. See #33 for her descent from Henry Burt. William Brooks went from London, England to Virginia in 1635 and appeared in Springfield, Massachusetts by 1653 and was at Deerfield, Massachusetts by 1686. On the first list, dated 23 December 1659, giving the seating arrangement at the church in Springfield he was assigned the 7th row. On the next list, dated 23 February 1662-3, after a gallery had been added to the church he was still assigned to the 7th row.

At a Springfield town meeting on 1 January 1671 William Brooks was granted land and received several other grants of land later. On 2 July 1664 he sold land at Springfield to William Hunter and sold other land in February 1666 to others retaining only 40 acres.These 40 acres he gave his son-in-law Jonathan Taylor. The above sales and transfers were registred in the records on 2 December 1686. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein the inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. William and Mary Brooks had a daughter ABIGAIL #77, who was born at Springfield on 25 January 1665-6, died there on 13 March 1754 and on 10 December 1685 married SAMUEL STEBBINS #58.

Sources: The Stebbins Genealogy by Ralph and Robert Greenlee,1904  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
Life and Times of Henry Burt of Springfield by H.M.Burt, 1893.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9 p87;vol.18,p147;vol.72,p142.

## COLTON ANCESTRY

### GEORGE COLTON

GEORGE COLTON #78 was born in England and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 17 December 1699. About 1644 he married DEBORAH GARDNER #79 of Hartford, Connecticut, who died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 5 September 1689. George Colton came to America, according to tradition, from Sutton Coldfield, Warwick County, England and was in Springfield in 1644. His second wife was widow Lydia Lamb daughter of Deacon Samuel Wright, who he married on 1 March 1692. There is uncertainty as to the family name of his first wife Deborah Gardner since some believe it to be Deborah Goodner.

George Colton became a freeman in 1669-71 and in 1677 was a representative at the General Court of Massachusetts. He was one of the commissioners appointed in 1670 to lay out lots at Suffield. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. On 20 March 1672 he with others was appointed to establish the boundaries of Suffield. In 1722 50 acres of land at Suffield were granted to the heirs of George Colton in recognition of his public services.

### JOHN COLTON

JOHN COLTON #80, son of George and Deborah Colton was born at Longmeadow, Massachusetts on 8 April 1659 and died on 3 February 1727. In 1684 he married Abigail Parsons for his first wife. She died in 1689. On 2 September 1690 he married for his second wife, JOANNA WOLCOTT #94 of Windsor, who was born on 30 June 1668, and died 10 January 1755. She was the daughter of Simon Wolcott and Martha Pitkin. See #82 for her descent from Henry Wolcott. MARTHA #81, a daughter of John and Joanna Colton, who was born at Longmeadow, Massachusetts on 4 January 1694, died on 10 May 1754, and married LUKE HITCHCOCK #14 on 26 January 1720-1.

Sources: Genealogy of Quartermaster George Colton by G.W.Colton, 1912.  
Centennial Celebration of Longmeadow, Mass., 17 October 1883.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9, p87.

## WOLCOTT ANCESTRY

### HENRY WOLCOTT

HENRY WOLCOTT #82 was baptized at the parish Lidiard St. Lawrence near Tolland, England on 6 December 1578 and died in America on 30 May 1655. On 19 January 1606 in England he married ELIZABETH SAUNDERS #83, who was baptized on 20 December 1584 and died on 7 July 1655. She was the daughter of THOMAS SAUNDERS #84. In her will dated 5 July 1655 and proved 4 October 1655 she mentioned sons George, Simon, Christopher and daughters Anne and Mary Allyn.

Henry Wolcott, and it is believed accompanied by his wife, came to America on the ship Mary and John in 1630 and with them came three sons; Henry, George and Christopher. Other children were left behind in England, some of whom came later. It appears he disposed of his lands in England before coming to this country, but later acquired Galdon Manor in England upon the death of his elder brother Christopher, which he deeded to his eldest living son Henry in 1642. He was a man of some education and had a position among the gentry and a fair income.

Henry Wolcott was on the first list of freemen issued at Boston on 19 October 1630. On 3 April 1632 at Dorchester, Massachusetts, a list was drawn up of those to build a fence around a certain meadow and he was to build 60 feet of fence or 20 feet for each cow he owned. On 3 November 1633 he was one of those appointed to set the rates for building and maintaining fences. On 28 October 1634 he was one of ten appointed to manage the town affairs for a year.

He was one of the original settlers of Dorchester, Massachusetts, and in 1636-7 moved to Windsor, Connecticut, being one of the five men to originate the settlement. From 1643 for the rest of his life he was a member of the house of magistrates of the Connecticut Colony. In 1640 it appears he visited England possibly in connection with Galdon Manor. In 1640 with Thomas Marshfield and Samuel Wakeman he chartered the ships Charles and Hopewell for a voyage to New England and the ships sailed from Bristol, England 18 June 1640. They borrowed sums of money from Nathaniel Patten a passenger on the Charles, which after arrival in this country, resulted in court action as Nathaniel Patten attempted to recover. The court action on 14 October 1642 came up in Connecticut since Henry Wolcott and Thomas Marshfield were residents there. Henry Wolcott's will was signed the day of his death.

Henry Wolcott was the son of JOHN WOLCOTT #85 and his wife JOAN #86. John Wolcott's will dated 10 November 1623 mentioned his son Henry. John Wolcott was the son of JOHN WOLCOTT #87 and his wife AGNES #88 of Tolland, Somerset County, England. This John Wolcott's will dated 9 February 1571 and proved on 11 April 1572 mentioned his son John and wife Agnes.

### SIMON WOLCOTT

SIMON WOLCOTT #89, youngest son of Henry and Elizabeth Wolcott was born in England between 11 September 1624 and the same date in 1625 and died 11 September 1687. On 17 October 1661 he married for his second wife MARTHA PITKIN #90, who was born in 1638 and died on 13 October 1719. She came to America in 1661. Martha Pitkin was the sister of

William Pitkin, who came to Hartford, Connecticut, in 1659, and Roger Pitkin of England. Martha came in 1661 to visit her brother William expecting to return to England with him, but remained. She was baptized in Berkhamsted, Herts County on 12 December 1639. Her father was WILLIAM PITKIN #91, an Oxford graduate and master of the famous school at Berkhamsted originally founded by Henry VIII and later known as the Free School of King Edward VI. He probably died before 1648 and was buried at St. Dunsten's, Fleet St., London. Martha Pitkin's mother was ELIZABETH #92 and according to the parish records was buried 28 December 1641.

Martha Pitkin's grandfather was WILLIAM PITKIN #93 of Berkhamsted whose will dated 12 June 1644 mentioned grandchild Martha. The inventory of his estate was taken 14 March 1644-5. He was a burgess of Herts County in 1619. It is possible this William Pitkin was the son of Robert Pitkin of Irvinghoe, Bucks County as his will of 27 February 1579 mentioned two sons; one William the elder and the other William the younger.

Simon Wolcott came to America after his parents were settled here and certainly between 1631 and 1641. In 1654 he was a freeman. He moved to Simsbury, Connecticut, where in 1673 he was Captain of a trainband. In 1674 he was a selectman. In 1680 he was granted 200 acres of land in and moved to South Windsor. Simon Wolcott's first wife was Joanna Cook and she died a few weeks after their marriage. JOANNA #94, daughter of Simon and Martha Wolcott, was born on 30 June 1668, died 10 January 1755, and married JOHN COLTON #80 on 2 September 1690.

#### HENRY WOLCOTT

HENRY WOLCOTT #95, son of Simon and Martha Wolcott was born on 20 May 1670 and died on 17 November 1747. On 1 April 1696 he married for his first wife JANE ALLYN #195 of Windsor, who was born on 22 July 1670, and died on 11 April 1702. She was the daughter of Thomas and Abigail Allyn. See #190 for her descent from Matthew Allyn. Henry Wolcott's second wife was Rachel Talcott. Henry Wolcott was one of the original proprietors of Tolland and Willington, Connecticut. His will was dated 14 November 1740 and the inventory of the estate taken 1 January 1747-8. In the will he gave one third of his 400 acre farm at Tolland to his four granddaughters who were daughters of his son Thomas. ~~His son Thomas was mentioned as late deceased.~~ In the distribution of the estate filed 2 May 1754 the four granddaughters are listed as Miriam, Jane Catherine wife of Ellis Russell, Redexalena and Rachel.

#### THOMAS WOLCOTT

THOMAS WOLCOTT #96, son of Henry and Jane Wolcott was born on 1 April 1702. ~~and died after 21 March 1738 and before 14 November 1740.~~ On 12 August 1725 he married CATHERINE LOOMIS #209, who was born on 19 December 1702, and died on 8 March 1738. She was the daughter of Moses and Joanna Loomis. See #196 for her descent from Joseph Loomis. Thomas

Wolcott resided in Tolland for many years being one of the first settlers there. JANE CATHERINE WOLCOTT #97, daughter of Thomas and Jane <sup>Catherine</sup> Wolcott was born on 22 February 1733 and married ELLIS RUSSELL #186 on 14 November 1751.

Sources: Memorial of Henry Wolcott by Samuel Wolcott, 1881.  
Pitkin Family of America by A.P.Pitkin, 1887.  
The Family of Henry Wolcott of Windsor, Conn., by Chandler Wolcott, 1912.  
British and American Family of Wolcott by J.C.Jackson, 1912.  
Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W.Ferris, 1931.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.21, p166, 269, 276; vol.66, p160; vol.87, p270.  
Vital records of Tolland, Conn.  
Fourth Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass.  
Digest of the Hartford Probate District Records by Manwarring, vol.1, p166; vol.3, p~~678~~  
689.





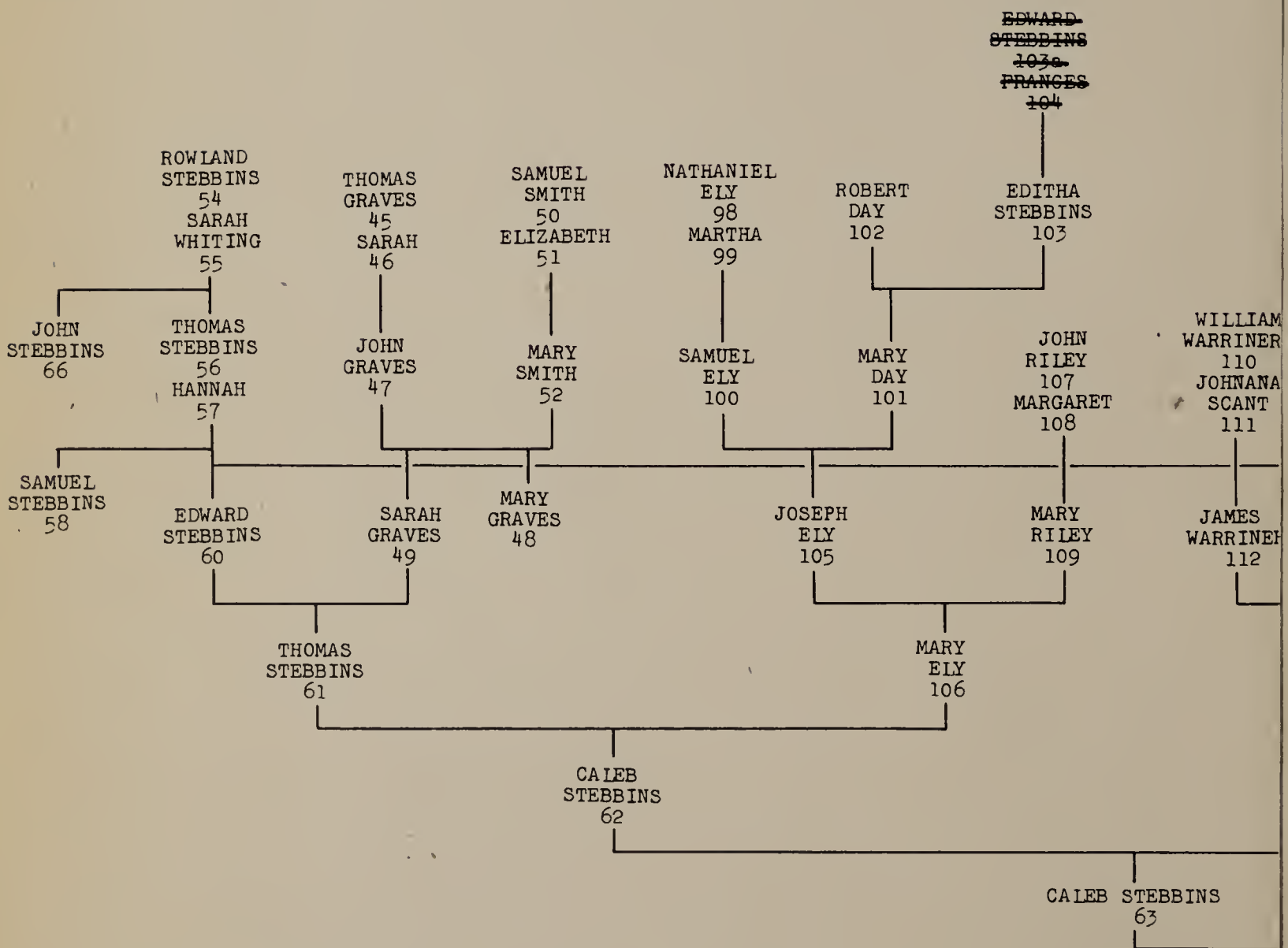


CHART 2



## ELY ANCESTRY

### NATHANIEL ELY

NATHANIEL ELY #98 was born in England about 1605 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 25 December 1675. He was first heard of in America when he took the Freeman's Oath at Cambridge, Massachusetts on 6 May 1635.

Nathaniel Ely first settled at Cambridge and later moved to Hartford where his name appeared on the records in 1639 as constable. The old records contain a description of his lot there "abutting on the highway leading from the Centinell Hill to the North Meadow". There are descriptions of nine other pieces of land owned by him. He was selectman in 1643 and 1649. His name is on the monument in Hartford to the first settlers. In 1649 with Richard Olmsted he petitioned the General Court for permission to settle in what is now Norwalk, Connecticut. It is uncertain when Nathaniel Ely moved there, but in 1654 he was elected constable there. At Norwalk he was a selectman in 1656 and representative to the General Court in 1657. His estate was rated third in value in 1655.

In 1659 he sold his lands in Norwalk to Thomas Betts and moved to Springfield, Massachusetts, and lived there the rest of his life. He was selectman there for several years. On 1 February 1664-5 he, with Rowland Thomas, reported on a route for a road from Springfield to Chicopee which report the selectmen approved on 5 February 1664-5. Beginning in 1665 he kept the tavern and was so licensed by the County Court on 26 September 1665. The license was renewed each year until his death in 1675. This old Ely tavern stood on Main Street, Springfield until 1845. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein the inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. He left no will and the inventory of the estate was presented at the court at Northampton, Massachusetts, on 29 March 1676. His wife was MARTHA #99, who died on 23 October 1683 at Springfield.

### SAMUEL ELY

SAMUEL ELY #100, son of Nathaniel and Martha Ely died at Springfield, Massachusetts, on 19 March 1692. On 28 October 1659 he married MARY DAY #101, who was born at Hartford on 28 October 1641, and died at Hatfield, Massachusetts, on 17 October 1725. She was the daughter of ROBERT DAY #102 and his wife EDITHA STEBBINS #103. Mary Day married for her second husband, Thomas Stebbins and for her third husband John Coleman and as far as known there were no children by either of these husbands. She was buried in the old burying ground in Hatfield next to her last husband.

Robert Day was born in England in 1604, died at Hartford, Connecticut, in 1648 between May and October. He came to America in 1635 from Stanstead Abbot Parish, Hertford County, England. It has so far been impossible to trace his line further back in England. He settled first in Cambridge. In 1639 he was at Hartford, Connecticut, and is considered

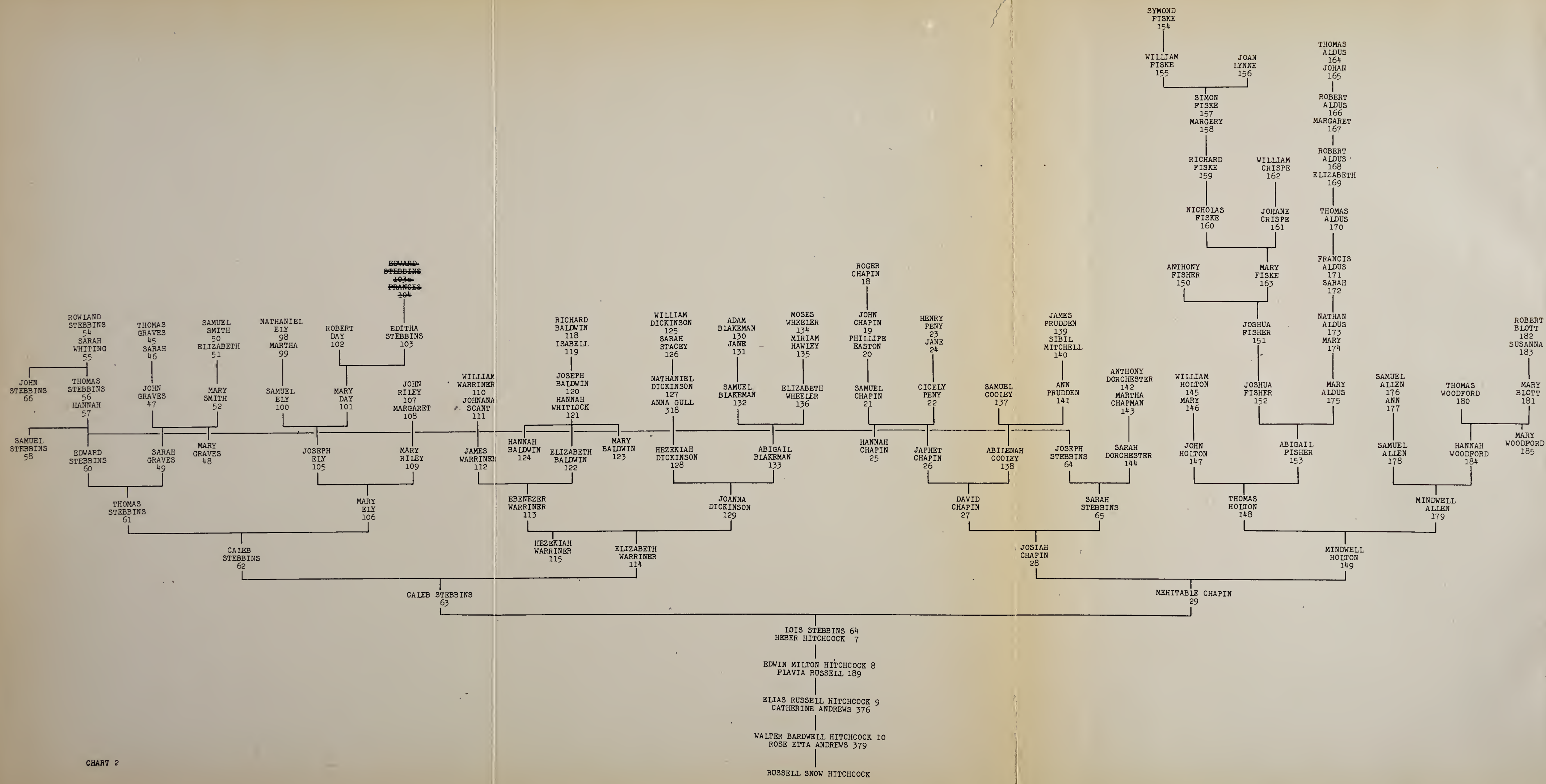


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to have been one of the first settlers there and probably was in the party of the Reverend Hooker who went there in 1636. At Hartford he married Editha Stebbins, sister of Deacon Edward Stebbins. After the death of Robert Day his widow married first, John Maynard of Hartford and later in 1658 Elizur Holyoke of Springfield. She died on 24 October 1688. Robert Day made his will on 20 May 1648 and the inventory was dated 14 October 1648.

Deacon Edward Stebbins was born in England and died in 1668 at Hartford, Connecticut. His will, dated 24 August 1663, referred to four children of sister Holyoke and to brother Elizur Holyoke. The inventory was dated 19 August 1668. The will of his wife Frances was dated 20 May 1670, and in the codicil dated 12 November 1673 mentioned Mary Day. With his wife Frances he came from Woodham, Mortimer Parish, Essex, England. He became a freeman at Cambridge, Massachusetts in 1634 along with Reverend Thomas Hooker and others. It is not known whether he was related to ROWLAND STEBBINS #54. Samuel Ely was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties.

#### JOSEPH ELY

JOSEPH ELY #105, son of Samuel and Mary Ely was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 20 August 1663 and died at West Springfield on 29 April 1755. His wife MARY RILEY #109 was born on 2 June 1665 and died on 19 May 1736. They were married on 2 June 1685. See #107 for her descent from John Riley. Joseph Ely's will was dated 14 April 1738 and mentioned his children. The inventory was dated 10 June 1755. MARY #106, a daughter of Joseph and Mary Ely was born at West Springfield on 25 February 1689, died at Springfield on 9 April 1770 and married THOMAS STEBBINS #61 on 1 March 1711.

Sources: Centennial Celebration of Longmeadow, Mass., 17 October 1883.

Descendants of Nathaniel Ely of Cambridge, Mass., by Herman Ely, 1885.

Genealogical Register of the Family of Robert Day by George E. Day, 1913.

Alfred Day. Some notes on his ancestry, 1930.

The Stebbins Genealogy by R.S. and R.L. Greenlee, 1904.

Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren, 1935. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9, p87.

Digest of the Hartford Probate District by Manwaring, vol. 1, p6, p237-8.

History of Springfield, Mass., by H.M. Burt, 1898.

Topographical Dictionary of New England by Charles E. Banks, 1937.

## RILEY ANCESTRY

### JOHN RILEY

JOHN RILEY #107 first appeared in Springfield, Massachusetts, with his wife MARGARET #108. He died on 24 October 1684 and she on 24 August 1689. He was an admitted inhabitant of Springfield, Massachusetts, and on the church list of 23 December 1659 he was assigned to the 9th row. On the church list of 23 February 1662-3 he was assigned to the 8th row. Their daughter MARY #109 was born on 2 June 1665, died on 19 May 1736, and married JOSEPH ELY #105.

Sources: Life and Times of Henry Burt by H.M. and S.W. Burt, 1893.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.  
Springfield Records in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 18, pl. 47.

## WARRINER ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM WARRINER

WILLIAM WARRINER #110 was born in England or Wales and died in Springfield, Massachusetts on 2 June 1672. In 1639 he married JOHNNANA SCANT #111, who died 7 February 1660. His next wife was Elizabeth Gibbons Hitchcock, widow of LUKE HITCHCOCK #1, and they were married on 2 October 1661. William Warriner first appeared in Springfield, Massachusetts in 1638. Investigations have been made in England which state that a William Warriner was mentioned several times in the Canterbury Cathedral register and had children christened there from 1601 to 1614. Alice wife of Mr. Warriner was buried there in 1619. The name of William Warriner does not appear in the church thereafter. A family tradition was that Warriner was a Welsh name. There is nothing conclusive about his ancestry before he appeared in Springfield.

In 1642 at the second division of land at Springfield he was listed as a married man and given a lot ten rods wide. Various other lots of land were granted him. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. He left no will, but his children and widow presented at court on 26 September 1676 an agreement as to the division of the estate. The inventory included books of some value indicating he was a man of education.

### JAMES WARRINER

JAMES WARRINER #112, son of William and Johnana Warriner was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 21 January 1640-1 and died there on 14 May 1727. On 31 March 1664 he married in Springfield, Massachusetts, ELIZABETH BALDWIN #122, who was baptized in March 1645 and died on 24 April 1687. She was the daughter of Joseph Baldwin and Hannah Whitlock. See #118 for her descent from Richard Baldwin. James Warriner's second wife was Sarah Alvord, daughter of Alexander Alvord, who he married on 10 July 1689. She died on 16 May 1704 at the age of 44 and his third wife was Mary, widow of Benjamin Stebbins. William Warriner was widow Stebbins' third husband. He was a soldier in King Philip's War and a deacon in the church of Springfield. A recorded deed states he sold land in March 1669-70 to John Pynchon. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein certain inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties.

### EBENEZER WARRINER

EBENEZER WARRINER #113, the eighth child of James and Elizabeth Warriner was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 4 March 1682 and died there on 5 February 1737. On 8 January 1700-1 he married in Springfield, JOHNNANA DICKINSON #129, who was born on 2 February 1684. Their marriage intentions were posted on 21 December 1700. See #125 for her descent from William Dickinson. Ebenezer Warriner signed several petitions and in one, with 22 others, he protested concerning Mr. Breck, the pastor, in that he was not an orthodox minister. His will was dated

21 January 1736 and mentioned his wife and children. His son Hezekiah was given land on the west side of the Connecticut River. His widow married Benjamin Chapin of Springfield. ELIZABETH #114, a daughter of Ebenezer and Johnana Warriner, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 16 June 1713, died there on 29 April 1805, and married CALEB STEBBINS #62 on 23 November 1732 at Wilbraham, Massachusetts.

#### HEZEKIAH WARRINER

HEZEKIAH WARRINER #115, the tenth child of Ebenezer and Johnana Warriner was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 13 October 1724 and died there on 5 July 1785. On 11 June 1747 he married at Springfield, MARY HITCHCOCK #17, who was born on 29 July 1723, and died on 24 May 1802 at Agawam, Massachusetts. See #1 for her descent from Luke Hitchcock. Hezekiah Warriner was only 12 or 13 years old when his father died and his mother was appointed his guardian on 29 August 1739. Hezekiah died intestate and his estate was administered by Gad Warriner.

#### HEZEKIAH WARRINER

HEZEKIAH WARRINER #116, the fifth child of Hezekiah and Mary Warriner was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 29 April 1756 and died in Hawley, Massachusetts in 1866. On 4 December 1783 he married at West Springfield, Massachusetts, CATHERINE LEONARD #514, who was born on 30 April 1758, and died before 1811 since Hezekiah Warriner married Elizabeth Cooley Bliss for his second wife in 1811. Their marriage intentions were entered at West Springfield on 9 November 1783 and published 10 November 1783. See #509 for her descent from John Leonard. Hezekiah Warriner was a selectman in Hawley in 1795 and for some years thereafter. CYNTHIA #117, their daughter was born in Agawam on 22 October 1787, died in Conway, Massachusetts in November 1864 and married BENJAMIN ANDREWS #377 in September 1815.

Sources: The Warriner Family of New England by Rev. Edwin Warriner, 1899.

Vital records of Springfield, Mass., in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.18,p82.

Vital records of West Springfield, Mass., in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.29,p151  
vol.30,p195.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9,  
p87.

American Genealogist, vol.13,p64.

## BALDWIN ANCESTRY

### RICHARD BALDWIN

RICHARD BALDWIN #118 was born in England and died there shortly before May 1633. His wife was ISABELL #119.

### JOSEPH BALDWIN

JOSEPH BALDWIN #120, son of Richard and Isabell Baldwin was born in England about 1609 and died at Hadley, Massachusetts on 2 November 1684. He first settled at Milford, Connecticut in 1638 and about 1663 moved to Hadley. He married for his first wife HANNAH WHITLOCK #121 at High Wycomb, Bucks County, England, in November 1636 and she died on 8 December 1676.

Joseph Baldwin was not one of the signers of the 18 April 1659 agreement at Hartford to settle Hadley, Massachusetts, but was one of eleven new Proprietors added before March 1663 and shared in the allocation of land on the east side of the river. His share was 8 acres of home lot and 37 7/8 acres of meadow land, parts of which were in seven meadows. In February 1668-9 he was one of the signers of the petition protesting the imposing of duties by the Massachusetts Bay General Court. Joseph Baldwin joined the church at Milford on 23 June 1644 and his wife Hannah joined on 25 July 1644 at a church meeting.

ELIZABETH #122, MARY #123 and HANNAH #124, were three of the children of Joseph and Hannah Baldwin. Elizabeth was baptized in March 1645, died 24 April 1687, and married JAMES WARRINER #112 on 31 March 1664. Mary was baptized on 23 June 1644, died on 9 April 1704, and married JOHN CATLIN #345 at Wethersfield, Connecticut on 23 September 1662. Hannah was baptized on 23 June 1644 and married JEREMIAH HULL #359 on 6 May 1658. Joseph Baldwin's second wife was widow Isabel Northam previously the widow of Catlin. His third wife was Elizabeth Gibbons (Hitchcock) (Warriner).

Sources: The Baldwin Genealogy by C.C. Baldwin, 1889.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
History of Hadley, Mass., by Sylvester Judd, 1863.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9,  
p89.  
American Genealogist, vol.16, p28, p64.



## DICKINSON ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM DICKINSON

WILLIAM DICKINSON #125 resided at Ely, Cambridge, England and in 1594 married SARAH STACEY #126.

### NATHANIEL DICKINSON

NATHANIEL DICKINSON #127, son of William and Sarah Dickinson was born in England and died at Hadley, Massachusetts on 16 June 1676. At East Bergholat, Suffolk, England in January 1630 he married Mrs. ANNA GULL #318. He resided at Ely, England and then came to America in June 1630, residing at Watertown, Massachusetts, Wethersfield, Connecticut and Hadley, Massachusetts. His three oldest sons were born at Watertown. He was one of the 59 men who signed the agreement dated 18 April 1659 to settle at Hadley, which agreement also included certain rules as to the division of lands, and rules of conduct. He was given a home lot of 8 acres and 50 1/2 acres of meadow land on the east side of the river, parts of which were in seven different meadows. He arrived in Hadley in 1659 probably with the first group from Hartford and Wethersfield or shortly thereafter. On 26 March 1661 he became a freeman before the Commissioners who came up from Springfield.

Nathaniel Dickinson was of considerable influence at Hadley, being selectman in 1660 and the first Town Clerk in 1660. It is interesting to note that the settlers laid out a broad street in Hadley 20 rods wide and that each home lot was 80 rods long. He was present at the first recorded town meeting on 8 October 1660 and in August 1663 served on the new committee to build a meeting house. Upon its completion in 1670 he with Peter Tilton were the first deacons. He was one of the Hadley signers of the petition of 19 February 1668 protesting the impost duties. In 1669 he was on the first school committee. In his will dated 29 May 1676 he mentioned a son William Gull, who was the son of his wife by her first marriage. He did not mention his son Hezekiah.

### HEZEKIAH DICKINSON

HEZEKIAH DICKINSON #128, son of Nathaniel and Anna Dickinson was born on 28 February 1645-6 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 14 June 1707. He resided at Stratford, Connecticut; Hadley, Massachusetts; and Springfield, Massachusetts. On 4 December 1679 at Stratford, Connecticut he married ABIGAIL BLAKEMAN #133 of Stratford, daughter of Samuel Blakeman. She was born on 11 December 1663. See #130 for her descent from Adam Blakeman. JOHNNANA #129, daughter of Hezekiah and Abigail Dickinson, was born on 2 February 1684, and married EBENEZER WARRINER #113 on 8 January 1700-1.

Sources: Descendants of Nathaniel and Anna Gull Dickinson of Wethersfield and Hadley by Frederick Dickinson, 1897.  
Reunion of the Dickinson Family at Amherst, Mass., 1884.  
Genealogies of the Lymans, Dickinsons, Partridges, 1865.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9, p89.  
History of Hadley by Sylvester Judd, 1863.  
History of Deerfield by George Sheldon, 1896.

## BLAKEMAN ANCESTRY

### ADAM BLAKEMAN

ADAM BLAKEMAN #130 was born in 1598 at Staffordshire, England. On 28 May 1617 he entered Christ College, Oxford and after finishing there preached in Leocester and Derby Counties. In 1638 with his wife JANE #131 and six children he came to America and was the minister at Scituate, Massachusetts. In the spring of 1639 he settled at Stratford, Connecticut, being one of the first 17 families to settle there. He died on 7 September 1665 and his wife Jane died in 1674, aged 74 years. He left a will dated 16 March 1664-5. His wife's will was dated 20 September 1671 and the inventory of her estate was dated 23 January 1673-4.

### SAMUEL BLAKEMAN

SAMUEL BLAKEMAN #132, son of Adam and Jane Blakeman was born in England and came to America with his parents. He died at Stratford, Connecticut on 27 November 1668 and the inventory of his estate was presented 12 March 1668-9. In November 1660 he married ELIZABETH WHEELER #136, who was born on 1 August 1642, and the daughter of Moses Wheeler of Stratford. See #134 for more of him. She married for her second husband Jacob Walker on 6 December 1670. ABIGAIL #133, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Blakeman, was born on 11 December 1663, and married HEZEKIAH DICKINSON #128 on 4 December 1679.

Sources: Genealogical and Family History of Conn., by W.R.Cutter 1911, p345, p1897, p2061.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.1, p287; vol.34, p164.  
Genealogical Notes of some First Settlers of Conn., and Mass., by Nathaniel Goodwin, 1856.  
Old Fairfield by D.L.Jacobus, vol.1, p81-84.

## WHEELER ANCESTRY

### MOSES WHEELER

MOSES WHEELER #134 was born about 1598 in England and died at New Haven, Connecticut, on 15 January 1698 and was buried in the old Congregational Church yard at Stratford, Connecticut. His wife was MIRIAM HAWLEY #135. Moses Wheeler is believed to have come from Kent County, England and arrived in America in 1638. He was among the first to receive land at New Haven in 1643. By 1648 he was living at Stratford and was on the list dated 27 March 1668 of the inhabitants of Stratford. He was a ship carpenter and also a farmer, owning extensive lands. In 1670 the town of Stratford leased to him the ferry with 30 or 40 acres of upland and 6 acres at the ferry for 21 years without taxes except for 6 pence per year, provided he would operate the ferry and charge passengers  $\frac{1}{2}$  penny and charge 2 pence per horse or beast. About ten years before his death he gave most of his land to his children. His will was dated 19 February 1689-90. ELIZABETH #136, daughter of Moses and Miriam Wheeler, was born on 6 August 1642, and married SAMUEL BLAKEMAN #132 in November 1660.

Sources: History of the Wheeler Family by A.G.Wheeler, 1914.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.27,  
p63.  
Old Fairfield by D.L.Jacobus, vol.1,p676.

## SAMUEL COOLEY ANCESTRY

### SAMUEL COOLEY

SAMUEL COOLEY #137 was first recorded in America in 1630. He was made a freeman in the Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1631. He was one of the original 44 settlers who settled Milford, Connecticut, and was there by 1639. On 25 October 1640 he was admitted to the church there. His house lot at Milford was of more than two acres and his name in the original division of land is spelled Cooley although otherwise his name was spelled Coley. Some of his descendants spell it Cooley. His will was dated 22 March 1677-8 and his estate was inventoried on 26 September 1684. He died in 1684.

On 14 February 1640-1 he married ANN PRUDDEN #141, who was born in Hertfordshire, England, baptized there on 8 February 1617-8 and admitted to the church at Milford on 14 February 1640-1. Her will was dated 13 February 1688-9, she died on 3 October 1689 and her estate was inventoried on 11 November 1689. See #139 for her descent from James Prudden.

ABILENE COOLEY #138, daughter of Samuel and Ann Cooley, was baptized on 12 March 1643 at Milford, Connecticut, died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 17 November 1710, and married JAPHET CHAPIN #26 on 22 July 1664. They were both buried in the old cemetery at Springfield on the river bank which was later moved to the Springfield or Peabody Cemetery on the hill. There is no known connection between Samuel Cooley of Milford and Benjamin Cooley of Longmeadow, Massachusetts, but their daughters did marry Chapin brothers.

Sources: New Haven, Conn., probate records, vol.2, p45.  
American Genealogist, vol.12, p170.  
Old Fairfield by D.L. Jacobus, vol.1, p153.

## PRUDDEN ANCESTRY

### JAMES PRUDDEN

JAMES PRUDDEN #139 came to New Haven with the original group of settlers and had his home lot next to Reverend Peter Prudden. When Milford was settled, James Prudden left New Haven for Milford. According to an entry in the register at Kings Walden, Hertford County, England he married SIBIL MITCHELL #140 on 7 April 1608. She was buried on 27 May 1618. Ann Prudden was baptized on 8 February 1617-8. James was admitted to the Milford church on 13 October 1639 and died there in August 1648. They had two children Elizabeth and ANN #141, who married SAMUEL COOLEY #137 on 14 February 1640.

Sources: Peter Prudden of New Haven and Milford by L.E. Prudden, 1901.  
American Genealogist, vol.16, p1-28; vol.12, p170.

## DORCHESTER ANCESTRY

ANTHONY DORCHESTER

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ANTHONY DORCHESTER #142 is first recorded in America at Windsor, Connecticut where he resided and in 1649 sold land there to Robert Howard. His first wife was Sarah and she was buried on 9 November 1649. On 2 January 1650-1 he married at Hartford, Connecticut, MARTHA CHAPMAN #143, widow of Samuel Kitcherell. According to a declared statement on 15 September 1659 by Nathaniel and Johana Reskue, she was born at Digswell, Herts County, England and came over with the sister of Major Hezekiah Haines. She died on 17 December 1662. His third wife was Elizabeth, widow of John Harmon. She died on 16 May 1699. Anthony Dorchester died on 28 August 1682.

In January 1659-60 a list of houses in Windsor was drawn up for the purpose of seat assignment in the church with the amount paid. He was listed but apparently did not pay indicating he had moved away just previously. In the Springfield church lists dated 23 December 1659 and 23 February 1662-3 Anthony Dorchester was assigned seats in the third row. In 1664 he was formally admitted as an inhabitant of Springfield which meant he had to be, a freeholder able to pay a tax of ten shillings, at least 24 years old, a member of the church, head of a family, householder and a resident of the town. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein the inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. SARAH #144, daughter of Anthony and Martha Dorchester was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 16 October 1653, died there 18 August 1746, and married JOSEPH STEBBINS #64 on 27 November 1673.

Sources: American Genealogist, vol.17,p206.

Springfield Families by Thomas B Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935

Hartford vital records in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.13,p141.

Life and Times of Henry Burt by H.M.and S.W.Burt, 1893, p88,p89.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9, p87,p171.

History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R.Stiles, 1891,p154,p179.

## HOLTON ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM HOLTON

WILLIAM HOLTON #145 sailed from Ipswich, England on the ship Francis, John Cutting, Master, in April 1634. His age was then 23 years. In the register of baptisms of the Nayland Church near Ipswich, Suffolk County, England there is an entry of a William, son of Edward Holton, being baptized on 20 October 1610. Although proof is lacking, it is likely that this is the William Holton who came to America. He went from near Boston to Hartford, Connecticut, as one of the original settlers there and thence in 1654 to Northampton, Massachusetts. The date of his marriage to MARY #146 is not known, but likely took place shortly after his arrival at Hartford. They had eight children, all born before his arrival at Northampton. He was a petitioner in 1653 among 23 others to settle Northampton where he became the first deacon. He was one of the three commissioners first appointed by the General Court to govern Northampton and settle small disputes and later served as selectman and on various committees. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668-9 wherein inhabitants of Northampton protested certain impost duties. In 1672 he was the second man to sign the subscription list for Harvard College and his donation of seven bushels of wheat was one of the five largest from Northampton. He died on 2 August 1691 and his wife Mary died on 16 November 1691. Neither left a will and the real estate had been previously divided among the children before the father's death. The inventory of the estate was taken on 24 November 1691.

### JOHN HOLTON

JOHN HOLTON #147, eldest son of William and Mary Holton was born at Hartford, Connecticut, between 1641 and 1646, for in the latter year a younger brother Samuel was baptized. He died on 14 April 1712. On 1 March 1666-7 he married ABIGAIL FISHER #153. See #150 for her descent from Anthony Fisher. His marriage record stated he was of Dedham so he went there before the date of his marriage. He was made a freeman at Dedham on 31 May 1671. John Holton signed the agreement in 1672 as to the division of the estate of Lieut. Joshua Fisher, his wife's father and two years later on the death of his wife's grandfather, Joshua Fisher, he was mentioned in the will, "Abigail Houghton, wife of John Houghton, my grandchild". On 13 July 1676 John and Abigail Holton sold 169 acres of land at Dedham and Medfield to John Pynchon of Springfield, Massachusetts, and the deed was acknowledged in Boston on 16 March 1682-3. They moved to Northampton, Massachusetts, and were granted land there. His wife survived him by at least six years.

### THOMAS HOLTON

THOMAS HOLTON #148, son of John and Abigail Holton was born at Northampton, Massachusetts, on 23 October 1681 and was killed by the Indians on 13 August 1723, leaving a wife and six children. On 28 August 1712 at Northampton he married MINDWELL ALLEN #179, who was born on 11 February 1683-4 and died on 21 October 1758. See #176 for her

descent from Samuel Allen. Thomas Holton bought land of Peter Evans in Northfield in 1717 and on 3 March 1718 was constable there. Thomas Holton left no will and his widow Mindwell Holton and Samuel Allen were appointed administrators on 6 December 1723. She married for her second husband Deacon David Chapin of Springfield and their marriage intentions were posted on 30 May 1730. MINDWELL HOLTON #149, daughter of Thomas and Mindwell Holton, was born on 28 October 1714, died on 8 October 1746, and married JOSIAH CHAPIN #28. Their marriage intentions were posted on 19 December 1734. Both she and her husband are buried in the Springfield Cemetery, Springfield, Massachusetts.

Sources: A Genealogy of the Descendants in America of William Holton by Edward P. Holton and Harriet Scofield, 1937  
Life and Times of Henry Burt by H.M. and S.W. Burt, 1893, p168.  
Chart of Descendants of William Holton by David and Frances Holton, 1866.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, 1891.  
Register of deaths at Northampton in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.3, p400.  
American Genealogist, vol.9, p153-4.

## FISHER ANCESTRY

### ANTHONY FISHER

ANTHONY FISHER #150 lived in the parish of Syleham, Suffolk County, England and was buried there on 11 April 1640. His wife was MARY FISKE #163. See #154 for her descent from Symond Fiske. A son Cornelius in his will dated 23 May 1638 mentioned his father and mother as then living. Mary Fisher, wife of a Fisher, was also mentioned in the Candler Manuscript written by Matthias Candler, who lived between 1604 and 1663, and wrote about those to whom he was related.

### JOSHUA FISHER

JOSHUA FISHER #151, son of Anthony and Mary Fisher was baptized at Syleham on 24 February 1585 and died on 18 October 1674. The name of his first wife is unknown and she died in 1636. On 7 February 1638 he married for his second wife, Anne Luson, sister of John Luson, who came to Dedham about the time the Fishers came. She died on 27 January 1676-7. Joshua Fisher came to Dedham in 1639, his son Joshua having come earlier. He became a freeman on 13 May 1640 and in 1650 became first deacon of the Medfield church. He was a blacksmith by trade. On 19 October 1664 the inhabitants of Medfield petitioned the General Court and Joshua Fisher, senior, signed among others. Joshua Fisher's will was dated 2 May 1674 and mentioned his granddaughter Abigail Houghton, wife of John Houghton. Abigail was the daughter of his son Joshua, then deceased. All of Joshua Fisher's children were by his first wife, whose name is not known.

### LIEUT. JOSHUA FISHER

Lieut. JOSHUA FISHER #152, son of Joshua Fisher was baptized at Syleham, England on 2 April 1621 and died at Dedham, Massachusetts, on 10 August 1672. On 15 March 1643 he married for his first wife MARY ALDUS #175, daughter of Nathan and Mary Aldus of Dedham. She died on 3 September 1653. See #164 for her descent from Thomas Aldus. He married for his second wife, on 16 February 1654, Lydia Oliver, a widow, and she died on 2 February 1683. Joshua Fisher came to New England in 1637. The records of Dedham state that at a town meeting the first of February 1637 Joshua Fisher was granted permission to occupy and improve a lot for use of his father Joshua, a blacksmith, who was expected the next summer. He was a selectman in Dedham for many years, Town Clerk in 1657-61 and Deputy to the General Court in various years from 1653 to 1672. His estate was inventoried on 20 August 1672 and the final division made on 23 November 1672. ABIGAIL #153, daughter of Joshua and Mary Fisher, was born on 29 February 1649, and married JOHN HOLTON #147 on 1 March 1666-7.

Sources: The Fisher Genealogy by Philip A. Fisher, 1898.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 13, p346;  
vol. 53, p462.  
Dedham, Mass., vital records.



Record of baptisms, marriages and deaths for town of Dedham  
from church records by Don. G. Hill, 1888.  
Medfield, Mass., vital records  
The Granberry Family by E.F. Waterman and D.L. Jacobus, 1945.  
Fourth Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass.  
Candler Manuscript. #6071 Harleian Collection p384.

#### FISKE ANCESTRY

##### SYMOND FISKE

SYMOND FISKE #154 lived at Laxfield, Suffolk County, England. His wife was Katherine and she may not have been his first wife. His will dated 22 December 1463 and proved at Norwich on 26 February 1463-4 mentioned his sons William, Jeffrey, John and Edmund and daughter Margaret Dowsing. His wife was one of the executors. Whether his wife Katherine was the mother of all his children is not known.

##### WILLIAM FISKE

WILLIAM FISKE #155, son of Symond Fiske was born at Laxfield, Suffolk County, England. He married JOAN LYNNE #156 of Norfolk. He predeceased his wife for her will dated 15 July 1504 and proved on 28 February 1504-5 does not mention him. The will does mention her sons John, Augustine and Simon, a son's wife Anne and daughters Margery and Margaret.

## SIMON FISKE

SIMON FISKE #157, son of William and Joan Fiske was born at Laxfield, Suffolk County, England. His first wife was MARGERY #158. The name of his second wife is unknown and she probably died before he did. He lived at Laxfield and on 10 July 1536 made his will which was proved on 13 July 1538. This will does not mention either wife and not all his children.

## RICHARD FISKE

RICHARD FISKE #159, probably the son of Simon Fiske was born at Laxfield, Suffolk County, England. The name of his wife is not known. The famous Candler Manuscripts begin the Fiske pedigree with his name and without giving his parentage. However, all available evidence points to his being the son of Simon Fiske. Richard Fiske did have eleven sons and Candler lists seven of them including Nicholas.

## NICHOLAS FISKE

NICHOLAS FISKE #160, son of Richard Fiske was born at Laxfield, Suffolk County, England. He appeared on the muster roll there in 1543 and was taxed 3 pence in the years 1542 to 1544. In the subsidy of 1567-8 he was taxed for land at Laxfield and Dennington. He probably married twice, but the name of his first wife is unknown. His second wife was JOHANE CRISPE #161, daughter of WILLIAM CRISPE #162 of Laxfield. The will of Nicholas Fiske was dated 20 August 1569 and proved on 28 September 1569 and it mentioned his wife Johane, his father-in-law, William Crispe and his children including MARY #163, who married a Fisher of Syleham believed to have been ANTHONY FISHER #150. This Mary is also mentioned in the will of her sister Esther dated 20 March 1578-9.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.86, p406-435; vol.87, p40-45, p141-146, p217-224, p367-374; vol.88, p142-146.

The Fiske Family Papers by Henry Fiske, 1902.

## ALDUS ANCESTRY

### THOMAS ALDUS

THOMAS ALDUS #164 of Stradbroom, England was born about 1440. His wife was JOHAN #165. Thomas Aldus' will was dated 30 November 1499 and was proved on 3 November 1504 and mentioned his wife Johan, a son Robert and a daughter Agnes. His wife's will dated 24 April 1505 and proved on 2 June 1505 mentioned the daughter Agnes.

### ROBERT ALDUS

ROBERT ALDUS #166 of Stradbroom, son of Thomas and Johan Aldus was born about 1470. His wife was MARGARET #167. His will was dated 4 July 1507 and proved on 23 November 1507 and mentioned his wife Margaret and his children including his son Robert as well as his sister Agnes.

### ROBERT ALDUS

ROBERT ALDUS #168 of Fressingfield, son of Robert and Margaret Aldus was born about 1500. His wife was ELIZABETH #169. His will was dated 4 April 1558 and proved on 13 December 1560. It mentioned his wife Elizabeth and his children including his son Thomas. The will of his wife Elizabeth was dated 4 April 1566 and proved on 11 April 1576. She mentioned her children including son Thomas and also some of her grandchildren including Francis.

### THOMAS ALDUS

THOMAS ALDUS #170, son of Robert and Elizabeth Aldus was born about 1535 and was living in 1595 since he was mentioned in the will of his brother John dated 10 September 1595. This will also mentioned the children of Thomas Aldus including son Francis.

### FRANCIS ALDUS

FRANCIS ALDUS #171, son of Thomas Aldus of Fressingfield, England was born about 1565. His first wife was SARAH #172 and by 1625 he had a second wife Mary. His will dated 7 October 1625 mentioned his wife Mary and children including sons Nathan and John as well as grandchildren including Mary, not then 20 years old daughter of his son Nathan.

### NATHAN ALDUS

NATHAN ALDUS #173, son of Francis and Sarah Aldus was born in England about 1596 and died at Dedham, Massachusetts on 15 March 1675-6. His wife MARY #174 died at Dedham on 1 January 1676-7. Nathan

Aldis came to America before July 1639. His brother John in his will dated 29 July 1639 mentioned Nathan as being overseas then. The first record of his appearance in America is on 11 February 1639-40 when he was admitted to the Dedham church. His wife Mary was admitted on 11 March 1640-1. He became a freeman on 13 May 1640 and before that, on 17 April 1640, was named a fence viewer. In 1641, 1642 and 1644 he was a selectman and became a deacon of the church on 23 June 1650. In 1642 he acquired a sixth interest in a water mill but seven years later sold it. He was one of three who took an inventory of the estate of Richard Barbour of Dedham on 15 March 1644. MARY #175, a daughter of Nathan and Mary Aldis married JOSHUA FISHER #152 on 15 March 1643 and she died at Dedham, Massachusetts on 3 September 1653.

Sources: The Aldis Family by Frederick H. Whitin, 1905.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 30,  
p201; vol. 64, p240-8.

## SAMUEL ALLEN ANCESTRY

### SAMUEL ALLEN

SAMUEL ALLEN #176 of Braintree, Essex County, England came to America in 1632 and first resided at Cambridge. In 1635 he moved to Windsor, Connecticut, where he died in April 1648 aged 60 years. He was buried on 28 April 1648. Proof seems to be lacking that he was the brother of Matthew Allyn of Cambridge. On 27 January 1640 he was granted at Windsor a house lot and other land. The inventory of his estate was dated 8 September 1648. His wife was ANN #177, who died on 13 November 1687 and she married William Hurlburt of Northampton for her second husband.

### SAMUEL ALLEN

SAMUEL ALLEN #178, son of Samuel and Ann Allen was born in 1634 and died at Northampton, Massachusetts on 18 October 1719. On 29 November 1659 he married HANNAH WOODFORD #184. See #180 for her descent from Thomas Woodford. Samuel Allen was made a freeman in 1683 and was granted land at Northampton in 1657. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668 wherein inhabitants of Northampton protested certain impost duties. MINDWELL ALLEN #179, daughter of Samuel and Hannah Allen, was born on 11 February 1683-4, died on 21 October 1758, and married THOMAS HOLTON #148 on 28 August 1712, who was killed by the Indians on 13 August 1723. Mindwell married DAVID CHAPIN #27 on 8 May 1730 for her second husband.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9, p87; vol.30, p444; vol.51, p213.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, 1891.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring, vol.1, p3.

## WOODFORD ANCESTRY

### THOMAS WOODFORD

THOMAS WOODFORD #180 came to America in 1632 and settled at Roxbury, Massachusetts. He married MARY BLOTT #181 at Roxbury, and she arrived in America in 1632, and was the daughter of ROBERT BLOTT #182 and his wife SUSANNA #183. Robert Blott owned lot 22 in Charlestown and his signature exists on an order creating a Board of Selectmen, dated 10 February 1634-5. He was listed as an inhabitant of Charlestown on 1 January 1635. His will dated 27 May 1662, codicil added 27 March 1665, mentioned his daughter's children of the name of Woodford of Connecticut, to whom he left 3 pounds each. The inventory of Robert Blott's estate was dated 22 August 1665. He died on 6 March 1665-6.

Thomas and Mary Woodford later moved to Hartford, Connecticut, and then to Northampton, Massachusetts. He became a freeman on 4 March 1634-5 at Roxbury. Of their children, a daughter HANNAH WOODFORD #184 married SAMUEL ALLEN #178 on 29 November 1659 and another daughter MARY WOODFORD #185 married ISAAC SHELDON #463 in 1653. Mary Woodford was born about 1636 and died at Northampton on 17 April 1684.

- Sources: History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, 1891.  
History of Roxbury, Mass., by Charles M. Ellis, 1847.  
Rev. Eliot's Record of Roxbury Church members in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.35, p23, p241.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.3, p176; vol.15, p73.  
Memorial History of Boston by Winsor, 1881, vol.1, p389; vol.2, p xxvi.  
Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Mass., by T.B. Wyman, 1879.  
Second Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, part 2, p32.  
History of Charlestown, Mass., by Richard Frothingham, 1845, p85.



BENJAMIN  
JONES  
238

ELIZABETH  
JONES  
237

ABETH  
ORNE  
39



## RUSSELL ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM RUSSELL

WILLIAM RUSSELL #185a was first recorded in America at Salem, Massachusetts on 15 December 1674 when Michael Shaplin, tailor, gave to William Russell, fisherman, 1 or 2 acres of land adjoining his. It appears to have been a gift since no money was involved. On 9 March 1674-5 William Russell paid 20 pounds to Thomas Burt and his wife Mary for four acres of land with a house. On 26 November 1677 William Russell and Thomas Greene jointly purchased from Mary Ropes, administratrix of the estate of George Ropes, a parcel of land for 20 pounds. About 1685 he moved to Reading and some time after 1696-7 returned to Salem. On 7 December 1694 Abel Gardner sold 110 acres of land at Salem to William Russell, yeoman, of Reading and on 27 February 1696-7 he purchased additional land there; he being described as of Reading.

William Russell died in 1733 and his wife survived him. His will was dated 11 January 1731 at which time he was of Salem. It mentioned his deceased children as well as those living. Ebenezer was given 2 draft chains and cart wheel hoops. Sons Benjamin and Ebenezer were named executors. The will was accepted by the court on 24 December 1733.

On 25 October 1678 William Russell married ELIZABETH NURSE #185b. She was the daughter of FRANCIS NURSE #185c, who was born about 1621 and married REBECCA TOWNE #185d. Although the birth of Elizabeth Nurse is not recorded in the vital records, the fact that she was the daughter of Francis Nurse is proved by the will of Francis Nurse dated 4 December 1694. In it he mentioned eight children, four being his sons and four being husbands of his daughters and William Russell was so listed. His sons John and Samuel were appointed administrators on 23 December 1695 and William Russell was one of the sureties on the bond.

Francis Nurse first appeared in Salem about 1640 when a boy of 19 years. He served on the jury in 1674, 1675, 1677-9 and 1683. His wife Rebecca was executed on 19 July 1692 for the imagined crime of witchcraft.

Rebecca Towne was the daughter of WILLIAM TOWNE #185e and his wife JOANNA BLESSING #185f who were married on 25 March 1620 at Saint Nicholas Church in Yarmouth, Norfolk County, England. On 11 October 1640 he was granted land at Salem. In 1651 he purchased land in what is now Topsfield where he died about 1672. His widow died in 1682. Their first six children were baptized at Yarmouth, England and the sixth one on 24 August 1634 which would indicate they may have left for America shortly thereafter as they had two younger children.

### EBENEZER RUSSELL

EBENEZER RUSSELL #185g, son of William and Elizabeth Russell was born at Reading, Massachusetts on 7 March 1688. On 25 September 1710 he married DEBORAH HEBERT #189f, who was born on 19 July 1685 at Beverly, Massachusetts and died in Ellington Parish, Windsor, Connecticut. See #189a for her descent from Robert Hebert. Ebenezer Russell lived in Reading, Massachusetts until about 1734 when he moved to Ellington Parish in Windsor. There is a deed dated 11 June 1734 recorded in the Windsor Land records where Ebenezer Russell obtained land in Ellington Parish from Daniel Eaton. This Daniel Eaton and Ebenezer Russell had

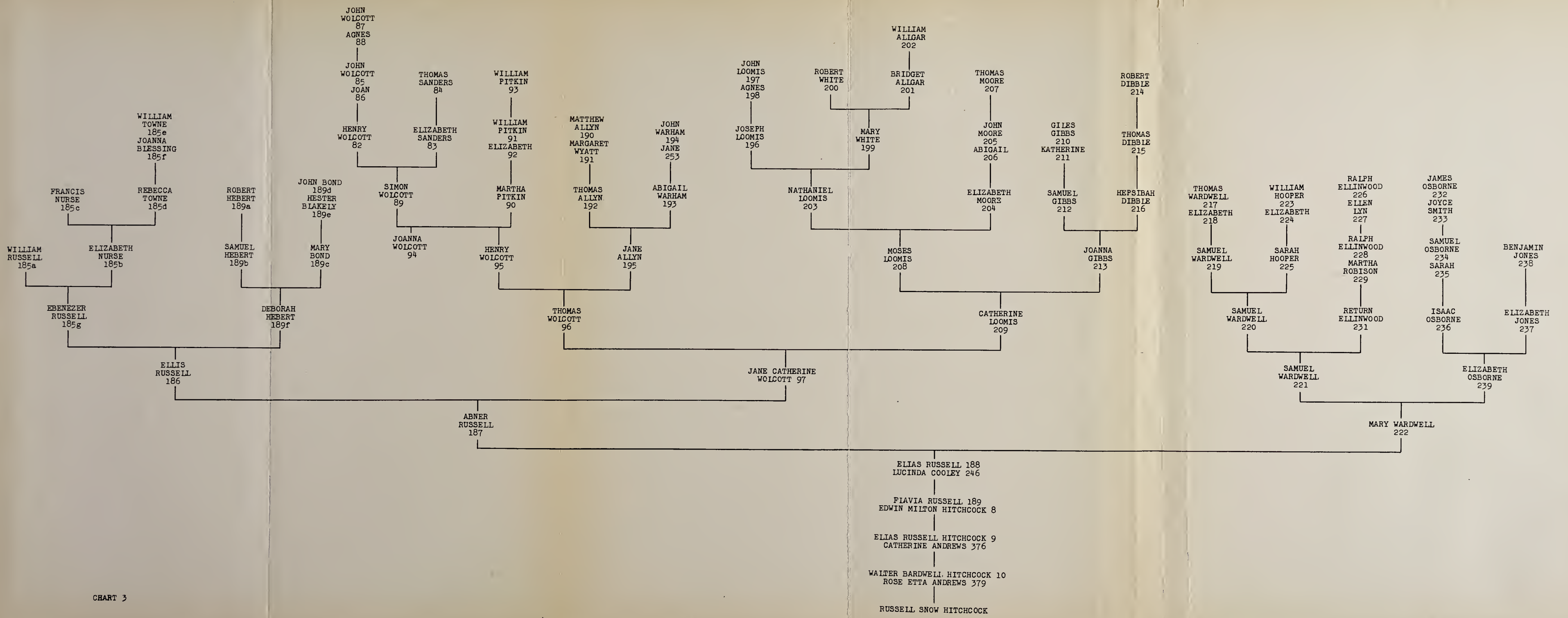


CHART 3

## RUSSELL ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM RUSSELL

WILLIAM RUSSELL #185a was first recorded in America at Salem, Massachusetts on 15 December 1674 when Michael Shaplin, tailor, gave to William Russell, fisherman, 1 or 2 acres of land adjoining his. It appears to have been a gift since no money was involved. On 9 March 1674-5 William Russell paid 20 pounds to Thomas Burt and his wife Mary for four acres of land with a house. On 26 November 1677 William Russell and Thomas Greene jointly purchased from Mary Ropes, administratrix of the estate of George Ropes, a parcel of land for 20 pounds. About 1685 he moved to Reading and some time after 1696-7 returned to Salem. On 7 December 1694 Abel Gardner sold 110 acres of land at Salem to William Russell, yeoman, of Reading and on 27 February 1696-7 he purchased additional land there; he being described as of Reading.

William Russell died in 1733 and his wife survived him. His will was dated 11 January 1731 at which time he was of Salem. It mentioned his deceased children as well as those living. Ebenezer was given 2 draft chains and cart wheel hoops. Sons Benjamin and Ebenezer were named executors. The will was accepted by the court on 24 December 1733.

On 25 October 1678 William Russell married ELIZABETH NURSE #185b. She was the daughter of FRANCIS NURSE #185c, who was born about 1621 and married REBECCA TOWNE #185d. Although the birth of Elizabeth Nurse is not recorded in the vital records, the fact that she was the daughter of Francis Nurse is proved by the will of Francis Nurse dated 4 December 1694. In it he mentioned eight children, four being his sons and four being husbands of his daughters and William Russell was so listed. His sons John and Samuel were appointed administrators on 23 December 1695 and William Russell was one of the sureties on the bond.

Francis Nurse first appeared in Salem about 1640 when a boy of 19 years. He served on the jury in 1674, 1675, 1677-9 and 1683. His wife Rebecca was executed on 19 July 1692 for the imagined crime of witchcraft.

Rebecca Towne was the daughter of WILLIAM TOWNE #185e and his wife JOANNA BLESSING #185f who were married on 25 March 1620 at Saint Nicholas Church in Yarmouth, Norfolk County, England. On 11 October 1640 he was granted land at Salem. In 1651 he purchased land in what is now Topsfield where he died about 1672. His widow died in 1682. Their first six children were baptized at Yarmouth, England and the sixth one on 24 August 1634 which would indicate they may have left for America shortly thereafter as they had two younger children.

### EBENEZER RUSSELL

EBENEZER RUSSELL #185g, son of William and Elizabeth Russell was born at Reading, Massachusetts on 7 March 1688. On 25 September 1710 he married DEBORAH HEBERT #189f, who was born on 19 July 1685 at Beverly, Massachusetts and died in Ellington Parish, Windsor, Connecticut. See #189a for her descent from Robert Hebert. Ebenezer Russell lived in Reading, Massachusetts until about 1734 when he moved to Ellington Parish in Windsor. There is a deed dated 11 June 1734 recorded in the Windsor Land records where Ebenezer Russell obtained land in Ellington Parish from Daniel Eaton. This Daniel Eaton and Ebenezer Russell had

married sisters.

Ebenezer Russell died between 15 September 1761, the date of his will and 12 February 1762, the date the will was admitted for probate. The will named his youngest son Ellis to be executor and stated Ellis was to maintain his wife Deborah as long as she remained a widow. Also mentioned in the will were sons Ebenezer, Samuel and Nathan; daughter Deborah Mackintire of Reading and grandson William Russell, son of his deceased son William.

#### ELLIS RUSSELL

ELLIS RUSSELL #186, son of Ebenezer and Deborah Russell was born at Reading, Massachusetts on 17 November 1730 and went to Ellington Parish, Windsor, Connecticut with his parents about 1734. On 14 November 1751 he married JANE CATHERINE WOLCOTT #97. See #82 for her descent from Henry Wolcott. They had seven children and the fourth was Abner. Ellis Russell moved to Springfield, Massachusetts, between 1771 and May 1773 and both he and his wife were alive in 1802. Ellis Russell was listed in the 1790 census as at Longmeadow, Massachusetts.

#### ABNER RUSSELL

ABNER RUSSELL #187, son of Ellis and Jane Russell was born on 22 March 1759 at Ellington Parish, Windsor, Connecticut and moved to Springfield with his family. He died on 25 June 1819 at Springfield. Abner married there MARY WARDWELL #222, who was born on 5 June 1760 at Somers, Connecticut and died on 8 August 1826. She was the daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Wardwell. See #217 for her descent from Thomas Wardwell. Abner Russell served a total of 23 months in the American Revolution in three different companies between May 1775 and February 1779. In June 1818 he received a pension of \$8 per month for this service.

#### ELIAS RUSSELL

ELIAS RUSSELL #188, son of Abner and Mary Russell was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 7 October 1780 and died on 4 April 1840. He married for his first wife LUCINDA COOLEY #246 and their marriage intentions were posted on 5 October 1799 and they were married at West Springfield, Massachusetts on 24 October 1799. She died on 26 May 1816. See #240 for her descent from Benjamin Cooley. Their daughter FLAVIA #189 was born on 19 June 1802 at Longmeadow, Massachusetts and died on 28 July 1869. She married EDWIN MILTON HITCHCOCK #8 on 5 June 1822. Elias Russell married Fanny (Chandler) Stewart for his second wife. She was the daughter of Stephen Chandler and the widow of Joseph Stewart.

Sources: History of Salem, Mass., by Sidney Perley, vol. 2, p9, p143;  
vol. 3, p105, p118, p377, p422.  
Salem, Mass., vital records.  
Reading, Mass., vital records.

Probate records at Hartford, Conn., estate file #4676.  
Windsor Land records at Windsor, Conn.  
Vital records of Springfield, Mass.  
Centennial Celebration of Longmeadow, Mass., 1883.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella  
May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.  
Vital records of West Springfield, Mass.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, 1891.  
Towne Genealogy by Edwin E. Towne, 1901.  
Essex County deeds, vol. 13, p. 227.  
Essex County probate records, file 19688, file 24436.

## HEBERT ANCESTRY

### ROBERT HEBERT

ROBERT HEBERT #189a or Hibberd (early spelling) first appeared in America at Salem, Massachusetts where he was listed as an early settler in 1646 as " Robert Hibberd and wife Joan ". He may have been there as early as 1639. They were probably married in 1640 as their first child was born on 27 November 1641. They were admitted to the First Church of Salem on 3 May 1646. He was granted land there on 12 August 1650. In 1659 he purchased land in Salem from William Hascoll and was described as "Robert Hibbird, bricklayer ". On 26 November 1661 he testified in a court action concerning others. By 1670-1 he was at Beverly and conveyed land to a married daughter. He signed a petition dated 28 May 1671 concerning changing the name of Beverly. His will was dated 9 April 1684 and stated he had already given some of his possessions to his children. His wife was named executrix. He died on 7 May 1684 at Beverly and his wife died in 1696.

### SAMUEL HEBERT

SAMUEL HEBERT #189b, son of Robert and Joan Hebert was born on 20 June 1658 and died on 17 April 1702 without leaving a will. His estate was divided among the heirs by a committee appointed by the court and this settlement was dated February 1710-11. On 16 November 1679 he married MARY BOND #189c, who was born at Newbury, Massachusetts on 16 December 1657 and was the daughter of JOHN BOND #189d and his wife HESTER BLAKELY #189e of Newbury and Haverhill. They were married on 15 August 1649. John Bond was on the list of grantees of Newbury dated 7 December 1642. He moved to Rowley, Massachusetts about 1660 and thence to Haverhill where he died in 1675. DEBORAH #189f, daughter of Samuel and Mary Hebert married EBENEZER RUSSELL #185g on 25 September 1710. She was born on 19 July 1685.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.51, p316.

Essex County deeds, book 1, p63.

Newbury, Mass., vital records.

History of Newbury by Josuha Coffin, 1845, p292, p296.

History of Salem by Sidney Perley, vol.2, p15, 240, 302, 322, 417.

Essex County probate records, file 13213.

## ALLYN ANCESTRY

### MATTHEW ALLYN

MATTHEW ALLYN #190 was born at Braunton, Devon County, England on 17 April 1605, the son of RICHARD ALLYN #190a and his wife MARGARET WYATT #190b, who were married on 24 September 1583. The will of Richard Allyn was dated 29 November 1647 and proved on 10 May 1652.

Matthew Allyn married MARGARET (WYOT) WYATT #191 at Braunton, Devon County, England on 2 February 1626. She was the daughter of John Wyatt, who was baptized at Braunton on 27 November 1558 and married Frances Chichester, daughter of Amyas Chichester of Arlington. John Wyatt was the son of Philip Wyatt of Barnstaple, who married Jone Paty of Pilton. Amyas Chichester died on 4 July 1577. He was the son of Sir John Chichester of Raleigh, who about 1534 married Joan, daughter of Sir Roger Gifford of Brightley. The Visitation of the County of Devon by J.L. Vivian, pl72, 173, 179, 823 carry these families back many generations and should be consulted by those interested. The link between Matthew Allyn and the above Visitation is based on the will of Bartholomew Chichester as given in Genealogical Gleanings in England by Henry F Waters, 1901, pl212 in which Bartholomew Chichester of Braunton, brother of Amyas Chichester, refers to kinswoman Margaret Allen, wife of Matthew Allen. He also refers to kinsman Philip Wyatt and cousins Johane and Agnes Wyatt, all listed in the above visitation as brother and sisters of Margaret Wyatt.

On 17 December 1638 Matthew Allyn and his wife Margaret conveyed lands in Devon County, England to Thomas Allyn of Barnstable, Devon County, England. Matthew Allyn was involved in several lawsuits of which one was with John Cogan, merchant, of Boston, in which Matthew Allyn was accused of making slanderous remarks concerning John Cogan to Thomas Harwood and James Gamon, both of England. Another suit involved the debt of 2000 pounds owed by Matthew Allyn to the above Thomas Harwood and James Gamon of England, which debt was acknowledged by Matthew Allyn on 4 June 1640. In this suit Matthew Allyn was stated to be late of Bramton (Braunton) Devon County, England which indicates that he is identical with the Matthew Allyn born there.

Matthew Allyn was an early settler at Windsor, Connecticut. He died on 1 February 1670-1. His will was dated 30 January 1670-1, the inventory taken on 14 February 1670-1 and the will proved on 2 March 1670-1. It mentioned his wife Margaret and his children.

### THOMAS ALLYN

THOMAS ALLYN #192, the second son of Matthew and Margaret Allyn was born in England and died at Windsor, Connecticut on 14 February 1695-6. On 21 October 1658 he married ABIGAIL WARHAM #193, who was baptized on 27 May 1638 at Windsor, Connecticut. She was the daughter of Reverend JOHN WARHAM #194 and his second wife JANE #253. Jane was the widow of THOMAS NEWBERRY #252 and died at Norwalk, Connecticut on 23 April 1655. On 1 May 1639 John Warham and his wife Jane, who was executrix of the estate of her late husband Thomas Newberry, signed an agreement to lease to Richard Wright of Mount Wollaston the farm near Dorchester, Massachusetts which Thomas Newberry had bought of William Pynchon. The cows on the farm were included in the lease.

Reverend John Warham was born in England about 1592 and died at

Windsor, Connecticut on 1 April 1670. He had been a minister at Exeter, Devon County, England and came to America on the ship Mary and John in 1630. He settled first at Dorchester, Massachusetts, where he became a freeman on 18 May 1631. His first wife died in 1634 without children. In 1635 he moved to Windsor, Connecticut. He married Abigail Branker on 9 October 1662 at Windsor for his third wife. She was the widow of John Branker of Windsor. She died 18 May 1684 and made an oral Will in March 1684 which was used to settle her estate.

Thomas Allyn left no will and his estate was inventoried on 27 February 1695. It was not settled by agreement among the heirs until 6 March 1704-5. JANE #195, daughter of Thomas and Abigail Allyn was born on 22 July 1670, and died on 11 April 1702. She married HENRY WOLCOTT #95 on 1 April 1696, being his first wife.

Sources: History of Windsor by H.R.Stiles, 1891.  
Randall and Allied Families by F.A.Randall, 1943.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.48, p496; vol.50, p504-5; vol.51, p212-214; vol.60, p314; vol.100, p218.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W.Manwaring, vol. 1, p171, p247, p374, p396.  
The Granberry Family by E.F.Waterman and D.L.Jacobus, 1945 .  
Fourth Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass.  
Lechford's Note Book, manuscript pages 83, 56, 200, 226.  
Visitation of the County of Devon by J.L.Vivian, p823.  
History of the Family of Chichester by A.P.B.Chichester, London, 1871.  
Chart of Ancestry of Margaret Wyatt by Charles K Bolton, 1898

## LOOMIS ANCESTRY

### JOSEPH LOOMIS

JOSEPH LOOMIS #196 was born in England about 1590 and was the son of JOHN LOOMIS #197 and his wife AGNES #198 of Braintree, England. John Loomis died between 14 April and 29 May 1619. There is a record concerning Braintree, Essex County, England of a Joseph Loomis being the only son and executor of the estate of a John Loomis there in May and June 1619 and it is known by a record dated 30 July 1639 that Joseph Loomis came from the town of Braintree, England. On 30 June 1614 he married at Shalford, Essex County, England MARY WHITE #199, who was baptized at Shalford on 24 August 1590, and died at Windsor, Connecticut on 23 August 1652. She was the daughter of ROBERT WHITE #200 and BRIDGET ALLGAR #201.



Bridget Allgar was baptized on 11 March 1562 and was the daughter of WILLIAM ALLGAR #202. Robert White and Bridget Allgar were married on 24 June 1585 and the baptisms of nearly all their children are recorded at Shalford, Essex, England. William Allgar was buried there 2 August 1575 and his wife outlived him as she is mentioned in his will. Robert White died in June 1617 and was buried on 17 June 1617 and his will dated 27 May 1617 was probated in June 1617.

Joseph and Mary Loomis came to America on the ship Susan and Ellen leaving England on 11 April 1638 and arriving in Boston 17 July 1638. In 1639 they settled in Windsor, Connecticut, possibly with the group with Reverend Ephraim Huet who arrived there 17 August 1639. He was recorded in 1640 as a first settler of Windsor. On 2 February 1640 Joseph Loomis was granted 21 acres at Windsor for a home lot. He was granted other lands and acquired land by purchase. He joined the Windsor church on 11 October 1640 and served on the jury in 1642 and 1644. He died at Windsor on 25 November 1658 and leaving no will his estate was settled by agreement among the heirs.

#### NATHANIEL LOOMIS

NATHANIEL LOOMIS #203, son of Joseph and Mary Loomis was born at Braintree, Essex County, England about 1626 and died at Windsor, Connecticut on 19 August 1688. On 24 November 1654 he married ELIZABETH MOORE #204, who was born at Windsor, Connecticut in 1638, daughter of JOHN MOORE #205 and his wife ABIGAIL #206. Elizabeth died on 23 July 1728. Nathaniel Loomis and his wife were admitted to the church on 3 May 1663. John Moore was granted land at Dorchester, Massachusetts on 18 January 1635. He died on 18 September 1677 and was the son of THOMAS MOORE #207 who died in 1645. The will of John Moore was dated 14 September 1677 and proved on 6 December 1677. John Moore's wife Abigail died after 22 December 1677.

#### MOSES LOOMIS

MOSES LOOMIS #208, son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth Loomis was born on 15 May 1671 and died on 15 April 1754, aged 83. On 27 April 1694 he married JOANNA GIBBS #213, who was born on 26 March 1671, and died on 26 January 1742. She was the daughter of Samuel and Hepzibah Gibbs. See #210 for her descent from Giles Gibbs. CATHERINE LOOMIS #209, daughter of Moses and Joanna Loomis, was born on 19 December 1702 at Windsor, died on 28 March 1738 and was the second wife of THOMAS WOLCOTT #96. They were married on 12 August 1725.

Sources: Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W.Ferris, 1931.  
Descendants of Joseph Loomis in America, 1908.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.5, p365; vol.21, p335; vol.55, p22-31.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W.Manwaring, vol.1, p221.  
Vital records of Tolland, Conn.

## GIBBS ANCESTRY

### GILES GIBBS

GILES GIBBS #210 was buried on 21 May 1641. His wife KATHERINE #211 died on 24 October 1660. According to an old map G. Gibbs had four acres of land at Dorchester, Massachusetts, probably not later than 1637. Giles Gibbs was an early settler at Dorchester, Massachusetts. In the Dorchester town records he appeared several times. On 3 April 1632 it was agreed that a fence would be put around a certain meadow and each one listed would build 20 feet of fence for each cow they owned. Giles Gibbs had one cow then. On 3 November 1633 Giles Gibbs was appointed one of those to set the rates for building and maintaining fences. On 28 October 1634 he was one of ten men appointed to manage the town affairs for a year. On 22 November 1634 he was granted 3 acres of land and again 2 acres next to Thomas Stoughton on 17 April 1635. The last record of him at Dorchester appears to be on 18 February 1635 when 10 acres of meadow land was granted him and shortly there after he moved to Windsor, Connecticut. His will dated 18 May 1641 stated he was of Windsor and mentioned his wife and children. The will of his wife Katherine Gibbs was dated 12 September 1660 and proved at court on 6 December 1660.

### SAMUEL GIBBS

SAMUEL GIBBS #212, son of Giles and Katherine Gibbs died on 8 February 1719-20. On 15 April 1664 he married HEPZIBAH DIBBLE #216, who was baptized on 25 December 1642. She was a daughter of Thomas Dibble. See #214 for her descent from Robert Dibble. The will of Samuel Gibbs was dated 1 October 1718 and the inventory taken on 24 February 1719-20. It mentioned his daughter Joanna Loomis, but not his wife so it is probable she predeceased him. JOANNA #213, daughter of Samuel and Hepzibah Gibbs, was born on 26 March 1671, baptized on 2 April 1671, died on 26 January 1742, and married MOSES LOOMIS #208 on 27 April 1694.

Sources: Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring, vol. 1, pl 4; vol. 2, p 388.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, 1891.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 5, p 459; vol. 21, pl 66, p 331, p 336; vol. 35, p 73.  
Fourth Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass.

## DIBBLE ANCESTRY

### ROBERT DIBBLE

ROBERT DIBBLE #214, a native of Somerset County, England came to America from Weymouth, England and died before 1640. He first settled in Dorchester, Massachusetts, and was granted land there on 17 December 1635. He was granted an additional 30 acres with his son Thomas on 4 January 1635-6.

### THOMAS DIBBLE

THOMAS DIBBLE #215, son of Robert Dibble was born in England in 1613 and died at Windsor, Connecticut on 17 October 1700. He came to America with his father. There was a Thomas Dibble, husbandman, aged 22 years listed as sailing from Weymouth, England on 20 March 1635. He was granted land at Dorchester, Massachusetts, the same time as his father, provided he would build a house on it within one year. Later he moved to Windsor, Connecticut. At the time his daughter Hepzibah was baptized he was listed as of Simsbury.

He was recorded as a first settler of Windsor in 1640, but had previously become a freeman on 17 May 1637, presumably at Dorchester. His wife died on 14 May 1681. The will of Thomas Dibble was dated 17 February 1699-1700 and stated he was of Windsor. The inventory was taken on 1 November 1700 and the will proved on 13 November 1700. It mentioned his granddaughter Joanna Loomis. HEPZIBAH #216, their daughter, was baptized on 25 December 1642, and married SAMUEL GIBBS #212 on 15 April 1664.

Sources: Genealogy and Family History of Conn., by W.R.Cutter, 1911, p504.  
Records of Windsor in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.5, p65, p365.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.21, p334-5; vol.25, p14.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W.Manwaring, vol.2, p56.  
Fourth Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass

## WARDWELL ANCESTRY

### THOMAS WARDWELL

THOMAS WARDWELL #217 with his wife ELIZABETH #218 came to America from England in 1633 with his brother William. They were members of the church at Boston, but later were dismissed because of their religious independence. They resided for a time at what is now Exeter, New Hampshire and later returned to Boston where he died 10 December 1646. His brother William embraced the Quaker religion. There are four known children of Thomas and Elizabeth Wardwell.

### SAMUEL WARDWELL

SAMUEL WARDWELL #219, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Wardwell was born at Boston on 16 May 1643. He was convicted of the imagined crime of witchcraft and with seven others hanged at Salem, Massachusetts, on 22 September 1692. His property was confiscated by the state. He was a martyr. He was one of the first settlers of what is now Andover, Massachusetts, and there married SARAH HOOPER #225, widow of Adam Hawkes, on 9 January 1672-3. See #223 for her descent from William Hooper. She was convicted of witchcraft with her husband and sentenced to jail and while there the town cared for the children. The son Samuel was placed with his uncle John Ballard for one year.

She was taxed as widow Wardwell in 1699 and was living in 1703 when "The Petition of severall of the Inhabitants of Andover, Salem Village and Topsfield" dated 2 March 1702-3 signed by twenty one persons was presented to the General Court to have the previous convictions for witchcraft removed. Widow Sarah Wardwell and her son Samuel signed the petition. It was recorded in the House of Representatives on 18 March 1702-3 and later granted. On account of the sufferings of the family due to the imagined crime of witchcraft the General Court voted them 36 pounds, 10 shillings and 6 pence.

### SAMUEL WARDWELL

SAMUEL WARDWELL #220, son of Samuel and Sarah Wardwell was born on 24 February 1676-7 at Andover, Massachusetts. He paid taxes in 1700 and, according to a deed, sold the homestead at Andover in 1735 and moved to Somers, Connecticut. At Somers, Connecticut, he purchased 170 acres of land on 21 March 1734. On 20 December 1716 at Beverly, Massachusetts, he married RETURN ELLINWOOD #231. See #226 for her descent from Ralph Ellinwood.

### SAMUEL WARDWELL

SAMUEL WARDWELL #221, son of Samuel and Return Wardwell was born at Andover, Massachusetts on 8 February 1722-3. He resided at Somers, Connecticut, and on 27 March 1745, there, married ELIZABETH OSBORN #239. See #232 for her descent from James Osborne. He was a soldier in the

expedition to Havana Cuba in the summer of 1762 when the city was taken by the English. Havana was later returned to Spain by the Treaty of Paris in 1763. He and his son Samuel began service as soldiers on 20 March 1762 and Samuel, the father, died on 9 September 1762 at Havana Cuba probably of yellow fever. The deaths among the troops from fever were high. The expedition departed from Havana on 18 October 1762.

The inventory of his estate was dated 5 February 1763. David Wardwell was appointed administrator on 5 March 1763 and gave his bond a month later. On 5 September 1763 Elizabeth, the widow of Samuel Wardwell, was appointed guardian for five of their minor children; Return, Isaac, Elizabeth, Mary and David. Isaac Osborn, probably her father, was surety. Their daughter MARY #222, was born at Somers on 5 June 1760, died on 8 August 1826, and married ABNER RUSSELL #187. The marriage intentions of Samuel Wardwell and Elizabeth Osborne were posted on 23 March 1745.

Sources: A Brief Wardwell Genealogy by Elizabeth Wardwell Stay, 1905.

Vital records of Somers, Conn., vol.1,p13,p14,p32,p41.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.70,  
p68.

Marriages in Andover in New England Historical and  
Genealogical Register, vol.3,p66.

History of Enfield, Conn., by F.O.Allen, 1900.  
Andover, Mass., vital records.

Beverly, Mass., vital records.

Stafford,Conn.,probate records for 1763,#2261 and #2266  
on file at the State Library, Hartford, Conn.

## HOOPER ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM HOOPER

WILLIAM HOOPER #223, aged 18, came on the ship James from London, sailing from there on 13 July 1635. He was at Reading, Massachusetts, in 1644 and may have been there earlier. His wife ELIZABETH #224 called Capt. Thomas Marshall "brother" in her will so she may have been a Marshall. William Hooper was a weaver by trade and admitted as a free-man on 10 May 1648. He received several land grants, transferred land himself and his second wife Ruth signed such a transfer with him on 14 December 1664. His will was dated 5 August 1678 and he died on 5 December 1678,aged 61 years. His widow Ruth Hooper married Thomas Dutton on 10 November 1684. SARAH #225, daughter of William and Elizabeth Hooper, was born on 7 December 1650, and married Adam Hawkes of Lynn in June 1670 as his second wife. She married for her second husband SAMUEL WARDWELL #219 on 9 January 1672-3.

Sources: Hooper Genealogy by C.H.Pope and Thomas Hooper, 1908.  
The Granberry Family by E.F.Waterman and D.L.Jacobus,  
1945.

## ELLINWOOD ANCESTRY

### RALPH ELLINWOOD

RALPH ELLINWOOD #226 married ELLEN LYN #227 on 14 March 1655 at Salem, Massachusetts. His will was dated 7 January 1673 and the inventory of the estate was dated 30 January 1673 so he died between those dates. The will mentioned his eldest son Ralph and four other sons; John, Joseph, Benjamin, and David and daughters; Mary and Elizabeth. It also mentioned his wife. All the above children are recorded in the vital records as children of Ralph and Ellen Ellinwood.

Whether he was the first Ralph Ellinwood in New England or was the son of another Ralph Ellinwood is uncertain. There was a Ralph Ellinwood at Salem, Massachusetts as early as 25 January 1638 when he was a defendant in a court action on account of trespass. On 4 April 1640 a Ralph Ellinwood with others was ordered to make a survey of the field next to the ferry that went to Ipswich. The vital records list a Josiah baptized on 26 May 1644 as the son of Ralph Ellinwood. Whether he was a son of this Ralph by a former marriage or the son of another Ralph and hence a brother of this Ralph is not known.

### RALPH ELLINWOOD

*MARTHA ROWLANDSON*

RALPH ELLINWOOD #228 son of Ralph and Ellen Ellinwood was born on 18 March 1657. He married ~~MARTHEW ROBISON~~ #229 on 21 August 1691 according to the Beverly vital records. The Marblehead, Massachusetts vital records state he married Martha Rowlandson on 19 August 1691. <sup>See # 213a</sup> His will was dated 8 April 1741 and was accepted for probate on 11 May 1741 so his death was between those dates. The will bequeathed 1/5 of his real estate or its value in money to each of his children. The estate was not divided at that time for some reason.

In 1755 a committee was appointed by the court to determine the proper division of the estate and by their report dated 17 January 1755, Return Wardwell, then called a widow, was given share #5. The court approved this division on 27 January 1755. RETURN #231, daughter of Ralph and Martha Ellinwood, was born on 22 May 1692 and baptized on 29 May 1692. She married Philip Piles for her first husband and their intentions were posted on 24 August 1712. This husband must have died not long after that for on 20 December 1716 at Beverly she, as a widow, married SAMUEL WARDWELL #220. The death of Philip Piles is not recorded in the vital records nor has any record of the settlement of his estate been found.

Sources: Essex probate records #8710, #8712.  
Essex Historical Collections, vol.7, p190; vol.9, p110.  
Salem, Mass., vital records.  
Beverly, Mass., vital records.  
Essex County deeds, vol.1, p17, p18; vol.2, p192.  
Marblehead, Mass., vital records.

## ROWLANDSON ANCESTRY

### THOMAS ROWLANDSON

THOMAS ROWLANDSON #231a was in Ipswich, Massachusetts in 1637 when he possessed land adjoining William Warner and later by 1655 was at Lancaster, Massachusetts where he died on 17 November 1657. His second wife was Bridget, widow of Robert Mussey, who he married between 2 April 1644 and 17 April 1648, these being the dates of the inventory of the estate of Robert Mussey and the additional inventory of 1648 when Bridget called herself wife of Thomas Rowlandson and widow of Robert Mussey. Bridget married William Kerley on 31 May 1659 for her next husband and she died 14 June 1662.

Thomas Rowlandson left no will and his son Joseph was appointed administrator. On 10 September 1658 Joseph Rowlandson, as administrator, obtained the agreement of the heirs as to the distribution, which the court allowed on 15 April 1659. The heirs listed were Bridget Rowlandson, Thomas Rowlandson, Richard Wells, John Eaton and Joseph Rowlandson.

### THOMAS ROWLANDSON

THOMAS ROWLANDSON #231b was the son of Thomas Rowlandson and his first wife. He died on 7 July 1682 at Salisbury, Massachusetts. He was in Ipswich in 1648, in Salisbury by 1652 when he was taxed there and again taxed there in 1659. He married DOROTHY PORTLAND #231c on 17 May 1654 according to the Salisbury vital records. His name appeared on a petition signed by the inhabitants of Salisbury in 1677 and again in 1680. His will (Essex Probate Case 24331) was dated 7 July 1682 and probated on 21 September 1682. It bequeathed his wife Dorothy the use of his land during her life time after which it was to go to his son Joseph. His wife was named executrix and four daughters, not named, were to have 20 shillings each. The inventory was taken 27 July 1682 and his wife Dorothy made oath to it at court on 16 February 1682-3. The son Joseph Rowlandson, died in 1694 for on 28 September 1694 (Essex Probate Case 24330) Dorothy Rowlandson, his mother, was appointed administratrix of his estate. Jarvis Ring and Isaac Morrill, both of Salisbury were sureties.

Dorothy Rowlandson probably died about 1702 or early 1703 because on 1 April 1703 (Essex Probate Case 24332) Nicholas Bond was appointed administrator of the estate of Thomas Rowlandson of Salisbury, her deceased husband. Their only son Joseph, to whom the estate was to go on his mother's death, being then deceased. Nicholas Bond was a son-in-law of Thomas Rowlandson, having married his daughter Sarah, and he was killed by the Indians at Hampton on 17 August 1703. Consequently his wife, Sarah Bond, was appointed administratrix of the estate of Thomas Rowlandson on 1 October 1705 and her inventory was dated 5 November 1705 which mentioned the four daughters of Thomas Rowlandson as Sarah Bond, Elizabeth Ellenwood, Mary Blodgett and Martha Ellenwood.

The final court papers in connection with the estate were dated in April 1706 (Essex Probate Case 24332) when the heirs disposed of the estate. MARTHA #229, daughter of Thomas and Dorothy Rowlandson was born on 24 August 1666 and married RALPH ELLENWOOD #228 on 21 August 1691.

Sources: Old Families of Salisbury and Amesbury, Mass., by D.W.Hoyt, 1897.

Ipswich deeds in Salem Registry of Deeds, vol.1, pl44-7.  
Middlesex Probate Court, Miscellaneous Index, p340.  
Lancaster, Mass., and Salisbury, Mass., vital records.



## OSBORNE ANCESTRY

### JAMES OSBORNE

JAMES OSBORNE #232 married JOYCE SMITH #233 in 1645 at Springfield, Massachusetts. The first record of him at Springfield was in 1646 when he was on a list of those who raised 30 pounds for the purchase of additional land from the Indians. He was granted land there on 8 February 1654 and on 30 January 1655. In the assignment of seats in the church at Springfield dated 23 December 1659 he had a seat in the 7th row. On the list dated 23 February 1662-3 his seat assignment was in the 10th row. In 1676 he died at Hartford, Connecticut and the inventory of his estate was dated 14 June 1676 in which his children are named. His widow married Gregory Gibbs, who was in Springfield in 1677 and at Suffield, Connecticut in 1683 or before.

### SAMUEL OSBORNE

SAMUEL OSBORNE #234, son of James and Joyce Osborne was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 1 February 1663 and died at Somers, Connecticut on 17 June 1713. The inventory of his estate was dated 20 August 1713 and the administration was granted on 11 December 1713 in which his widow was referred to as Haile indicating her marriage to Haile. His first wife died 10 June 1685 and his second wife was SARAH #235. In the Enfield town records is an entry "Samuel Osburn died 1713 aged 60-son Samuel b 1694-son Isaac m Elizabeth Jones 1715". This son Samuel is also recorded as born on 1 December 1694 to Samuel Osborne and Sarah. There is a record of a deed of 40 acres of land dated 24 June 1725, recorded on 15 July 1725 from Samuel Osborne and wife Esther to his mother Sarah Haile all of which indicates that Sarah was the wife of Samuel Osborne and the mother of his sons Samuel and Isaac and that after his death she married Haile. Another record states that Samuel Osburn, aged 49, died 17 June 1713 and this age is taken as correct rather than 60 because his birth then fits into its proper sequence among the children of James Osborne.

Samuel Osborne in 1687 was granted in Enfield, 30 acres of field land, 4 acres of meadow and a home lot of 10 acres, where he could find it free and was to come to dwell there the next summer or in 1688 and if he remained seven years it was to be his and his heirs forever. In this manner he became a proprietor of Enfield and he and his heirs later received shares of later divisions of land based on his rights. He was an early settler of that part of Enfield later called Wallop. He was a constable at various times up to 1717. In 1698 the land previously granted Samuel Osborne was measured and recorded by John Pease, Town Measurer. In 1714 it was recorded that Samuel Osborne son of this Samuel Osborne was possessed of land which descended to him from his father which was one half mile to northward of the farm of Benjamin Jones, Senior. This shows that the original Osborne and Jones farms were nearby.

Samuel Osborne, son of the proprietor Samuel Osborne, inherited his father's land and later obtained additional grants due to his father's rights.

## ISAAC OSBORNE

ISAAC OSBORNE #236, was the son of Samuel and Sarah Osborne and this is based on an entry in the town records of " Samuel Osborne died 1713 aged 60 - son Samuel b 1694 - son Isaac m Elizabeth Jones 1715 ". On 8 September 1715 he was listed as of Windsor and married that day ELIZABETH JONES #237 at Enfield. On 8 March 1730-1 he was chosen for a minor office at a town meeting.

Isaac Osborne's farm was near the Stafford line and he acquired this probably in 1727 or 1728 as there is a record of a deed of about 148 acres there from John Prior to Jacob Osborne dated 24 January 1727-8 and from Jacob Osborne to Isaac Osborne dated 4 March 1728-9 both of which were recorded on the same day of 26 November 1744. In a warranty between two others, mention is made of the land as adjoining that of Isaac Osborne and Samuel Wardwell indicating their farms were nearby.

Elizabeth Jones is assumed to be the daughter of BENJAMIN JONES #238, who was an early settler in Somers, then a part of Enfield, and built the first house there in 1689. Benjamin Jones died on 25 June 1718 and administration was granted to his son Thomas Jones on 6 July 1718 and the settlement was dated 10 December 1723. No Elizabeth was listed as his child but we know that other children were not listed. He was the only Jones in Enfield and his wife's name was Elizabeth. Furthermore the Samuel Osborne farm and Benjamin Jones farm were nearby. The heirs of both Samuel Osborne and Benjamin Jones received later grants of land based on their rights.

Thomas Jones, son of Benjamin Jones, received land based on part of Samuel Osborne's rights which indicates Thomas Jones married a daughter of Samuel Osborne. Thomas Jones named one of his sons Isaac. Benjamin Jones, his son Thomas, and Samuel Osborne and his son Isaac are so closely connected in the records that it is concluded the Elizabeth Jones who married Isaac Osborne was the daughter of Benjamin Jones and that Isaac was the son of Samuel Osborne.

Although there is no existing birth record Isaac and Elizabeth Osborne must have been the parents of ELIZABETH #239 who married SAMUEL WARDWELL #221 on 27 March 1745. Their parents farms were nearby and later after her husband's death and Elizabeth Wardwell was made guardian of her minor children, Isaac Osborne of Somers was the surety and his signature appears on the bond. Also her first son was named Isaac. Apparently Elizabeth Osborne, wife of Isaac, died early as there are records of births in Somers to Isaac and Mary Osborne in 1734 and 1738 and Mary Osborne, wife of Isaac, died 13 October 1769, aged 74.

- Sources: Life and Times of Henry Burt of Springfield by H.M.Burt and S.W.Burt, 1893, p88, p89.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.18, p146.  
First Century of Springfield by H.M.Burt, 1898, p42.  
History of Suffield, Conn., by H.S.Sheldon, 1879, p33.  
History of Enfield, Conn., by O.P.Allen, p16, p35, p111, p194, p827, p1587, p1767, p1864, p1865, p2039, p2090.  
Bond of Elizabeth Wardwell and Isaac Osborne of 5 September 1763, Stafford Probate District #2261 for 1763 as deposited in the Connecticut State Library, Hartford, Conn.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W.Manwaring, vol.1, p223.



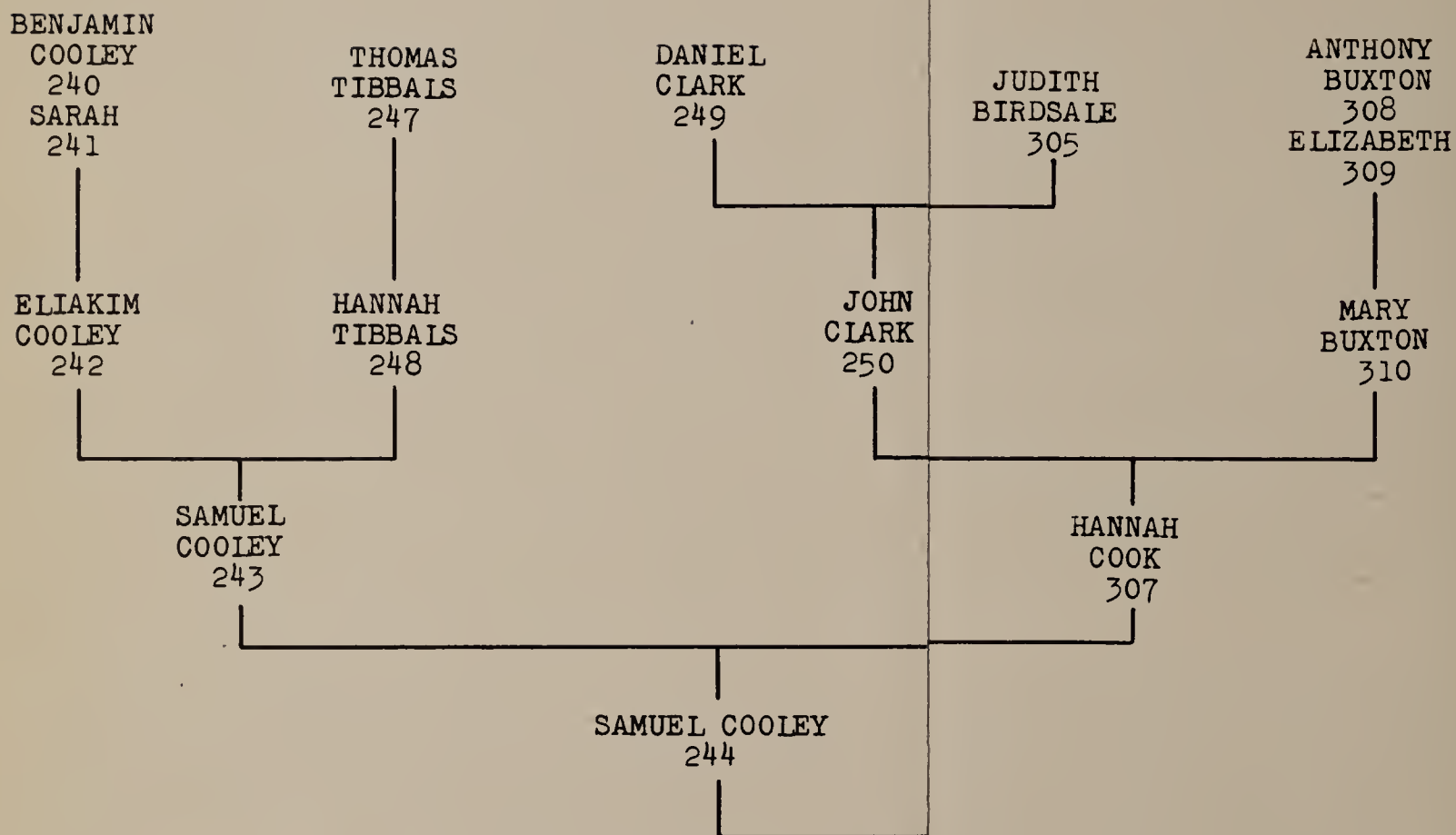


CHART 4

## COOLEY ANCESTRY

### BENJAMIN COOLEY

BENJAMIN COOLEY #240 was born about 1617 and died at Longmeadow, Massachusetts on 17 August 1684. His wife was SARAH #241 and she died on 23 August 1684. Longmeadow then was a part of Springfield. Without doubt Benjamin Cooley came from England, but when and from where has not been determined. He was a weaver by trade, being skilled in weaving both flax and wool, and there is a record that in 1650 he took Samuel Terry as an apprentice for weaving flax. Probably he went to Springfield from some Connecticut town in 1643 at the request of William Pynchon who was very energetic in gathering at Springfield skilled workers in various trades. The first record of him in America is at Springfield when his eldest child Bethia was born on September 16, 1643. On 8 February 1643-4 he was listed as on the jury in a court action between Thomas Merrick and Robert Ashley about a pig. In 1647 he was taxed for 40½ acres of land at Springfield and by grant and purchase he very considerably increased his land holdings so that at his death he held 537 acres.

Each original lot holder shared in the division of common land held by the town and this means helped Benjamin Cooley to increase his holdings. The original house of Benjamin Cooley was located at what is now 537 Main Street, Springfield. Afterwards he moved to Longmeadow where he had purchased land and may have built his Longmeadow house about 1660. He sold his original Springfield house to Richard Sikes in 1667-8. His name is mentioned many times in the Springfield records as serving on juries, holding public offices and in transfers of land. He served as selectman eighteen times. In the record of a selectmen meeting on 11 January 1668-9 he was listed as an Ensign. This was the Hampshire regiment with John Pynchon the Major and Elizir Holyoke the Captain. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties.

His will, probably drawn up as he was near death, was incomplete and filed with the court on 30 September 1684 as imperfect by Jonathan Burt and Benjamin Parsons. The estate was settled by agreement among the heirs, dated 24 and 25 March 1697, whereupon the administrator was released. The inventory valued the estate at over 1200 pounds mostly in real estate. Benjamin and Sarah Cooley had eight children all born in Springfield.

### ELIAKIM COOLEY

ELIAKIM COOLEY #242, the third child of Benjamin and Sarah Cooley was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 8 January 1648-9 and died there on 1 December 1711. On 12 March 1678 he married HANNAH TIBBALS #248, who was born on 13 March 1657, and died on 16 December 1711. She was the daughter of Sergeant Thomas Tibbals. For account of him see #247. Eliakim Cooley was granted land at Springfield in 1670 and again in later years and served as a selectman in 1692, 1703 and 1705. He took the oath of allegiance in 1678 and was a freeman on 19 December 1690. He resided at Longmeadow, a part of Springfield.

It appears that in November 1711 a Frenchman, John Mallefuil, while traveling through Springfield was taken ill and not being able

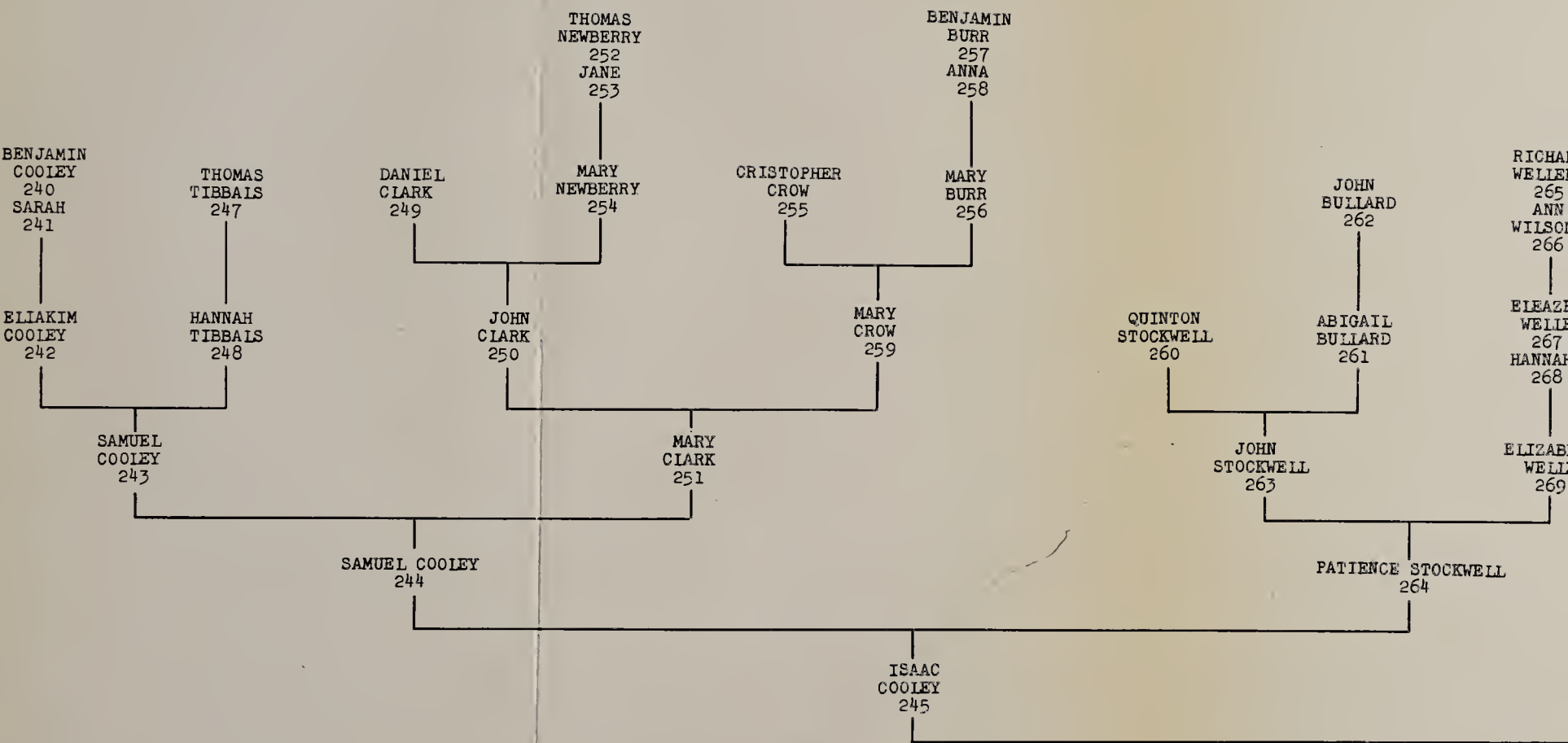


CHART 4

LUC  
 ED  
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 EDWIN  
 ELIAS  
 CATH  
 WALTER  
 ROSE  
 RUSSE

## COOLEY ANCESTRY

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It appears that in November 1711 a Frenchman, John Mallefuil, while traveling through Springfield was taken ill and not being able

to proceed, because of a severe snow storm, stopped at Eliakim Cooley's house. He died there 26 November 1711, probably of a contagious disease, since Eliakim Cooley, his wife and his sister Bethia (Cooley) Chapin all died within a few weeks. After paying the debts of John Mallefuild the remainder of the estate went to the town of Springfield. Later in 1728-9 the town voted money to erect a monument to John Mallefuild's memory, which is now in the Peabody Cemetery there. Eliakim and Hannah Cooley had five children.

#### SAMUEL COOLEY

SAMUEL COOLEY #243, son of Eliakim and Hannah Cooley was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 30 November 1683 and died there on 6 March 1755. On 24 October 1711 he married at Windsor, Connecticut, MARY CLARK #251, daughter of John and Mary Clark. See #249 for her descent from Daniel Clark. After Samuel Cooley's death she married for her second husband Lt. John Anderson of Windsor and she died in Springfield on 3 July 1781. Samuel Cooley was a selectman at Longmeadow, where he resided, for several years between 1723 and 1743. They had four children.

#### SAMUEL COOLEY

SAMUEL COOLEY #244, son of Samuel and Mary Cooley was born on 27 October 1714 at Springfield, Massachusetts, and died there on 10 April 1746. He married PATIENCE STOCKWELL #264, who was born on 5 January 1712-3. She was the widow of Timothy MaCranny. See #260 for her descent from Quinton Stockwell. The marriage intentions of Samuel Cooley and Patience MaCranny were posted on 19 June 1741 and they had two children. After the death of her husband Patience Cooley married Thomas Killam on 24 August 1749.

#### ISAAC COOLEY

ISAAC COOLEY #245, son of Samuel and Patience Cooley was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 30 May 1745 and died there on 4 March 1824. He married three times and his second wife was HULDAH WORTHINGTON #274, who he married on 10 July 1774. See #270 for her descent from Nicholas Worthington. She was born on 23 August 1756 and died on 5 June 1782 at Springfield, Massachusetts. Isaac resided at West Springfield and his home there was lately known as the Martin King place. There is a record in the Register of Deeds, Springfield where on 8 November 1823 he sold his house and lot to a son-in-law Oliver Sexton in return for a life maintenance for himself and his third wife.

A legend says that at the time of Shay's Rebellion he saved his salted shad from Shay's men by partly emptying the barrels of shad and filling them with ashes from the fireplaces. There were four children born to Isaac and Huldah Cooley. Their fourth child, LUCINDA #246, was born on 30 August 1780, died on 26 May 1816, and married ELIAS RUSSELL



#188 on 24 October 1799. Isaac Cooley married his third wife, Abigail Gotty on 10 April 1783 at West Springfield, Massachusetts and they had several children.

Sources: The Cooley Genealogy by M.E.Cooley, 1941.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9,  
p86.  
American Genealogist, vol.13,p64.  
Windsor, Conn., vital records.

#### TIBBALS ANCESTRY

#### THOMAS TIBBALS

Sergeant THOMAS TIBBALS #247 was born about 1615 in England and came to America on the ship Truelove in 1635. He was one of the first settlers of Milford, Connecticut and in 1671 received fifty acres of land for his services in the Pequot War. He was married twice and his first wife was Mary who died in June 1644 and they had two children. Mary Tibbals joined the Milford church on 4 February 1643 and he joined it on 24 February 1645. The name of his second wife is unknown and they had six children. Their daughter HANNAH #248, was born on 13 March 1657, died on 16 December 1711 and married ELIAKIM COOLEY #242 on 12 March 1678.

Source: American Genealogist, vol.12,p170;vol.16,p30-31.

## CLARK ANCESTRY

### DANIEL CLARK

DANIEL CLARK #249 was born at Chester, England about 1622 and died at Windsor, Connecticut on 12 August 1710 in his 88th year. On 13 June 1644 he married MARY NEWBERRY #254, who was baptized on 22 October 1626, in Whitchurch Canonorum County, Dorset, England and died at Windsor, Connecticut, 29 August 1688. See #252 for her descent from Thomas Newberry. Daniel Clark's second wife was Martha (Pitkin) Wolcott widow of Simon Wolcott. Daniel Clark came to America with his uncle the Reverend Ephraim Huet. He visited England during his residence here. He was tax assessor in 1654 and on the second Windsor tax list was listed as having "Family, horse, and two oxen". He was one of the 19 signers and grantees of the charter of Connecticut. In 1662 he was granted 400 acres of land with John Mason. He was recorded in 1640 as a first settler of Windsor. It is possible that Daniel Clark was one of the Clark family of Chester, England who were descended from King Edward I and Queen Eleanor. He was well educated and served as Colonial Secretary 1658-1664, and 1666; Deputy to the General Court 1657-1661 and was appointed a Captain in a cavalry troop in 1664. Daniel and Mary Clark had ten children. His will was dated 31 August 1709 and the inventory of the estate presented 8 September 1710.

### JOHN CLARK

JOHN CLARK #250, son of Daniel and Mary Clark was born at Windsor, Connecticut on 10 April 1656 and died in September 1715. In 1685 he married MARY CROW #259, who was born on October 1665. See #255 for her descent from Christopher Crow. On 24 December 1686 John Clark was admitted as an inhabitant of Simsbury, Connecticut, and moved there from Windsor. Later he returned to Windsor. John Clark left no will. The inventory of his estate was taken in 1715 and on 3 January 1715-6 his widow was appointed executrix. MARY #251, daughter of John and Mary Clark married SAMUEL COOLEY #243 on 24 October 1711. Mary Clark Cooley married in 1720 for her second husband William Randall and she died in Springfield, Massachusetts on 3 July 1781.

Sources: The Cooley Genealogy by M.E. Cooley, 1941.  
The Clark Genealogy by E.L. Walton, 1913.  
Records of Windsor, Conn., in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 5, p65, p365.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring, vol. 1, p425; vol. 2, p177, p370.

## NEWBERRY ANCESTRY

### THOMAS NEWBERRY

THOMAS NEWBERRY #252 came from England to Dorchester, Massachusetts in 1634 and received land there in September of that year and on 28 October 1634 was one of ten men chosen to manage the town affairs for one year. He was again chosen in November 1635. He was active in the group organized to settle Windsor, Connecticut, but died in 1635 before completing his removal there. His unsigned will dated 12 December 1635 was found in the Suffolk County files. The inventory of his estate was made on 28 January 1636. It is possible he was a descendant in the 21st generation of Henry de Newburg, born about 1045, who received large estates in Warwick County from William the Conqueror and built the famous Warwick Castle. His wife was JANE #253. Their daughter MARY #254, was baptized 22 October 1626 in Whitchurch Canonieorum County, Dorset, England, died at Windsor, Connecticut on 29 August 1688 and married DANIEL CLARK #249 on 13 June 1644. Jane Newberry later married Reverend JOHN WARHAM #194.

Sources: The Newberry Genealogy by J.Gardner Bartlett, 1914.  
Randall and Allied Families by F.A.Randall, 1943.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.7,  
p29; vol.21, p276, p334.  
Fourth Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, Mass.

## CROW ANCESTRY

### CHRISTOPHER CROW

CHRISTOPHER CROW #255 was first at Hartford, Connecticut and later went to Windsor where he was in 1668. He became a freeman in 1656. On 15 January 1656 at Hartford, Connecticut, he married MARY BURR #256, daughter of BENJAMIN BURR #257 and his wife ANNA #258 of Hartford, Connecticut. The inventory of the estate of Christopher Crow, which mentioned his children, was taken on 13 December 1680 as he had previously left the Colony.

Benjamin Burr first appeared as an original settler of Hartford, Connecticut and was listed in the land division there in 1639. He was admitted a freeman in 1658 and drew 18 acres of land at East Hartford in 1666. His name is on a monument at the Central Congregational Church at Hartford as a first settler. He is listed as a soldier from Hartford in the Pequot War declared by the Connecticut Colony on 1 May 1637. He died at Hartford on 31 March 1681. His will was dated 2 January 1677 and mentioned his wife who died on 31 August 1683. It also mentioned his daughter Mary Crow and granddaughter Mary Crow.

Christopher and Mary Crow had seven children. Their daughter MARY #259, was born in October 1665 and married JOHN CLARK #250 in 1685.

Sources: The Cooley Genealogy by M.E. Cooley, 1941.  
History of the Burr Family by Charles B. Todd, 1902.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 89, p175.  
Hartford records in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 13, p142.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring, vol. 1, p284, p296.  
Hartford, Conn., vital records.

## STOCKWELL ANCESTRY

### QUINTON STOCKWELL

QUINTON STOCKWELL #260 was a freeman at Dedham, Massachusetts and died on 22 January 1714-5. His wife was ABIGAIL BULLARD #261, daughter of JOHN BULLARD #262 of Dedham. She was born on 8 August 1641 and died on 5 May 1730. In 1664 the town of Dedham authorized Quinton Stockwell to cut timber for fencing and building provided there was no timber on his own land. He did not remain long in any one place for in 1673 he was at Deerfield, Massachusetts, living on lot 30 and boarding the young minister, Samuel Mather. On the breaking up of the Deerfield settlement in 1675 there was apparently an unpaid board bill because in 1684 after the resettling of Deerfield, the town granted him 20 acres of land on Green River on that account.

After the attempted settlement of Deerfield in 1677 he was captured by the Indians on 19 September 1677 and taken to Canada. Increase Mather in his Remarkable Providences describes his captivity in detail. Upon his redemption he lived at Hatfield, Massachusetts and then at Branford, Connecticut, and was at Suffield, Connecticut in 1683, when on 24 August he was admitted as an inhabitant and given 40 acres of land.

He took the Freeman's Oath at Hatfield, Massachusetts on 8 February 1678-9. According to a map of the first settlers of Suffield he had an 8 acre home lot on High Street some time between 1671 and 1684. He was mentioned in the Suffield town records on 31 March 1710. His wife Abigail renewed her baptism covenant at the Congregational Church at Suffield on 15 September 1723.

### JOHN STOCKWELL

JOHN STOCKWELL #263, son of Quinton and Abigail Stockwell was born on 8 October 1676 and resided at Suffield, Connecticut. He was alive in 1732. He was admitted to the Congregational Church at Suffield on 28 April 1728. John Stockwell was a fence viewer at Suffield on 14 March 1708-9, was granted 4 acres of land on 2 April 1713 and 7½ acres on 3 January 1715-6. The town of Suffield relieved him of paying taxes in the year 1725 because he was providing for his mother.

His first wife was ELIZABETH WELLER #269, who he married in Suffield, Connecticut on 12 August 1702. She was born on 12 February 1676 and died on 22 January 1715-6. See #265 for her descent from Richard Weller. PATIENCE STOCKWELL #264, was born on 5 January 1712-3, and baptized on 24 January 1713-4 at Suffield. She was the daughter of John and Elizabeth Stockwell and married Timothy MaCranny for her first husband. SAMUEL COOLEY #244 was her second husband, Thomas Killam of Springfield, Massachusetts her third husband, and Ebenezer Bagg of Springfield her fourth husband. John Stockwell's second wife was Mindwell Old, who he married on 18 December 1716.

Sources: The Cooley Genealogy by M.E. Cooley, 1941.  
The Cooley Family Association Bulletin for January 1946.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935, p447.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 4, p26.

Records of the Congregational Church at Suffield,  
published by the Connecticut Historical Society, 1941  
History of Suffield, Conn., by H.S.Sheldon, 1879, p82,  
p159, p167, p180, p193, p225.  
Ancestors and Descendants of Moses Grant, Sarah Pierce  
and Elizabeth Stockwell etc., by William H. Grant, 1928

### WELLER ANCESTRY

#### RICHARD WELLER

RICHARD WELLER #265 was in Windsor, Connecticut in 1640, in Farmington in 1659, Northampton in 1662 and Deerfield in November 1673. On 17 September 1640 he married ANN WILSON #266 at Windsor and she died on 10 July 1655. In his will dated 24 August 1663 Edward Stebbins of Hartford bequeathed 20s to Richard Weller. He was listed in the Windsor Book of Rates of 18 January 1659-60 as assigned a seat in the church. Richard Weller and his son John took the Freeman's Oath at Northampton, Massachusetts on 8 February 1678.

#### ELEAZER WELLER

ELEAZER WELLER #267, son of Richard and Ann Weller was baptized on 20 November 1650 at Windsor, Connecticut and died on 16 August 1684. On 14 November 1674 he married HANNAH #268, who died on 21 May 1682. Their daughter ELIZABETH #269, was born on 17 April 1680, and married JOHN STOCKWELL #263 on 12 August 1702 at Suffield, Connecticut.

Sources: History of Deerfield by George Sheldon, 1896, vol. 2, p356.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 4,  
p26; vol. 5, p363; vol. 6, p267.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R. Stiles, vol. 1, p179.  
Ancestors and Descendants of Moses Grant, Sarah Pierce,  
Elizabeth Stockwell by William H. Grant, 1928.  
Matthew Grant's Old Church Records of Windsor published  
by the Connecticut Historical Society, 1930.

## WORTHINGTON ANCESTRY

### NICHOLAS WORTHINGTON

NICHOLAS WORTHINGTON #270 first appeared at Hartford, Connecticut, from where he moved to Hatfield, Massachusetts. On 14 May 1668 he was nominated for a freeman at Hartford and was on the list of freemen living on the south side of Hartford on 13 October 1669. About 1668 he married for his first wife Sarah, the widow of John White of Hatfield, Massachusetts and daughter of Thomas and Sarah Bunce of Hartford. She died on 20 June 1676.

After his marriage to Sarah he resided at Hartford with her on the land of her late husband. About 1672 they went to Hatfield and settled on the land previously allotted to her late husband, John White, an original settler at Hatfield. At Northampton, Massachusetts on 30 March 1675 he was freed from military service on account of being lame, but later recovered and marched in May 1676 with Captain Turner in an expedition against the Indians.

His second wife was SUSANNAH #271 and their children were born at Hatfield. Nicholas Worthington died on 6 September 1683 and his widow married Jonathan Ball about 1686 and moved to Springfield. She died on 9 March 1727. Nicholas Worthington was a constable at Hatfield in 1679 and a selectman in 1681. His estate was inventoried 21 December 1683.

### JONATHAN WORTHINGTON

JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #272, was the son of Nicholas and Susannah Worthington. On 19 February 1708 at Springfield, Massachusetts, he married ELIZABETH SCOTT #277, who was born on 2 September 1683 and died on 18 September 1743. See #275 for her descent from John Scott. On 21 March 1744 Jonathan Worthington married his second wife, Experience, widow of Christopher Fowler.

The parish records of the First Congregational Church of West Springfield state that on 7 April 1707 the west side inhabitants voted that every male in his 21st year or older should be accounted an inhabitant and that they possessed the land to be granted them by the town. This was attested by Samuel Ely, clerk, and among those present were BENJAMIN LEONARD #511, JAMES MERRICK #517 and JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #272

There were to be lots granted in three divisions of land; the first division to be from the top of the hill next to the Agawam River to Dorbey Brook; the second to begin at the brook and extend to the end of the land given by the town; and the third division below the Agawam River. Due to some difficulty the committee did not lay out the lots, for in 1720 all that had been decided in 1707 was reversed and at a meeting of the proprietors on 19 April 1720 a new list of those entitled to land was drawn up. Added to the list were those who came since 1707. BENJAMIN LEONARD #511, JAMES MERRICK #517 and JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #272 were among those on this new list and the land was so divided.

## JONATHAN WORTHINGTON

JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #273, son of Jonathan and Elizabeth Worthington was born on 17 June 1715. He married MARY PURCHASE #299, who was born at Wallingford, Connecticut on 30 August 1717 and baptized with two sisters on 18 January 1727 at Somers, Connecticut. See #293 for her descent from Thomas Purchase. HULDAH #274, daughter of Jonathan and Mary Worthington, was born on 23 August 1756, and died on 5 June 1782 at Springfield, Massachusetts. She married ISAAC COOLEY #245 on 10 July 1774 and their marriage intentions were posted at West Springfield on 28 June 1774.

Sources: Genealogy of the Worthington Family by George Worthington 1894.  
Genealogical and Family History of Conn., by W.R.Cutter, 1911.  
Genealogical Notes of some of the First Settlers of Conn. and Mass., by Nathaniel Goodwin, 1856.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.  
Cooley Genealogy by M.E. Cooley, 1941.  
Vital records of West Springfield, Mass.  
Descendants of William Scott of Hatfield and John Scott of Springfield, Mass., by O.P. Allen, 1906.  
American Genealogist, vol. 18, p19.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 29, p54, p283-289.

## SCOTT ANCESTRY

### JOHN SCOTT

JOHN SCOTT #275 was born in England and died in Suffield, Connecticut on 2 January 1689-90. He married SARAH BLISS #292 at Springfield, Massachusetts on 20 July 1659 and this is the first record of his appearance in America. His widow Sarah married for her second husband Samuel Terry. She died on 27 September 1705. See #278 for her descent from William Bliss. John Scott bought land at Springfield in 1664. He took part in the Falls Fight under Captain Turner. He took the oath of allegiance at Springfield in 1678 and shortly thereafter moved to Suffield, Connecticut, as an early grantee. His estate was valued at about 224 pounds. Of the children of John and Sarah Scott there were SARAH #276, born 19 October 1663, died 2 December 1751 who married BENJAMIN LEONARD #511 on 9 February 1679-80 and ELIZABETH #277, born 2 September 1683 at Suffield, Connecticut, died 18 September 1743 who married JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #272 on 19 February 1708.

Sources: Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W. Ferris, 1931.  
Descendants of William Scott of Hartford and John Scott of Springfield, Mass., by O.P. Allen, 1906.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.



## BLISS ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM BLISS

WILLIAM BLISS #278, son of RICHARD BLISS #279 and grandson of RICHARD BLISS #280, both of Daventry, Northampton County, England, was born there between 1530 and 1535. Daventry is 72 miles from London and in that vicinity the ancestors of the Bliss emigrants to America had lived for 150 years and in that County for 279 years. There are no birth records of these Richard Bliss's, but such evidence as is available indicates the birth of the senior one about 1460-65 and the other one about 1500. Their wives are not known.

William Bliss was a blacksmith as were most of his sons and grand sons. The only records available of him are his second marriage, the baptisms and burials of three of eight children, his will and his own burial. From these it appears he first married about 1550 and his first wife died before September 1561. He married ELIZABETH #281, his second wife on 20 September 1561.

He was a member of "The Companye of the Shoemakers, Tanners, Whittawars, Glovers and Smithes" which was one of the two tradesmen's guilds which controlled the borough business affairs. He owned a forge in the nearby town of Staverton in addition to his forge at Daventry. His will was dated 19 July 1574 and he was buried the next day. His will mentioned his wife and living children as well as those to whom he owed money. His wife Elizabeth was buried in September 1596. By his first wife William Bliss had four or five children of whom one was WILLIAM #282. By his second wife there were the remainder of his eight children of whom one was JOHN #289.

### WILLIAM BLISS

WILLIAM BLISS #282, son of William Bliss was born at Daventry, Northampton County, England about 1556-58 and inherited from his father all his tools and forge at Daventry. He married between the death of his father in 1574 and 1580 when a son was born. The name of his wife is not known and the baptism of only one son William was recorded.

### THOMAS BLISS

THOMAS BLISS #283, was probably the son of William Bliss although neither his birth or baptism have been recorded. His birth was between 1582 and 1586. At Daventry he married DOROTHY WHEATLIE #284 on 22 November 1614 and Thomas Mariott, the minister, performed the ceremony. She was the daughter of JOHN WHEATLIE #285, who was the master warden of the "Company of Mercers, Woollendrapers, Taylors, Innkeepers and Fullers" as well as bailiff. There were several references in the company records to Wheatlie and Bliss. Thomas Bliss owned no land and was not so taxed although his father-in-law was taxed for land he owned.

Thomas and Dorothy Bliss had seven children whose baptisms were recorded at the church of Holy Cross of the Established Church of England. Of these only four were named in the father's will at Rehoboth

dated 7 October 1647 and proved at Plymouth on 8 June 1649 by the witnesses Steven Paine and Edward Smith. The estate was inventoried on 21 October 1647. At the time of their leaving England their oldest child with them was 23 years old and the youngest, Jonathan, 12 years old.

Thomas Bliss resided for a time near Boston, Massachusetts where on 24 February 1640 he was granted 36 acres of land on the basis of four acres for each member of his family. Later he took the Freeman's Oath at Weymouth on 18 May 1642 and left there with others after 1643 on account of religious differences which split the town. They went to Rehoboth, Massachusetts which had just previously been settled.

The land where Rehoboth was settled was purchased in 1641 from the Indian chief Massasoit and was a tract eight miles square which included the present towns of Rehoboth, Seekonk and Pawtucket. The name Rehoboth was given to the settlement in 1645. On 9 June 1645 Thomas Bliss was granted lot 30, in 1646 he was a fence viewer, and in 1647 surveyor of highways. Dorothy Bliss died before her husband. This Thomas Bliss was a cousin of the Thomas Bliss, emigrant, who settled at Hartford, Connecticut.

#### JONATHAN BLISS

JONATHAN BLISS #286, son of Thomas and Dorothy Bliss was born in Daventry, Northampton County, England in 1626 and died in Rehoboth, Massachusetts in 1687. He came with his parents to America and about 1648 married MIRIAM HARMON #287, who was born in England and died at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 21 May 1706. She was the sister of Nathaniel Harmon of Braintree, Massachusetts, who married Mary Bliss, sister of Jonathan Bliss. It appears probable that she came to America with her parents. Their daughter BETHEA #288, was born in August 1671, died on 27 February 1702-3, and married DANIEL CARPENTER #445 on 15 April 1695.

#### JOHN BLISS

JOHN BLISS #289, the youngest son of William and Elizabeth Bliss was born at Daventry, Northampton County, England in 1562 and was buried on 8 September 1617. He married on 1 August 1614 for his second wife Alice Smith who died in 1625 and was buried 26 March 1625. The name of his first wife is not known. His father stipulated in his will that his son Nicholas, an older brother of John, should teach John the blacksmith trade. Apparently this happened because John left Daventry and became the village blacksmith at Preston Parva, six miles south. There is no record of his first marriage, but records do exist of his second marriage, the baptism of his last child, his own burial, the burial of his second wife and the marriages of two of his children.

John and Alice Bliss remained members of the Established Church in good standing and their burials were recorded in the Register of St. Peter's church at Preston Capes, just a mile from Preston Parva. John Bliss had six children by his first wife of whom one was THOMAS #290 and one by his second wife. In his will dated the day of his death on 8 September 1617 he mentioned all his children and his wife Alice. The will was probated on 11 October 1617.

## THOMAS BLISS

THOMAS BLISS #290, son of John Bliss was born at Preston Parva, Northampton County, England and died at Hartford, Connecticut about 1650 as his estate was inventoried on 14 February 1650. He married his wife MARGARET #291 in England. Thomas Bliss apparently withdrew from the Church of England as neither his marriage nor his children's baptisms were recorded in the church records.

Thomas Bliss with his wife Margaret and family came to America about 1635 and resided first for a time at Braintree, Massachusetts, where he was granted 36 acres of land on 24 February 1639-40 based on a family of nine. The same year he was recorded as at Hartford, Connecticut, owning land there where he made his home. He was listed as one of the original proprietors. His home lot was number 58 and his son Thomas's lot was number 59. Apparently he did not hold public office or if so there is no record of it. His estate was inventoried on 14 February 1650 and totaled about 86 pounds which all went to his wife Margaret.

Shortly thereafter his widow moved to Springfield, Massachusetts with her unmarried children and on 22 January 1651 was granted land there. She sold land at Hartford, possibly all she owned there, and purchased additional land at Springfield including a seven acre home lot next to land owned by her son-in-law Joseph Parsons. It appears she was an efficient business woman and very capable because for about thirty four years she increased her property considerably. Margaret made her will on 25 June 1684 and died at Springfield on 28 August 1684.

This Thomas Bliss was a cousin of the Thomas Bliss, emigrant, who settled at Rehoboth, Massachusetts. Thomas and Margaret Bliss had eleven known children of whom one was SARAH #292, who on 20 July 1659 at Springfield, Massachusetts married JOHN SCOTT #275. She died on 27 September 1705.

### General Bliss Note

The above is based on the research outlined in The Bliss Book by Charles A. Hoppin. There are those who consider it more likely that THOMAS BLISS #283 of Rehoboth was the son of JOHN BLISS #289 rather than WILLIAM BLISS #282 and that the English origin of THOMAS BLISS #290 of Hartford is still not known.

Sources: The Bliss Book by Charles A. Hoppin, 1913.  
Genealogy of the Bliss Family by John H. Bliss, 1881&1904.  
The Harmon Genealogy by A.C. Harmon, 1920.  
Plymouth Colony Wills, vol.1, p67-8.  
The Granberry Family by E.F. Waterman and D.L. Jacobus, 1945.

## PURCHASE ANCESTRY

### THOMAS PURCHASE

THOMAS PURCHASE #293 was born in England about 1577 and came to New England in 1628. In 1631 at Boston, Massachusetts he married Mary Grove. She died at Boston on 7 January 1655. He then married ELIZABETH (ANDREWS) PIKE #294, widow of Richard Pike of Newbury and daughter of SAMUEL ANDREWS #295 and his wife JANE #296 of Maine. Samuel Andrews called a "citizen of London" came in 1635 to New England on the ship Increase with his wife Jane and two daughters Jane and Elizabeth, aged 3 and 2 respectively. He was then 37 years old and his wife Jane was 30 years old. Samuel Andrews died soon after his arrival and his widow Jane married Arthur Mackworth of Falmouth, Maine and they had children. On his death Arthur Mackworth left his property at Mussel Cove near Falmouth, to their children and to her children. In this way property there descended to Elizabeth (Andrews) (Pike) Purchase.

At the time of the marriage of Thomas Purchase and Elizabeth Pike she was in her twenties and Thomas Purchase was 80 years old. She had one child Samuel by her husband Pike and five by her marriage to Thomas Purchase.

Thomas Purchase was one of the original owners of the Pejepscot Patent near Brunswick, Maine because on 16 June 1632 the Plymouth Company granted to Thomas Purchase and George Way a Patent Right to what was called the Pejepscot Patent. This is further evidenced by a quit claim deed of 14 May 1734 in which his grandson Thomas Purchase of Enfield, Connecticut conveyed to Samuel Waldo of Boston all claims to that Patent which descended to him from his grandfather, Thomas Purchase.

On 22 August 1639 Thomas Purchase granted John Winthrop of Massachusetts Bay Colony land on both sides of the Androscoggin River four miles square toward the sea for purposes of planting a colony. Thomas Purchase of Pejepscot, New England between 1638 and 1641 appointed Daniel Adams, roper, of Bristol, England his attorney. Thomas Purchase left Maine when King Philips War started in 1675.

Thomas Purchase died on 11 May 1678 at Lynn, Massachusetts being then about 100 years old. His widow married John Blaney in November 1678. The will of Thomas Purchase was dated 2 May 1677 and mentioned his wife and five children and a cousin Oliver Purchase of Lynn, Massachusetts, and a cousin Edward Allen of Boston. The inventory of his estate was allowed on 25 July 1678 and listed the 1000 acres at Pejepscot. In 1683 John Blaney and his wife Elizabeth conveyed to Richard Wharton all land under the Pejepscot Patent for 150 pounds of which 20 pounds was paid immediately and 130 pounds on producing a copy of the Pejepscot Patent. It seems probable that her son Thomas Purchase sailed for England to obtain such a copy when he was lost at sea as outlined below.

### THOMAS PURCHASE

THOMAS PURCHASE #297, was the eldest son of Thomas and Elizabeth Purchase. On 3 December 1679 he married ELIZABETH WILLIAMS #303, daughter of JOHN WILLIAMS #302 of Salem. Thomas Purchase signed the petition of June 1680 for a new meeting house. He was lost at sea on a

ship that sailed for England in 1681 and was never heard of again. He was declared legally dead in 1684. The inventory of his estate was dated 27 June 1685 and made by John Blaney and Henry Skerry.

#### THOMAS PURCHASE

THOMAS PURCHASE #298, the only son of Thomas and Elizabeth Purchase was born on 29 January 1679-80 and died at West Springfield, Massachusetts on 27 December 1758. On 2 January 1702 he married HANNAH COOK #307, who was born at Salem, Massachusetts on 9 October 1684 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 5 April 1753. See #304 for her descent from Henry Cook. Thomas Purchase was a blacksmith by trade and resided at Salem early in life. On 6 March 1713 he purchased land and a house there from Mrs. Barbary Hide and Mrs. Elizabeth Gardner and on 18 May 1716 sold this same property to Isaac Williams.

In 1716 he was at Wallingford, Connecticut, and from there went to Enfield, Connecticut, being invited to come because he was a blacksmith. As an inducement he was given a grant of 50 acres of land at Enfield as recorded in the town records of 4 February 1717, provided he would remain and work at his trade for 2 or 3 years. In 1718 he acquired land in that part of Enfield which was later Somers as recorded by deed C494. In 1741 he bought land at Springfield, Massachusetts as recorded by deed M572. In 1757 he made further purchases of land at Somers as recorded by deeds T457 and 2915. His second wife was Bridget Huggins who he married on 28 August 1753.

MARY #299, daughter of Thomas and Hannah Purchase, was born at Wallingford on 30 August 1717, baptized at Somers on 18 January 1727, and married JONATHAN WORTHINGTON #273.

- Sources: Essex Antiquarian, vol.10,p132,p167.  
New Haven Families by D.L.Jacobus, vol.6,p1498.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B. Warren. Typed by Ella May Lewis of Springfield, Mass., 1935.  
History of Enfield, Conn., by F.O.Allen,1900,p249,p696.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.40,  
p270.  
Lynn, Mass., vital records.  
Salem, Mass., vital records.  
Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston, 1883,  
vol.9,p52.  
Celebration of the 150th Anniversary of Brunswick,Maine  
13 June 1889, p57-64.  
Maine Historical and Genealogical Recorder,vol.8;vol.9.  
Essex County Probate Records by Essex Institute, 1916,  
vol.3,p231,p233.

## WILLIAMS ANCESTRY

### GEORGE WILLIAMS

GEORGE WILLIAMS #300 took the oath of freeman in Salem on 14 May 1634, was a juror there in 1636 and a Custom House officer in 1654. His will was dated 23 September 1654 and probated on 18 November 1654. The will of his wife MARIE #301 was dated 1 October 1654 and was probated on 17 November 1654 and since they died so close together it seems probable their deaths were due to some sort of an epidemic. In her will she mentioned her husband as deceased so he died prior to 1 October 1654. Some of their children were probably born in England but four were baptized in Salem.

### JOHN WILLIAMS

JOHN WILLIAMS #302, eldest son of George Williams and his wife Marie, was an early resident of Salem and is now referred to as "John the Cooper". He is mentioned in his father's will. In 1657 he and his brother Samuel were fined for felling trees on the town common. His will was dated in 1696 and proved the next year. ELIZABETH #303, daughter of John Williams and his wife married THOMAS PURCHASE #297 on 3 December 1679.

Sources: Probate Records of Essex County by Essex Institute, 1916, vol.1, p195, p199.  
Pope's Pioneers of Massachusetts, p499.  
Essex Institute Historical Collections, vol.9, p19, p25, p33, p101.

## COOK ANCESTRY

### HENRY COOK

HENRY COOK #304 was born at Blythe, Yorkshire, England in 1615 and died at Salem, Massachusetts on 25 December 1661. On 16 June 1639 he married JUDITH BIRDSALE #305, who died on 11 September 1689 at Salem, Massachusetts. There was a Henry Birdsail at Salem as early as 1638 when he was made a freeman on 2 May 1638. He was a juryman in 1639, witnessed a will on 28 October 1643 and died in 1651. Since he was the only one of that name at Salem when Judith was married it is possible he was her father.

Henry Cook resided at Salem, Massachusetts and at a town meeting there on 29 October 1638 requested to be admitted as an inhabitant. His house which he purchased from Edmund Thompson on 17 January 1645 was

on what is now Washington St. His widow Judith sold it on 13 January 1663 to Walter Price. He owned a lot in South field in 1652. On 22 August 1657 Henry Cook purchased a home lot from Alice Bullock, administratrix of the estate of her husband Henry Bullock. Judith, widow of Henry Cook, conveyed part of this land to her son Isaac on 26 October 1680 and a part on 15 June 1687.

#### JOHN COOK

JOHN COOK #306, youngest son of Henry and Judith Cook was born at Salem, Massachusetts on 6 September 1647 and died in November 1716. On 28 December 1671 he married MARY BUXTON #310 and she survived him. See #308 for her descent from Anthony Buxton. She was born about 1641 and was baptized, according to a church entry, on 18 September 1720 being then over 70 years of age. John Cook purchased land in Salem in 1672 and was a blacksmith. HANNAH #307, their daughter and sixth child was born on 9 September 1684, and married THOMAS PURCHASE #298.

Sources: History of Salem, Mass., by Sidney Perley, 1926, vol.1&2.  
Essex Registry of Deeds, Book 8, leaf 70; Book 2, leaf 76.  
Essex Institute Historical Collections, vol.1, pl14;  
vol.50, p64, p165, p314.

#### BUXTON ANCESTRY

##### ANTHONY BUXTON

ANTHONY BUXTON #308 was born about 1610 and was in Salem in 1637 or earlier and died at Salem between 8 March and 29 July 1684. His wife ELIZABETH #309 survived him. At a town meeting in Salem on 8 November 1637 he was admitted as an inhabitant. He owned a lot in the North field in 1680. The town records of Salem contain in the handwriting of Roger Conant a record of the division of land at a town meeting on 25 December 1637 at which time he received  $\frac{1}{2}$  acre of meadow land. On 6 March 1666 he was chosen a surveyor. On 18 February 1661-2 he was granted 20 acres of land and again on 11 April 1664, 30 acres. A list of Salem proprietors of 1637 indicates he was not then married as he was listed as "one person". In his will he bequeathed to his son John "my great bel mettles mortor which I brought out of England to be his and his heyers forever". MARY #310, their daughter married JOHN COOK #306.

Sources: History of Salem, Mass., by Sidney Perley, 1926, vol.1&2.  
Granberry Family by E.F. Waterman and D.L. Jacobus, 1945.  
Probate Records of Essex County, vol.1, pl82, pl83.  
Town Records of Salem, 1868, p59, p63, pl02.  
Essex Historical Collections, vol.9, p59; vol.51, pl83.







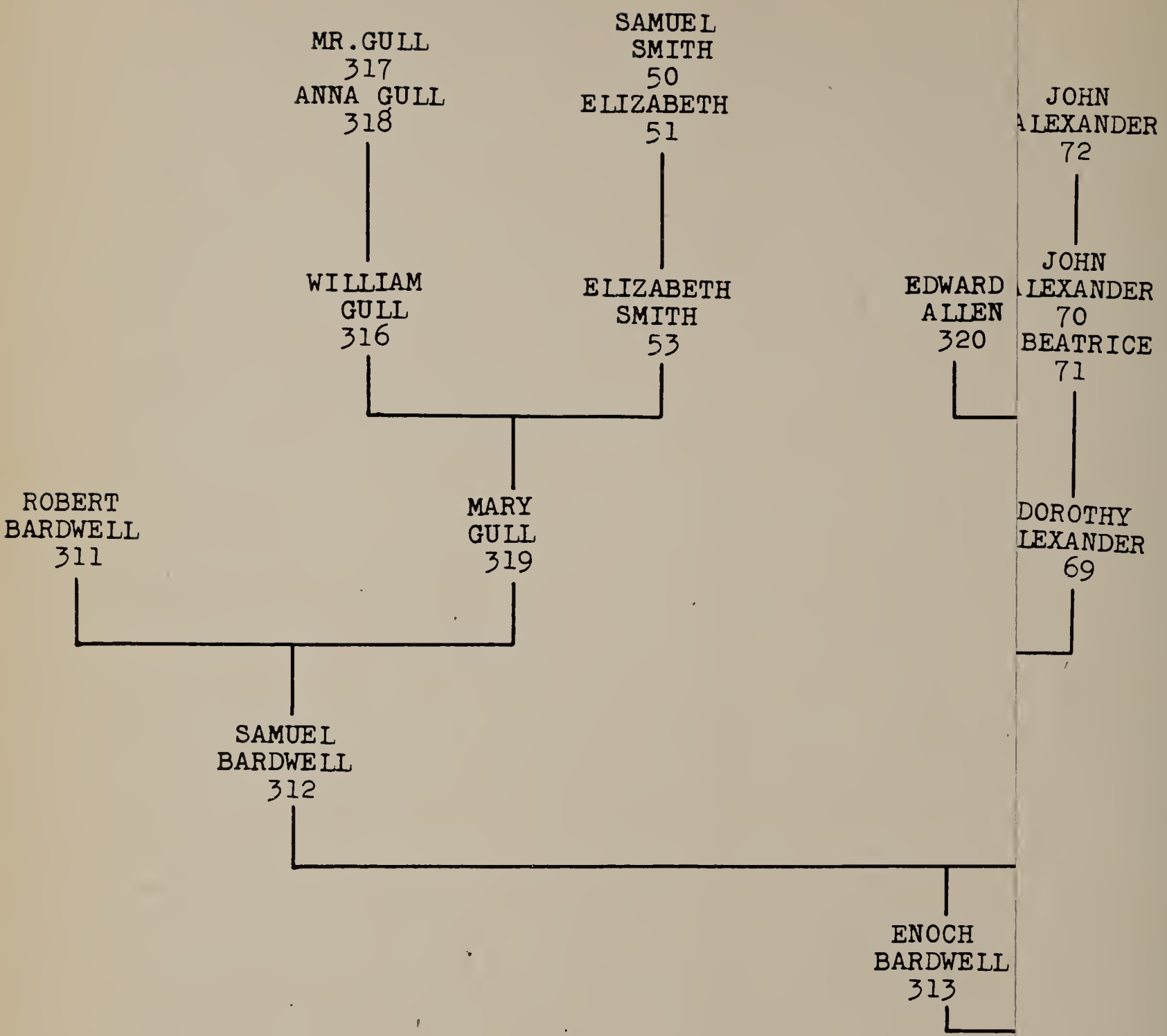


CHART 5

## BARDWELL ANCESTRY

### ROBERT BARDWELL

ROBERT BARDWELL #311 was born in England and died in New England on 9 January 1726. He came from London where in 1667 he was an apprentice to a hat maker and resided at Hatfield, Massachusetts and Deerfield, Massachusetts. His wife MARY GULL #319, who he married on 29 November 1676, died on 12 November 1726 and was the daughter of William and Anna Gull. See #316 for her descent from William Gull. In America Robert Bardwell learned the art of making wool hats. He was a soldier in the famous so called Swamp Fight against the Narraganset Indians on 19 December 1675. In April 1676 he was a sergeant under Captain Turner at Hatfield and later in the Falls fight. After the war he set up a hatters shop at Hatfield. He took the freeman oath at Hatfield on 8 February 1678.

### SAMUEL BARDWELL

SAMUEL BARDWELL #312, son of Robert Bardwell and his wife Mary was born on 26 September 1685 and died at Deerfield, Massachusetts, on 18 March 1771. He came to Deerfield in 1711 and settled on lot 39, the Dennis Stebbins lot, where he and his descendants kept a tavern for about 90 years. His wife MARTHA ALLEN #322, was born on 6 November 1694, and died on 11 February 1778. She was the daughter of Edward Allen and his wife Mercy Painter. See #320 for her descent from Edward Allen. Samuel and Martha Bardwell were buried in the old cemetery on the Albany Road at Deerfield, Massachusetts, and his stone bears the following epitaph:

"Come hither mortals, cast an eye  
then go thy way, prepare to die,  
here read thy Doom  
for die thou must  
one Day like me be turned to dust"

### ENOCH BARDWELL

ENOCH BARDWELL #313, son of Samuel and Martha Bardwell was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 25 February 1721-2 and died on 22 September 1817. On 5 December 1745 he married EXPERIENCE STEBBINS #75, born at Deerfield on 31 October 1727, the daughter of John and Mary Stebbins. See #54 for her descent from Rowland Stebbins. Enoch Bardwell moved early to Montague, Massachusetts and was present at the first town meeting there in 1751 and later, before the American Revolution, moved to (Foxtown) Shelburne, Massachusetts. His wife Experience died before 1793 for in that year he married widow Martha Field.

### EBENEZER BARDWELL

EBENEZER BARDWELL #314, son of Enoch and Experience Bardwell was born on 23 August 1746 and died on 29 November 1798. In September 1771

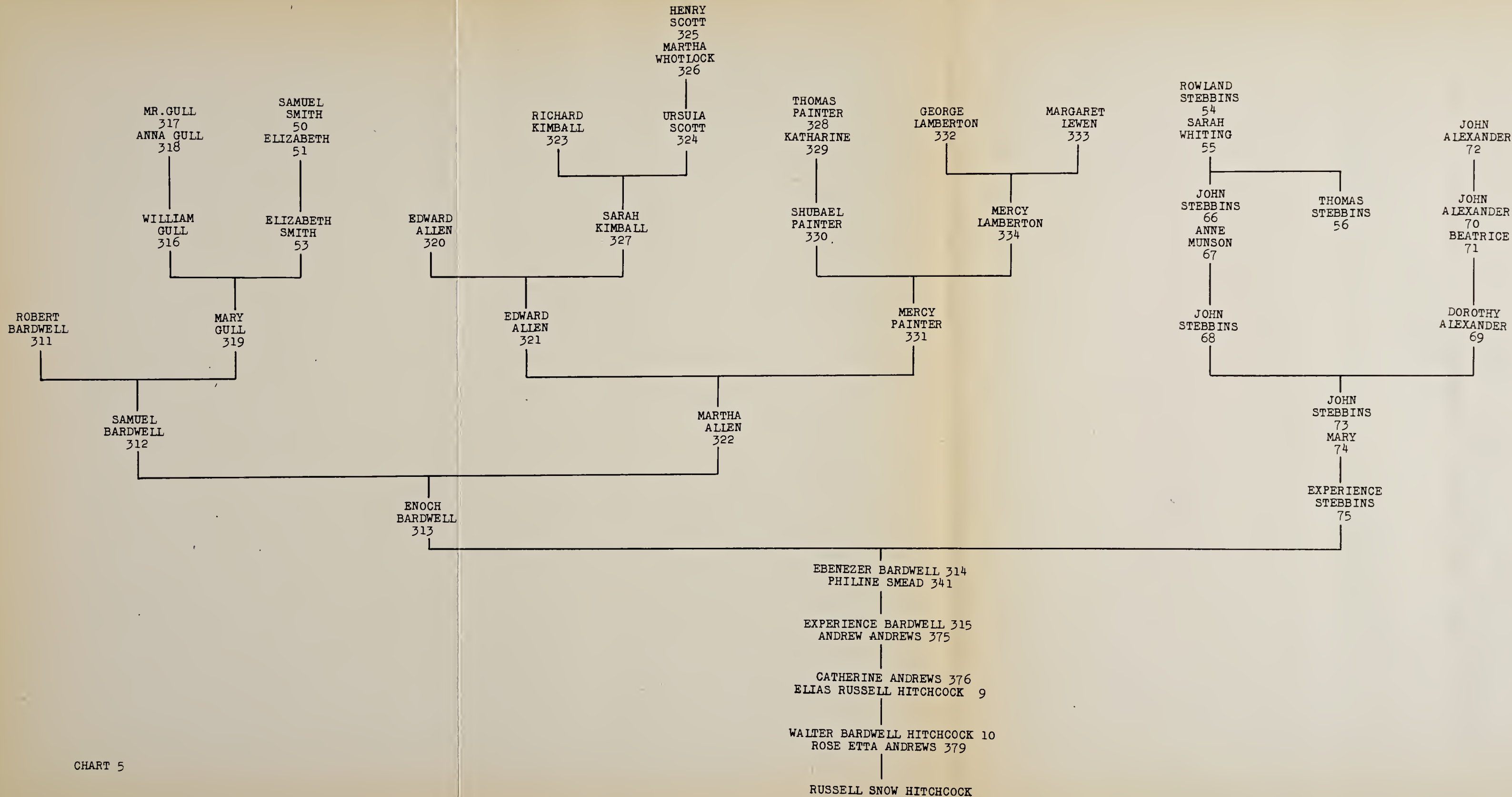


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### EBENEZER BARDWELL

EBENEZER BARDWELL #314, son of Enoch and Experience Bardwell was born on 23 August 1746 and died on 29 November 1798. In September 1771

he married PHILINE SMEAD #341 of Greenfield, Massachusetts, who was baptized on 3 August 1747, and died on 4 October 1805. She was the daughter of Jonathan and Mehitable Smead. See #335 for her descent from the emigrant Smead. EXPERIENCE #315, daughter of Ebenezer and Philine Bardwell, born on 10 May 1789, died on 22 October 1885 at Deerfield, married ANDREW ANDREWS #375 on 18 May 1820.

Sources: Stebbins Genealogy by Ralph and Robert Greenlee, 1904.  
Vital records of Deerfield, Mass.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
Epitaphs in the Old Burying Ground at Deerfield by  
C. Alice Baker and E. L. Coleman.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 4,  
p26.

## GULL ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM GULL

WILLIAM GULL #316 was the son of \_\_\_\_\_ Gull #317 and his wife ANNA #318. After his death she married in England for her second husband NATHANIEL DICKINSON #127. William Gull came to America with his mother and father-in-law in June 1630 and resided at Watertown before going to Wethersfield, Connecticut where he was one of the 59 men who on 18 April 1659, at Hartford, Connecticut, signed an agreement to move and settle Hadley. A petition had been presented on 20 May 1658 to the General Court of Massachusetts for permission to move from Hartford and Wethersfield to "Nonotuck or elsewhere". This was granted on 25 May 1658 and in October of the same year Northampton agreed to "give away" Capawonk under certain conditions. The agreement of 18 April 1659 also included certain rules of conduct and for the division of land.

Some of these settlers moved and founded Hadley in the fall of 1659. Others came up from Hartford and Wethersfield in 1660 and early 1661. There appears to be no record as to when William Gull arrived, but he must have been one of the earliest, because in the assignment of land on the west side of the river he received his full share of land of 8 acres of home lot and 27 acres 60 rods of meadow land, part of it in each of four meadows. The original settlement at Hadley included land on both sides of the Connecticut River. The west side eventually became Hatfield while the east side remained Hadley.

William Gull was a signer of a petition dated 19 February 1668-9 protesting an order of 7 November 1668 imposing duties on goods and merchandise. He appears not to have held office nor does his name appear in court records. He became a freeman in 1673. His will was made on 12 April 1701 and proved on 18 December 1701 so his death was between those dates. William Gull's wife was ELIZABETH SMITH #53, who was born about 1627. See #50 for her descent from Samuel Smith. She was the widow of Nathaniel Foote, who died at Hartford, Connecticut in 1655. The inventory of Nathaniel Foote's estate dated 23 September 1655 mentioned his children as Nathan then 7 years old, Samuel 5 years, Daniel 4 years, Elizabeth 3 years. MARY #319, daughter of William and Elizabeth Gull, was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut and married ROBERT BARDWELL #311 on 29 November 1676. She died on 12 November 1726.

Sources: History of Hadley by Sylvester Judd, 1863.  
Descendants of Nathaniel and Anna Gull Dickinson by  
Frederick Dickinson, 1897.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9,  
p91.  
Foote Genealogy by Goodwin, 1849.  
Foote Family by A.W. Foote, 1907.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring,  
vol. 1, p113.

## ALLEN ANCESTRY

### EDWARD ALLEN

EDWARD ALLEN #320 resided at Ipswich, Massachusetts and at Suffield, Connecticut and died on 21 November 1696. On 24 November 1658 he married SARAH KIMBALL #327, who was born at Watertown, Massachusetts in 1635, and died on 12 June 1690. She was the daughter of Richard and Ursula Kimball. See #323 for her descent from Richard Kimball. Edward Allen was a weaver by trade and in 1658 was at Ipswich, Massachusetts. In 1662 he lived on a farm owned by Rev. John Norton of Boston and in 1670 his barn was struck by lightning and burned with 60 loads of barley.

In 1678 he moved to Suffield, Connecticut where he received a grant of 60 acres. A map of Suffield showing the first settlers there between 1671 and 1684 indicates he had a home lot on Feather St. Edward Allen was voted an inhabitant of Springfield, Massachusetts at the town meeting on 23 December 1684 and at that time Suffield was a part of Springfield. His will made one week before his death mentioned among his children, five sons and two daughters. In the will he asked that the older sons instruct the younger sons in the art of weaving. The inventory of his estate was taken on 17 December 1696.

### EDWARD ALLEN

EDWARD ALLEN #321, son of Edward and Sarah Allen was born on 1 May 1663 and died on 10 February 1739-40. On 24 November 1683 he married MERCY PAINTER #331, who was born about 1664, and the daughter of Shubael Painter and his wife Mercy Lamberton. See #328 for her descent from Thomas Painter.

Edward Allen went to Suffield, Connecticut in 1678 with his father and had a grant of 40 acres and later in 1686 was granted 40 acres on Green River at Deerfield, Massachusetts, to which place he moved. A map of Suffield showing the first settlers there between 1671 and 1684 indicates he had a home lot on Feather St. He was Town Clerk between 1704 and 1712 and Moderator of the town meetings twice between 1727 and 1731. He was selectman eight times between 1694 and 1716. MARTHA #322, a daughter of Edward and Mercy Allen, was born on 6 November 1694, died on 11 February 1778, and married SAMUEL BARDWELL #312.

Sources: History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
Life and Times of Henry Burt of Springfield by H.M.Burt, 1893.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.68, p274.  
History of Suffield, Conn., by H.S.Sheldon, 1879.



## KIMBALL ANCESTRY

### RICHARD KIMBALL

RICHARD KIMBALL #323 was born in England about 1595 and died at Ipswich, Massachusetts on 22 June 1675. He came from Rattlesden, Suffolk County, England where he was a wheelwright. The group sailed from England the last of April 1634 on the ship Elizabeth and included his wife, seven children, mother-in-law Martha Scott and her son Thomas Scott with his family. Richard Kimball's age was given as 39 on the passenger list. He settled first at Watertown and had a home lot of six acres which was near what is now the corner of Huron Ave. and Appleton St., Cambridge. He became a freeman on 6 May 1635.

About 1636-7 he moved to Ipswich, Massachusetts, which needed a wheelwright, and resided there afterwards. The town granted him a home lot there on 23 February 1637 and 40 acres of land beyond the north river near the land of Robert Scott. In 1639 he was given permission to pasture two cows free. On 22 December 1639 he was given 2 pounds for killing 2 foxes. In January 1649 permission was granted him by the town to cut such white oak as he needed for his trade and again in 1660 similar permission to cut 20 white oak trees. Richard Kimball's first wife was URSULA SCOTT #324, who died on 21 October 1661 and was the daughter of HENRY SCOTT #325 and MARTHA WHOTLOCK #326.

Henry Scott's will was made at Rattlesden, Suffolk, England on 24 September 1623 and proved on 10 January 1624-5 and mentioned his wife Martha and grandchildren Abigail, Henry, Elizabeth and Richard, all Kimballs. His son Thomas Scott was also mentioned. Martha Whotlock, who married Henry Scott on 23 July 1594, was baptized on 18 July 1568, the daughter of Thomas and Joan Whotlock. Thomas Whotlock was buried 25 January 1608 "a very old man". His wife Joan was buried 14 March 1610. Their son Robert was baptized 20 July 1564 and buried on 28 September 1622. Martha Whotlock was the sister of Robert Whotlock of Rattlesden, knacker, whose will dated 20 September 1622, proved on 8 October 1622 mentioned sister Martha Scott and kinswoman Ursula Kimball. No wife was mentioned.

Richard Kimball's second wife was Margaret Dow, widow of Henry Dow of Hampton, New Hampshire, who he married on 23 October 1661 and she died on 1 May 1676. Richard Kimball's will was dated 5 March 1674-5, proved at Ipswich, Massachusetts on 28 September 1675 and the inventory of the estate was taken on 12 July 1675. SARAH #327, a daughter of Richard and Ursula Kimball, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts in 1635, died on 12 June 1690, and married EDWARD ALLEN #320 on 24 November 1658.

Sources: History of the Kimball Family in America by Morrison and Sharples, 1897.

Kimball Family News, January 1898 to August 1902.

The Allen Memorial, Descendants of Edward Allen of Nantucket by O.P. Allen, 1905.

Pope's Pioneers of Massachusetts.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 52, p248.

The History of the Church and Parish of Rattlesden by Rev. J.R. Olorenshaw, 1900, p134, p225, p240, p252, p254, p255, p265.

## PAINTER ANCESTRY

### THOMAS PAINTER

THOMAS PAINTER #328 was first recorded in America at Boston, Massachusetts on 17 October 1636 when the town of Boston authorized a lane from "cove to cove" between the land of Thomas Marshall and Thomas Paynter. On 31 October 1638 he sold to George Barrell of Boston for 28 pounds his dwelling and garden in Boston. On 27 February 1639 Thomas Painter, joiner, was granted a lot at Muddy River for four head of cattle. Later he was authorized to erect a mill at Fox Hill provided he do so in two years. On 25 March 1650 he was granted liberty to sell his house to Epharim Hunt.

In 1655 Thomas Painter was made a freeman at Newport, Rhode Island and resided there and at Westerly, Rhode Island the rest of his life. His son Shubael also appeared there on the records as a freeman. Their names were on the list of inhabitants of Westerly dated 18 May 1669. His first wife KATHARINE #329, died in 1641 and he married again, but her name is not known.

### SHUBAEL PAINTER

SHUBAEL PAINTER #330 was the son of Thomas and Katharine Painter. He was a Deputy in 1670 to 1672. Between 1679 and 1683 he was involved in several court actions and apparently was of a contentious nature. In 1677 he sold to his brother-in-law William Trowbridge the share of the Lamberton estate which had been inherited by his wife Mercy, but for some reason the sale was voided in 1685.

His wife was MERCY LAMBERTON #334 of New Haven, who was baptized on 17 January 1640-1, and died before 1677. See #332 for her descent from George Lamberton. MERCY #331, a daughter of Shubael and Mercy Painter, was born about 1664, and married EDWARD ALLEN #321 on 24 November 1683.

Sources: The Painter Family by D.L.Jacobus in vol.68, p273 of the New England Historical and Genealogical Register.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.2, p400; vol.12, p238; vol.61, p189.  
Second Report of Record Commissioners of Boston, Part I, p13, 36, 47, 97, 100; Part II, p18.  
Lechford's Note Book, manuscript page 20.

## LAMBERTON ANCESTRY

### GEORGE LAMBERTON

GEORGE LAMBERTON #332 was one of the London merchants who founded New Haven, Connecticut. On 6 January 1628-9, according to the parish register of St. Nicholas Acons, London, he married MARGARET LEWEN #333 and both were listed as of the parish of St. Mary's White Chapel. He was lost at sea in 1646 while in command of a ship whose fate was the theme of Longfellow's poem The Phantom Ship. The inventory of his estate was taken 4 January 1647 by Matthew Gilbert and Richard Miles.

His widow married Stephen Goodyear the following year. George Lambertons farm of 260 acres on the west side of New Haven harbor was divided among his six daughters after his widow's death and the New Haven land records contained for several years many references to it and its division among the heirs. MERCY #334, daughter of George and Margaret Lambertons, was baptized on 17 January 1640-1, died before 1677, and married SHUBAEL PAINTER #330.

Source: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 68, p273-285; vol. 81, p127.





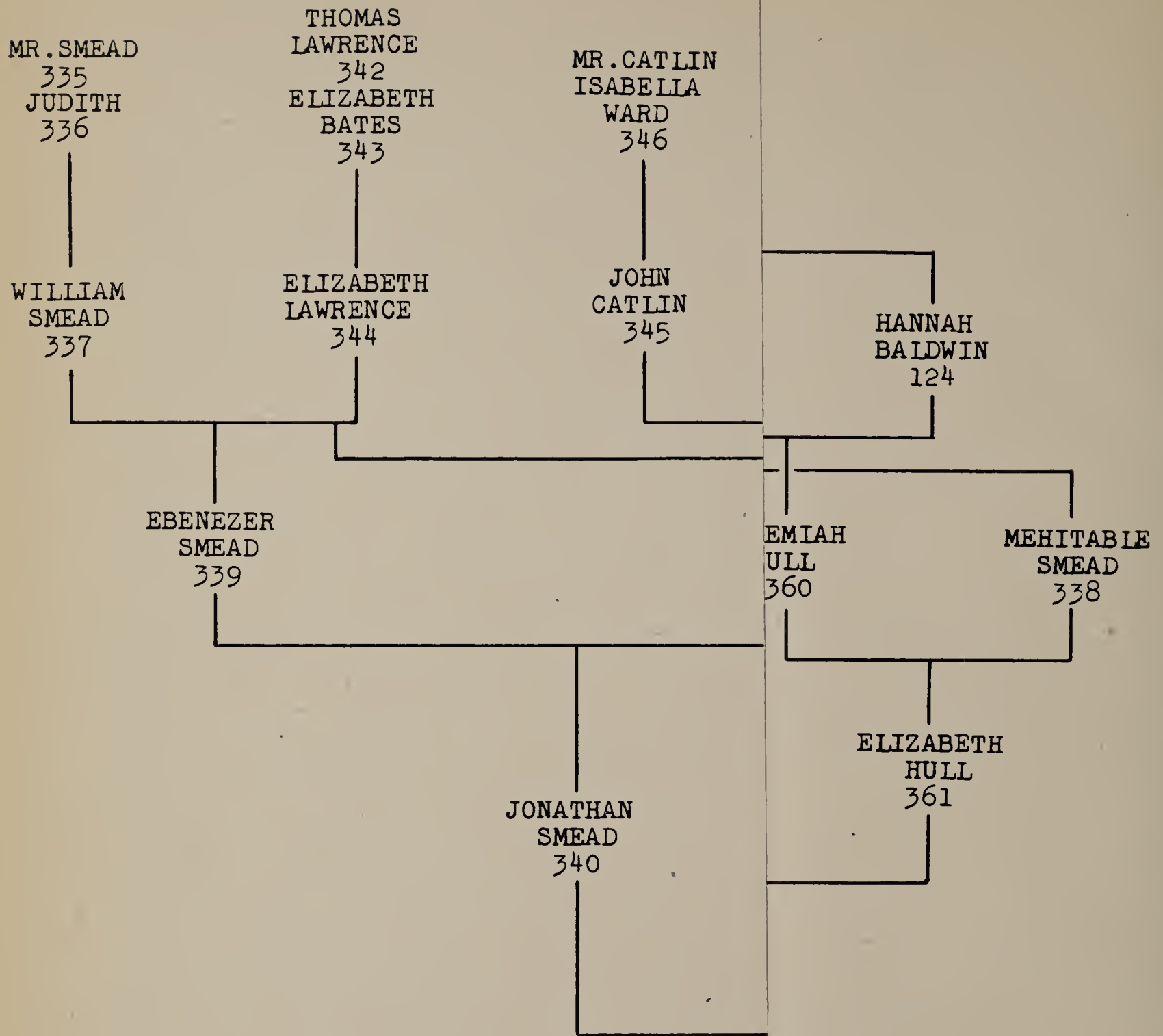


CHART 6

## SMEAD ANCESTRY

### SMEAD

\_\_\_\_\_ SMEAD #335 was born in England and died there before 1636. He resided in or near Devonshire, England. About 1634 he married JUDITH #336, widow of a John Denman. She came to Dorchester, Massachusetts in 1636 and died in March 1639. The inventory of her estate was taken 18 May 1639 and was based on written instructions she left dividing her effects among many of those living in Dorchester who she mentioned.

Israel Stoughton was administrator of the estate which was not settled until March 1657-8. It seems likely he was her brother as she came over, a widow with a child, and Israel Stoughton administered her estate. If so her father was Israel Stoughton whose will was dated 7 July 1644 at London. Israel Stoughton was in America by 1630 and was one of the founders of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston and in June 1642 was its Captain. He later returned to England and died there.

### WILLIAM SMEAD

WILLIAM SMEAD #337, son of \_\_\_\_\_ Smead and Judith Smead was born in England in 1635 and died before February 1704 since he was not alive at the time of the attack on Deerfield. On 31 December 1658 he married ELIZABETH LAWRENCE #344, who was killed in the attack on Deerfield in February 1704. See #342 for her descent from Thomas Lawrence of Hingham.

On the death of his mother William Smead was put in care of John Pope, who died on 12 April 1646. John Pope in his will left "vnto William Smead my Little boy my Loomes and such tacklings as do belong vnto them which is to vallew of 3 pounds, provided he be willing to dwell with my wife after his time is out. Also provided he be willing to Learn my Trad, and that there be a comfortable Agreement mad between them afterwards". In 1660 he was found in Northampton, Massachusetts and was made a freeman there. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668-9 wherein inhabitants of Northampton protested certain impost duties. In 1671 he bought house lot 25 at Deerfield, Massachusetts. He was a selectman there from 1686 to 1688 and also in 1697.

MEHITABLE #338, a daughter of William and Elizabeth Smead, was born on 2 January 1667-8, and married JEREMIAH HULL #360 in 1688. After his death in 1691 she married GODFREY NIMS #348 on 27 June 1692. Mehitable was captured by the Indians at Deerfield, Massachusetts in February 1704 and was killed on the march to Canada.

### EBENEZER SMEAD

EBENEZER SMEAD #339, son of William and Elizabeth Smead was born on 9 May 1675 and died on 19 July 1753. About 1694 he married ESTHER CATLIN #347, who died on 12 December 1733 and was the daughter of John and Mary Catlin. See #345 for her descent from John Catlin. Ebenezer Smead was Moderator of the town meetings three times between 1707 and 1725 and was selectman eight times between 1707 and 1725.

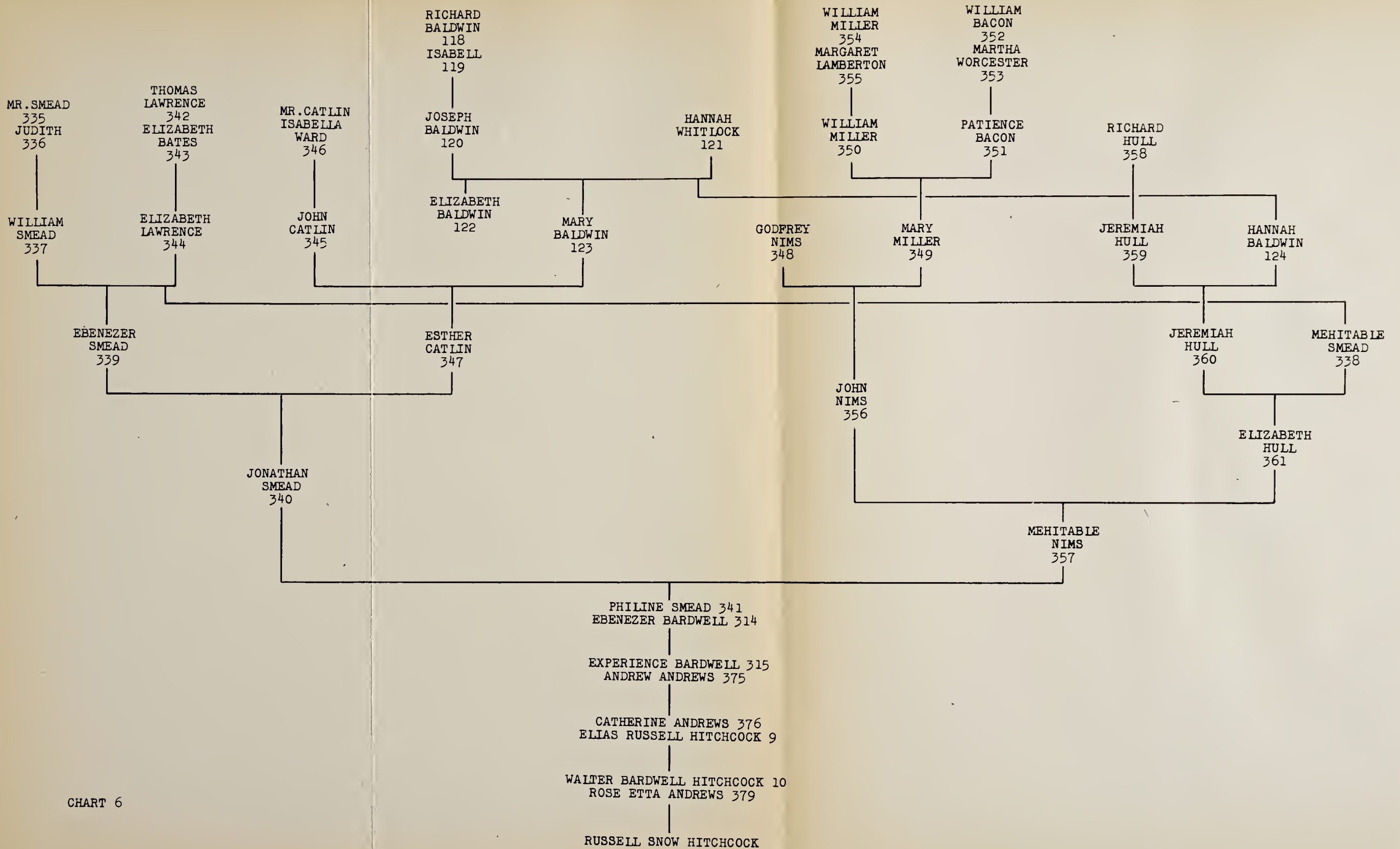


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### EBENEZER SMEAD

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## JONATHAN SMEAD

JONATHAN SMEAD #340, son of Ebenezer and Esther Smead was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 19 January 1706-7 and died on 29 April 1783. On 19 May 1731 at Deerfield he married MEHITABLE NIMS #357, who was born on 13 March 1714, and died on 5 November 1782. She was the daughter of John Nims and his wife Elizabeth Hull. See #348 for her descent from Godfrey Nims. PHILINE #341, a daughter of Jonathan and Mehitable Smead, was baptized on 3 August 1747, died on 4 October 1805, and married EBENEZER BARDWELL #314 in September 1771.

Sources: A Smead Genealogy by E.B.Smead, 1928.  
John Lawrence of Watertown, 1847.  
Genealogy of Edward Bates by Samuel A. Bates, 1900.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.4, p51; vol.9, p89; vol.30, p79; vol.9, p344.  
Report of Record Commissioners of Boston; Dorchester births, marriages and deaths to 1825, pub. in 1890, p20.

## LAWRENCE ANCESTRY

### THOMAS LAWRENCE

THOMAS LAWRENCE #342 was in Hingham, Massachusetts in 1637 and was listed as a land owner there. In 1638 he was the "lawful owner of four hundred acres of land bounded westward with Cedar Swamp, and eastward with the land of Thomas Clap, etc." and in the same year was admitted as a freeman. In 1647 there was "given unto him, by the town, two acres of salt marsh \_\_\_\_\_" Thomas Lawrence died at Hingham, Massachusetts on 5 November 1655. In 1638 he married Elizabeth Bates and possibly she was his second wife. On 29 April 1675 Edward Bates, aged 67, testified that Thomas Lawrence on his death bed gave his estate to his wife Elizabeth and on her death it was to go to his children. Elizabeth, widow of Thomas Lawrence, also testified the same day that Edward Bates of Weymouth was her brother and speaks of herself as the then wife of Thomas Lawrence. Hence it is possible she was not the mother of his children.

Thomas Lawrence's wife moved to Dorchester, Massachusetts after his death where she died on 18 February 1679. Thomas Lawrence had three known children. His daughter ELIZABETH #344, was baptized on 6 March 1641-2, and married WILLIAM SMEAD #337 on 31 December 1658. She was killed in the attack on Deerfield in February 1704.

Sources: Genealogy of the Family of John Lawrence, 1857.  
Genealogy of Edward Bates of Weymouth by S.A.Bates, 1900  
American Genealogist, vol.10, p78.  
History of Hingham, Mass., 1893, vol.2, p426-7.  
Report of Record Commissioners of Boston; Dorchester births, marriages and deaths to 1825, pub. in 1890, p30.  
Suffolk County, Mass., Probate Records, vol.5, p246.

## CATLIN ANCESTRY

### JOHN CATLIN

JOHN CATLIN #345 was probably born at Wethersfield, Connecticut. His mother was ISABEL WARD #346, the sister of Lawrence Ward of New Haven, Connecticut; Branford, Connecticut; and Newark, N.J., since she authorized her "son John Catlin" to act for her in the settlement of the estate of his uncle Lawrence Ward who died in 1670 leaving his estate to Isabel in care of his nephews John Catlin and John Ward. Lawrence Ward went from Branford to Newark at the same time as did John Catlin. Isabel Catlin married James Notham of Hartford, Connecticut and Hadley, Massachusetts for her second husband and after his death at Hadley in 1660 married JOSEPH BALDWIN #120 of Milford, Connecticut and Hadley, Massachusetts. She died on 8 December 1676.

The name of the father of John Catlin has not been definitely determined, but may have been John Cattell, who was a juror at Hartford, Connecticut in 1644 and whose goods and effects were appraised there on 17 July 1644. No other papers in connection with his estate have been found and the first name of his widow was not mentioned. There was a Thomas Catlin with wife Mary at Hartford, Connecticut in 1645-6 who had a son John who married Mary Marshall on 27 July 1665. A relationship is suggested. A John Catling was one of the signers of the 18 April 1659 Hartford agreement to move to and settle Hadley, Massachusetts, but he did not go. This was the John Catlin of whom we are writing as the John Catlin, son of Thomas Catlin, was then only 15 or 16 years old. This is proved by the medical journal of John Winthrop where he noted he had treated John Catlin, son of Thomas in 1664 when 21 years old.

John Catlin married MARY BALDWIN #123 on 23 September 1662 at Wethersfield, Connecticut. She was baptized on 23 June 1644 and died on 9 April 1704. See #118 for her descent from Richard Baldwin. John Catlin was at Wethersfield in 1662 and in 1665 at Branford, Connecticut, where in that year on 30 October he signed the agreement to go to Newark, N.J. Lawrence Ward was another signer. John Catlin taught school at Newark in 1676 and in 1678 was "Town's Attorney, an honest brother to take care that all town orders be executed, and if a breach occurs to punish the offender". From 1676 to 1681 he was a selectman. In 1683 or 1684 he and his wife Mary sold to Henry Lyon lot 11 of the Branford claim at Newark and moved to Deerfield, Massachusetts. At Deerfield he was called Mr. and was Moderator of the town meetings six times between 1696 and 1701 and selectman six different times.

His family suffered terribly in the attack and burning of Deerfield in February 1704-5 as he and two sons lost their lives and two daughters were killed on the march to Canada. His wife survived by only a few weeks. Other Catlin children were taken to Canada as captives. ESTHER CATLIN #347, daughter of John and Mary Catlin married EBENEZER Smead #339 about 1694. She died on 12 December 1733.

Sources: History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
American Genealogist, vol.9, p60.  
Branford Annals by E.C. Baldwin, 1879 in Papers of the  
New Haven Colony Historical Society, vol.3, p249-270.  
First Settlers of Conn., by R.R. Hinman, 1852 and 1856.  
Digest of Hartford Probate District by C.W. Manwaring,  
vol.1, p4.

## NIMS ANCESTRY

### GODFREY NIMS

GODFREY NIMS #348 was first heard of as a lad at Northampton, Massachusetts on 24 September 1667, when with James Bennet and Benoni Stebbins he was tried by the County Court at Springfield, Massachusetts for ransacking the house of Robert Bartlett on two successive Sundays during church time for the alledged purpose of obtaining funds to run away to the French in Canada. They were punished along with an Indian Quequelett who was assisting them to flee to Canada. After this youthful lark they settled down and on 25 March 1672-3 took the oath of fidelity at Northampton. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668-9 wherein inhabitants of Northampton protested certain impost duties.

Godfrey Nims bought land at Deerfield in 1674 of William Smead and died shortly before 12 March 1705. He was in the Falls Fight under Captain Turner. On 6 January 1685 and on 5 February 1687 he was granted land at Deerfield. His name was on a list of wood lots granted on 20 April 1688 and his lot was 38. At a town meeting on 30 May 1689 he was chosen constable and on 14 December 1691, selectman. He was again selectman in 1695 and 1696. In 1692 he bought lot 27 and in 1694 lot 28 in Deerfield and these two lots together became the Nims home. A house was burned on this lot on 4 January 1693-4 and another house burned there in February 1704.

His family was nearly exterminated in the attack and burning of Deerfield in February 1704-5. The inventory of his estate was dated 12 March 1705 and on 10 April 1705 Benjamin Munn, his son-in-law, was appointed to administer the estate. Godfrey Nims then of Northampton was mentioned in the inventory of the estate of JOHN STEBBINS #66, as owing the estate 8sh. 2d. and the inventory was presented on 25 March 1679.

On 26 November 1677 at Northampton he married for his first wife MARY MILLER #349 who died on 27 April 1688, and was the daughter of WILLIAM MILLER #350 and his wife PATIENCE BACON #351. She was the daughter of WILLIAM BACON #352 and MARTHA WORCESTER #353 of Saint Nicholas Parish in London. Mary was the widow of Zedediah Williams William Miller was a tanner by trade, resided at Ipswich, Massachusetts in 1643; at Northampton in 1653 and died there on 15 July 1690. William Miller's home lot was on what is now King St., Northampton. In 1911 the Miller Family Association dedicated a memorial to him at the Bridge St., Cemetery.

William Miller was born on 21 November 1620 in Middlesex County, England and married Patience Bacon on 3 March 1641. His parents were WILLIAM MILLER #354 and MARGARET (DENNIS) LAMBERTON #355. William Miller was one of the signers of the petition dated 4 February 1668 in which inhabitants of Northampton protested the impost duties. Patience Miller died at Northampton on 29 March 1716. Godfrey Nims' second wife was widow MEHITABLE (SMEAD) HULL #338 and they were married on 27 June 1692. She was killed on the march to Canada after the attack on Deerfield in February 1704-5.

JOHN NIMS

JOHN NIMS #356, son of Godfrey and Mary Nims was born at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 14 August 1679 and died there on 29 December 1762. He was captured by the Indians on 8 October 1703 and escaped and returned to Deerfield on 14 May 1705. On 14 December 1707 he married ELIZABETH HULL #361, who was born on 23 December 1688, and died on 21 September 1754. She was the daughter of Jeremiah Hull and his wife Mehitable Smead. Rev. John Williams performed the ceremony. See #358 for her descent from Richard Hull. MEHITABLE #357, a daughter of John and Elizabeth Nims, was born on 13 March 1714, died on 5 November 1782, and married JONATHAN SMEAD #340 on 19 May 1731.

Sources: The Story of Godfrey Nims by F.N.Thompson, 1905.  
Genealogical Notes by Josiah Rising and Abigail Nims.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
The Miller Family Magazine by W.M.Clemens, 1916.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.90,  
p172; vol.9, p89.  
Hampshire County Probate records. Book 1, p88, p91, p143.  
Book 3, p127.

## HULL ANCESTRY

### RICHARD HULL

RICHARD HULL #358 was born in England on 3 December 1599 and died at New Haven, Connecticut between 21 August 1661 and 23 December 1662. He was a native of Derby County, England. Although the time of his arrival in America is not known he was made a freeman at Dorchester in 1634. In 1636 he sold his house at Roxbury to a Philip Sherman. In 1639 he was at New Haven, Connecticut and signed the Fundamental Agreement there. Records indicate his seating assignment in the church. At one time in 1649 while serving as Master of the Watch two sentries disobeyed his orders and were punished.

His will was dated 21 August 1662 and the inventory of his estate was dated 23 December 1662 as taken by Thomas Munson and Roger Alling and presented on 6 January 1662-3 showing a value of about 100 pounds. The name of his wife is not known and since she was not mentioned in his will, as were his sons and daughters, she died before his death. He bequeathed his house and lot to his eldest son Jeremiah and also gave 5 pounds to the church for the poor.

### JEREMIAH HULL

JEREMIAH HULL #359, eldest son of Richard Hull resided at New Haven, Connecticut and died on 13 June 1700. On 6 May 1658 at Milford, Connecticut he married HANNAH BALDWIN #124 of Milford, who was baptized on 23 June 1644, the daughter of Joseph Baldwin and his wife Hannah Whitlock. See #118 for her descent from Richard Baldwin. There are not many records of him, but he was a member of the Train Band in 1649. His will was dated 10 June 1700, three days before his death and mentioned his wife and some of his children, probably those then living. Since he used the expression "my present wife" it is possible that his first wife Hannah Baldwin had died and he had remarried.

### JEREMIAH HULL

JEREMIAH HULL #360, son of Jeremiah and Hannah Hull was born on 2 June 1663 and died on 11 December 1691. In 1688 he married MEHITABLE SMEAD #338, who was born on 2 January 1667-8, daughter of William and Elizabeth Smead. See #335 for her descent from \_\_\_\_\_ Smead. She married GODFREY NIMS #348 on 27 June 1692 for her second husband. ELIZABETH #361, a daughter of Jeremiah and Mehitable Hull, was born on 23 December 1688, died on 21 September 1754, and married JOHN NIMS #356 on 14 December 1707.

Sources: The Hull Family in America by Col. Weygant, 1913.  
History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 81,  
p126.



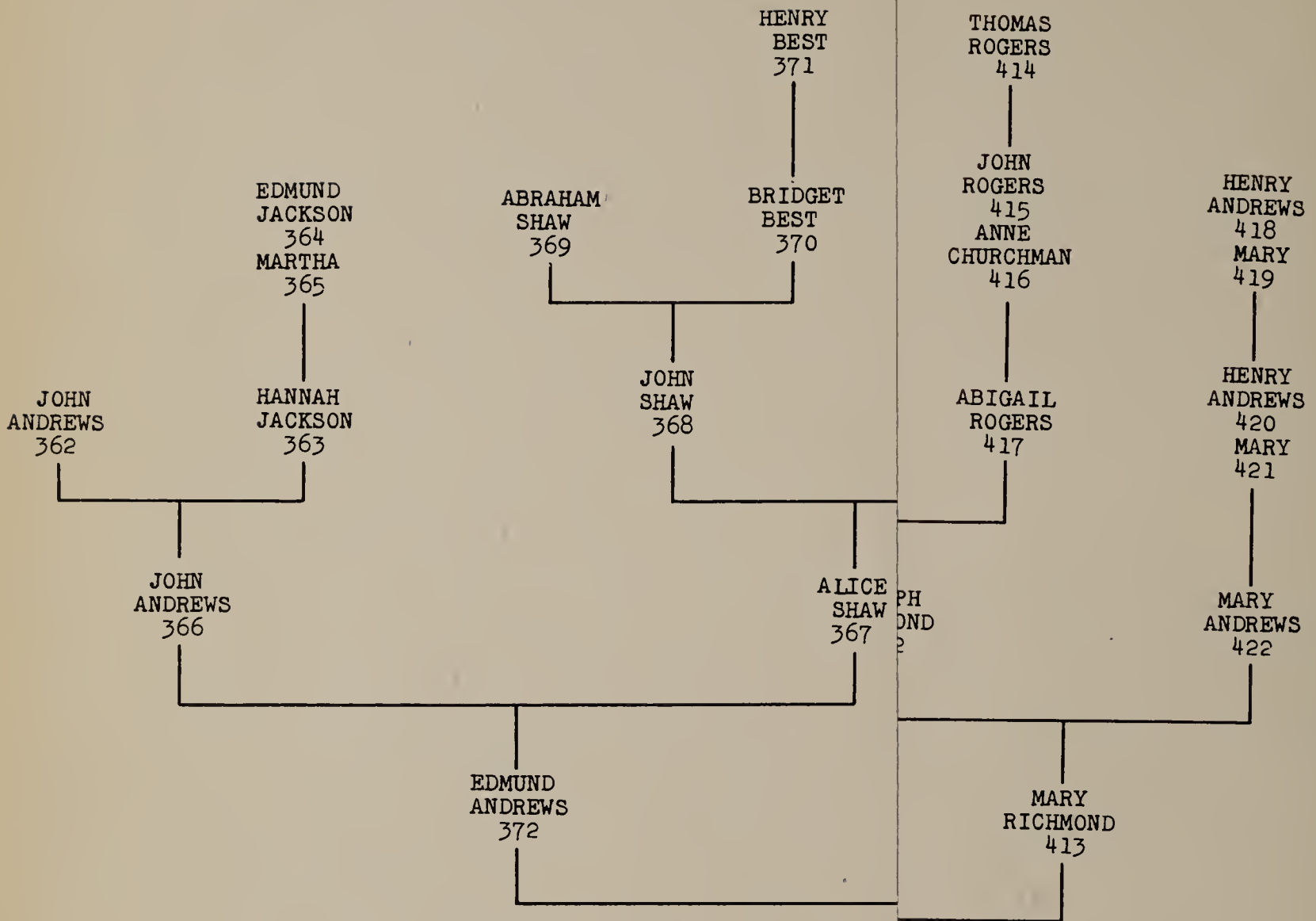


CHART 7



## ANDREWS ANCESTRY

### JOHN ANDREWS

JOHN ANDREWS #362, a cooper by trade, came from Wales, England, according to the bible record which the Andrews Genealogy by Lieut. George Andrews U.S.A. states was in the possession of the Providence, Rhode Island branch of the family. He was first recorded in America at Charlestown when he was listed as Mr. Andrews in the assignment of land in the first division on 6 March 1637. He was not previously nor later listed as an inhabitant of Charlestown. His was lot 28 of 5 acres. He was in Boston in 1653 when his wife Lucie died on 1 September 1653.

On 30 April 1657 John Andrews of Boston, County of Sussex, cooper, sold to John Knight of Charlestown the house and land at Charlestown which he had previously bought of James Mirick, cooper, and his wife Margeute. Said John Andrews and his wife Hannah acknowledged the sale on 13 May 1657. He rented a house in Boston belonging to Thomas Emons, cordwainer, because in his will dated 20 January 1660 Thomas Emons bequeathed two houses in Boston to his wife Martha, one of which was then rented to John Andrews, cooper.

John Andrews died on 25 June 1679 and the inventory of his effects dated 29 July 1679 included "Tooles and Cooper's stuff, Dwelling House, grounds and house hold effects". John Barber and Samuel Jackson were the appraisers. His second wife to whom he was married by January 1656 was HANNAH JACKSON #363, born on 1 March 1635-6, daughter of EDMUND JACKSON #364, who died in 1675, and MARTHA #365, who died on 12 November 1652. Edmund Jackson was admitted to the First Church in Boston on 15 November 1635 and was then a shoemaker. His house and garden were on the corner of what is now Court and Hanover Streets.

Hannah Andrews married John Dickinson for her second husband. On 5 November 1696 she filed a statement in connection with the estate of her late husband, John Andrews, in which she stated he left eight children. She gave to son John Andrews of Bristol in the County of Bristol and to son Samuel Andrews of Weymouth all the remaining real estate at Boston, consisting of a house and land, in consideration of the fact that they had paid to the younger children their portion of the money inheritance left them by their father. Her father, Edmund Jackson, married Elizabeth Pilkenton on 17 October 1660 for his second wife. He died and his widow Elizabeth married William Beal of Marblehead. She died in November 1683. Edmund Jackson in his will dated in May 1675 mentioned his children by his first wife and among them Hannah. John and Hannah Andrews had ten children.

Sources: Third Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston.  
Document 39-1878, p73, p141.  
Memorial History of Boston by Justin Winsor, 1885, vol.1,  
p570; vol.2, p xvii, p xviii.  
Second Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston, p24,  
p37, p45, p74, p78, p82, p92, p97, p98, p99; part 2, p4.

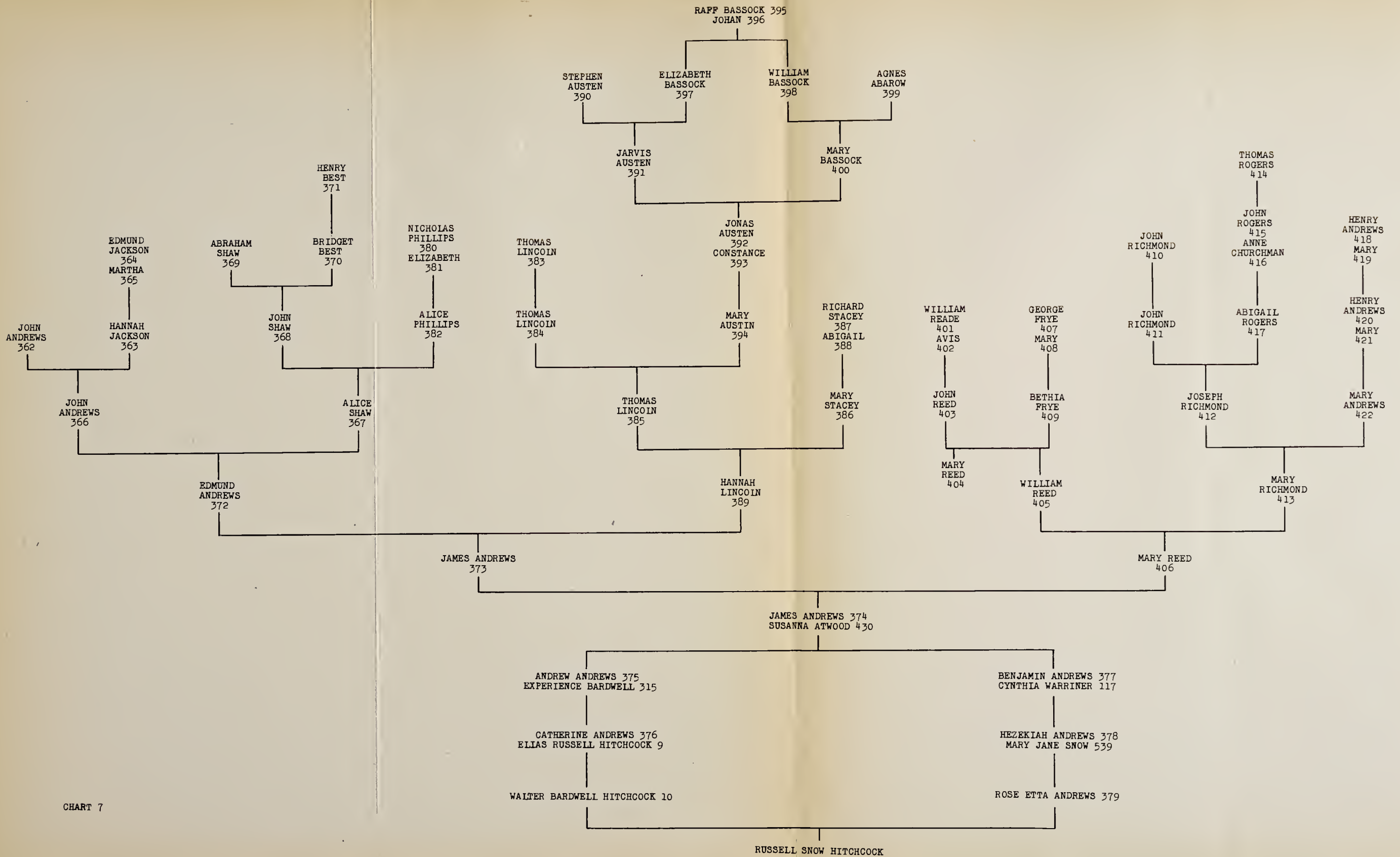


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Second Report of the Record Commissioners of Boston, p24, p37, p45, p74, p78, p82, p92, p97, p98, p99; part 2, p4.

## JOHN ANDREWS

JOHN ANDREWS #366 son of John and Hannah Andrews was born on 20 September 1662 and was in early life a house wright by trade. In 1692 he purchased a house and land from Thomas Lewis of Mendon in "New Bristoll" now Bristol, Rhode Island which he sold in 1701 in order to buy a farm at Taunton, Massachusetts. The farm carried with it water privileges on Three Mile River and there with Nathaniel Linkon he built a grist and sawmill. That location was known for 100 years afterwards as "Andrews' Mills" and is now Westville. He was chairman of the board of selectman for four years. His will was probated 17 August 1742, but the estate was not settled for twenty years.

John Andrews married, for his first wife, ALICE #367, born on 6 July 1666, died on 1 February 1735, daughter of JOHN SHAW #368 and his wife ALICE PHILLIPS #382 of Weymouth. See #380 for her descent from Nicholas Phillips. John Shaw was baptized on 23 May 1630 and died on 16 September 1704 at Weymouth, Massachusetts. His parents were ABRAHAM SHAW #369 and his wife BRIDGET BEST #370. They were married in Yorkshire, England on 24 June 1616. He was of the parish of Halifax in Yorkshire and was in Watertown, Massachusetts in 1636. His house and effects were lost by fire there in 1636 whereupon he moved to Dedham, Massachusetts. He died shortly after November 1638 and before November 1640 as there is a record in Lechford's Note Book of the latter date which stated he was late of Dedham.

Abraham and Bridget Shaw had eight children. The will of Abraham Shaw is known and in it he mentioned his son John and daughter Martha as being children. His eldest son Joseph and son-in-law Nicholas Biram were executors. Marye and Joseph were also mentioned as daughter and son. A lot in Dedham was mentioned. There was no date on the will, but the inventory of the estate was dated 1638. His wife Bridget Best was baptized on 9 April 1592 and was the daughter of HENRY BEST #371 of Ovenden, England. She probably died before November 1638 as she was not mentioned in his will dated then. John and Alice Andrews had eight children. His second wife was Mary Danforth, widow of Jacob Barney and daughter of Rev. Samuel Danforth.

Sources: Blackman and Allied Families by A.L.Holman, 1928.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.40, p21; vol.19, p169; vol.59, p215.  
Early records of Weymouth in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.3, p166.  
Early records of Boston in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.10, p68, p72.

## EDMUND ANDREWS

EDMUND ANDREWS #372 the third child of John and Alice Andrews was born at Bristol, Rhode Island on 7 June 1693 and died in Taunton, Massachusetts on 14 January 1750. About 1715 he married Esther Harvey for his first wife, and they had two children. Esther, wife of Edmund Andrews, was mentioned in a quit claim deed dated 23 February 1713-4 as recorded in the Bristol County deeds volume 10 page 24. In 1719 he married for his second wife HANNAH LINCOLN #389, born in 1692, died on 16 February 1762, the daughter of Thomas and Mary Lincoln. See #383 for her descent from Thomas Lincoln.

Edmund Andrews left a will dated 16 June 1750 and it mentioned all his children, including his married daughters. James Andrews was executor and was so appointed on 27 February 1750-1. The inventory was taken 28 February 1750-1 and approved on 13 March 1750-1.

Sources: Rhode Island vital records by James N. Arnold, vol.6.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.40,  
p273.  
Bristol County Probate records at Taunton, Mass.

#### JAMES ANDREWS

JAMES ANDREWS #373 son of Edmund and Hannah Andrews was born in Taunton, Massachusetts and married MARY REED #406 on 6 October 1743 and the Taunton vital records state they were both of Taunton. She died on 12 October 1771. See #401 for her descent from William Reade. With his brother Samuel he inherited from his father Edmund Andrews the grist mill on Three Mile River at Taunton as well as other real estate. In 1749 troops were sent to the frontier between New England and the St. Lawrence River. Taunton sent a Troop of Horse and James Andrews went as a private. In the campaign of 1756 a Taunton Company was under the command of James Andrews. Samuel Andrews was a corporal in the company. The activities of the company were recorded in a report dated 28 February 1756.

James Andrews was the administrator of the estate of his spinster sister Hannah. The appointment was dated 11 October 1765. For his second wife James Andrews married Mary Hoskins who was the daughter of Joshua Hoskins and widow of Paul Pratt. Paul Pratt was born at Taunton on 9 June 1735 and died suddenly while holding a plow on 24 April 1769. He and Mary Hoskins were married on 4 December 1755. On 6 May 1788 she signed a quit claim in connection with her father's estate and on 30 August 1784 leased to her son Paul Pratt of Taunton, her dower right in her husband's estate which consisted of 13 acres of land and a half interest in a house and barn. James Andrews second wife apparently outlived him, but the settlement of the estates of neither is recorded. James Andrews was frequently in the records concerning deeds and the last recorded date was 9 May 1788. He died in 1789 according to an entry made in 1807 in the diary of his son James which stated mother Andrews died 36 years ago in October and father Andrews died 18 years ago. This entry as to the death of his mother agrees with the date given in the vital records.

Sources: Pratt Family by Francis G. Pratt, 1889.  
Bristol County deeds at Taunton, Mass.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.52,  
p15.

#### JAMES ANDREWS

JAMES ANDREWS #374 son of James and Mary Andrews was born in Taunton, Massachusetts about 1748 and died suddenly in Conway, Massachusetts on 10 August 1821, aged 75 years. About 1773 he married SUSANNA ATWOOD #430, who was born on 4 January 1757, and died in Conway

on 26 May 1839. See #423 for her descent from Henry Atwood. James Andrews held a note dated 20 August 1784 at Dighton, Massachusetts from Elkanah Andrews for 18 shillings and also one from Jonathan Andrews dated 9 March 1781 at Dighton. James Andrews went to Conway, Massachusetts in 1792 from Dighton in an ox cart with his family. William Holloway and Seth Godfrey went to Conway from Dighton about the same time. In the 1780's James Andrews sold land at Dighton as evidenced by recorded deeds and just before leaving for Conway sold his house to George Williams. This house stood on Williams St., and was torn down in 1904 by Manuel Silva and a new house built on the site. He bought his farm in Conway from Abner Sheldon. He served in the American Revolution. His record is listed in the records of Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the War of the Revolution. The History of Taunton by S.H. Emery, 1896 states that he was a private in Capt. Robert Crossman's Company in the alarm of 8 December 1776. He was also in Capt. Josiah King's Company in a secret expedition from 9 September 1777 to 29 October 1777.

James Andrews was a man of great honesty, uprightness and deeply religious. The story has been handed down to the writer that once some watermelons were stolen from the watermelon patch of James Andrews and while he had his suspicions as to who had done it he could not prove it. Accordingly he wrote to that person that his wrong doing was known by three; meaning, although he did not so state, the Father, Son and Holy Ghost. The man who had taken the melons came to James Andrews and paid for them. It is said that ministers visiting Conway used to stop at his house. He left a will dated 7 September 1818 and filed 12 February 1822. It mentioned wife Susannah, sons James, John, Joseph Atwood, Cyrus, Andrew and daughters Susannah and Hannah. His son Benjamin was made executor and was bequeathed all the real estate after the one third life interest of Susannah, the wife. The will was witnessed by Elisha Thayer, Josiah Holloway and Seth Godfrey. James Andrews had a brother Seth. It is a matter of written record that James Andrews had thirteen children.

Children; the first nine being born at Dighton and the others at Conway:

James, born 19 May 1774. He married and had children and died in New York state about 1836.

Mary, born 19 November 1775 and died in Conway on 13 October 1795.

David, born 17 June 1778 and died 30 April 1779.

John, born on 21 July 1780. He married and had children and died on 21 February 1856.

BENJAMIN #377, born on 10 August 1782 and died on 6 August 1865.

Joseph Atwood, born on 1 August 1784 and died at Chili, New York, aged 58 years.

Cyrus, born on 27 August 1786. He married three times and resided at Chili, New York and later moved west.

Susanna, born on 7 October 1788. She married and had children.

ANDREW #375, born on 16 October 1790 and died on 12 October 1865.

Hannah, born on 24 December 1792. She married and had children.

David, born on 22 February 1795 and died on 30 June 1796.

Also two that died young.

Sources: Shelburne, Mass., vital records.

Conway, Mass., vital records.

Probate records at Greenfield, Mass.

## NOTE

Only some of the descendants of BENJAMIN #377 and ANDREW #375 of the above children are listed herein. All known descendants of JAMES ANDREWS #374 are given in the Genealogy of James Andrews of Dighton and Conway which has previously been published.

### ANDREW ANDREWS

ANDREW ANDREWS #375 son of James and Susanna Andrews was born in Dighton, Massachusetts on 16 October 1790 and when two years old moved to Conway, Massachusetts with his parents. At 17 years of age he went to Buckland, Massachusetts to learn the tanners trade. When 20 years old he went to Watertown, Massachusetts and worked at his trade for three and a half years. From there he went to Hawley, Massachusetts for three years. After that Andrew and his brother John bought a farm in Shelburne, Massachusetts and built a house on it which is still standing. On 18 May 1820 he married EXPERIENCE BARDWELL #315, who was born in Shelburne, Massachusetts on 10 May 1789, and died at Deerfield, Massachusetts on 22 October 1885. See #311 for her descent from Robert Bardwell. After 17 years at Shelburne Andrew Andrews went to Meadow Mills in Deerfield, Massachusetts and tended a sawmill. Three years later he moved to Great River in Deerfield and bought a farm. This farm of about 110 acres on the Connecticut River was left to his son Andrew Baxter and later was taken over by Andrew Andrews's daughter Catherine Andrews Hitchcock and finally passed out of the family in 1920 when it was sold by Delbert Baxter Hitchcock and his brother Walter Bardwell Hitchcock to a man named Way. The farm was about half way between Greenfield and Sunderland on the road that follows the Connecticut River.

Children, all born at Shelburne:

CATHERINE #376, born on 2 November 1821 and died on 3 November 1907.

Emerancy, born on 17 February 1826 and died on 26 July 1854. She never married.

Almira, born on 17 February 1824 and died at Easthampton, Massachusetts on 1 January 1880. She married and had children

Andrew Baxter, born on 20 January 1828 and died on 14 March 1905. He never married.

Amelia, born on 11 March 1831 and died on 24 December 1911. She never married.

### CATHERINE ANDREWS

CATHERINE ANDREWS #376 daughter of Andrew and Experience Andrews was born at Shelburne, Massachusetts on 2 November 1821 and married ELIAS RUSSELL HITCHCOCK #9 of Springfield at Deerfield on 1 May 1851. See #1 for his descent from Luke Hitchcock. Catherine Andrews went to Springfield before 1851 and became the first woman printer there and there met her future husband. He was a printer on the Springfield Republican. Catherine Andrews was a woman of strong character and

considerable business ability and up to a few days before her death diligently read the Springfield Republican every morning before breakfast. She died on 3 November 1907 and was buried on the family lot in the Springfield Cemetery which she bought when her husband died.

Children:

Andrew Earl, born on 20 April 1852, married Emily Ruth Dunbar of Ludlow, Vermont on 3 May 1876 and died on 28 May 1894.

Herbert Elias, born on 23 October 1855, died on 15 March 1858. He was buried in the family lot in the Springfield Cemetery

Delbert Baxter, born on 1 December 1857 and never married.

WALTER BARDWELL #10, born on 20 April 1861, died on 19 June 1936.

BENJAMIN ANDREWS

BENJAMIN ANDREWS #377, son of James and Susanna Andrews was born on 10 August 1782 in Dighton, Massachusetts and moved to Conway, Massachusetts with his parents where he died on 6 August 1865. In September 1815 he married CYNTHIA WARRINER #117 who was born in Agawam Massachusetts on 22 October 1787 and died in Conway, Massachusetts in November 1864. Their marriage intentions were posted 21 May 1815. See #110 for her descent from William Warriner. Other than the life interest to his mother Benjamin inherited the farm and other real property left by his father James Andrews.

Children:

Lewis Warriner, born on 4 October 1816 and never married.

Benjamin Allen, born on 5 February 1819 and died on 7 December 1911. He married and had children.

James, born on 26 November 1820 and died on 26 December 1898. He married and had children.

HEZEKIAH #378, born on 26 May 1822 and died on 26 May 1895.

Cynthia Olivia, born on 19 October 1824 and died at Orange, Mass. She never married.

HEZEKIAH ANDREWS

HEZEKIAH ANDREWS #378, son of Benjamin and Cynthia Andrews was born on 26 May 1822 in Conway, Massachusetts on the old Andrews farm between Shelburne Falls, Massachusetts and Conway, Massachusetts. He died in Fitchburg, Massachusetts on 26 May 1895. On 12 January 1850 he married MARY JANE SNOW #539, a widow, whose first husband was the Rev. Otis W. Bacon, who was born at Conway. See #531 for her descent from Nicholas Snow and Constance Hopkins, the latter a Mayflower passenger. About 1859 or 1860 Hezekiah Andrews bought the store in the center of Conway and about 1867 built the house adjoining the store. He was a successful merchant there. His wife assisted from time to time and had charge of the millinery. Stage coaches used to bring traveling salesmen with their huge sample cases and at times he made buying trips to New York City. The store which burned in 1875 stood where the so called Hopkins house stood in 1917. Later he moved to Fitchburg, Massachusetts and had a general variety store on Main Street and a



home at 90 Blossom Street. The family visited the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia in 1876.

Children:

Hezekiah Otis was born on 3 December 1851 and died in September 1913. He never married.

Alfreda Abial was born on 23 June 1853 and died on 13 October 1855.

Rollin Benjamin was born on 16 April 1855 and died on 19 October 1942. He married and had two sons.

ROSE ETTA #379 was born on 23 June 1857 and died on 4 July 1933.

Sources: History of Conway, Mass., by C.S. Pease, 1917, p117.

ROSE ETTA ANDREWS

ROSE ETTA ANDREWS #379 daughter of Hezekiah and Mary Andrews was born in Conway, Massachusetts on 23 June 1857 on the old Andrews farm as was her father. She died on 4 July 1933 at Springfield, Massachusetts and was buried in the Hitchcock family lot at the Springfield Cemetery. She married WALTER BARDWELL HITCHCOCK #10 on 21 October 1891. See #10 for their children. Never strong, she lived a full life in her quiet manner. She possessed great common sense and had considerable business ability. Her interest was first in her family and in later years she renewed her interest in literary affairs by joining several small women's literary clubs. She was a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Sources: Family records

History of Taunton, Mass., by S.H. Emery, 1896.

Andrews Genealogy by Lieut. George Andrews, 1887.

Stephen Lincoln of Oakam, Mass.

The Descendants of Elisha Harvey by J.W. Knappenberger, 1914.

The Harvey Book by O.J. Harvey, 1899.

Records of Boston in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 2, p191.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 2, p180; vol. 12, p346.

Taunton, Mass., vital records.

Conway, Mass., vital records.

James Andrews of Dighton and Conway. His ancestors and descendants by Russell Snow Hitchcock, 1947.

## PHILLIPS ANCESTRY

### NICHOLAS PHILLIPS

NICHOLAS PHILLIPS #380, who was born about 1611, first appeared in America in Dedham, Massachusetts, and on 18 August 1636 was granted 12 acres of land there. On 6 April 1638 he laid out a burial ground. He was chosen to gather thatch for the meeting house on 28 August 1638. On 13 May 1640 he became a freeman. He bought land of Philemon Dalton and sold it to Henry Phillips before 1 March 1641. The records of Dedham mention him last on 23 February 1650. It appears he moved thereafter to Weymouth and received 13 acres in the first division and 39 acres in the second division and his lands were next to those of Martin Phillips. He was an appraiser of the estate of William Brandon of Weymouth on 23 November 1646 and of Dorothy King's estate on 18 October 1652. In February 1660 he was called Deacon. His wife was ELIZABETH #381.

According to the Weymouth town records, volume one, page 195, Elizabeth Phillips, wife of Nicholas Phillips, on 11 August 1651 acknowledged before the commissioners her consent to the sale by her husband of a house and several pieces of land to Francis Smyth of Hingham. She signed by her mark.

Nicholas Phillips' will was dated 2 June 1671 and was proved on 3 October 1672, which fixes his death between those dates. His oldest son Richard was the executor. His children were mentioned and his daughter Alice Shaw was bequeathed ten pounds. ALICE #382, daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth Phillips married JOHN SHAW #368.

Sources: Phillips Genealogies by A.M. Phillips, 1885.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 63,  
p298.

## LINCOLN ANCESTRY

### THOMAS LINCOLN

THOMAS LINCOLN #383 was born in England about 1603 and died at Taunton, Massachusetts on 11 February 1684. He came to this country from Norfolk, England in 1635 with five children. The name of his first wife is not known and she probably died in England. He was known as "The Miller" to distinguish him from other early Lincoln settlers. He first settled at Hingham, Massachusetts and on 3 July 1636 was granted five acres of land there and later moved to Taunton, Massachusetts. On 10 December 1665 he married his second wife Elizabeth Harvey, widow of Francis Street.

In 1668 the town of Taunton acquired from the General Court for 100 pounds lands known as the North Purchase, which now includes the towns of Norton, Mansfield and Easton. Thomas Lincoln was listed in the grant as one of the persons to hold this land. He was not listed as a first settler of Taunton in 1637, but arrived there shortly after 1649 when the town of Taunton voted him "accommodations" to set up a grist mill. With his eldest son Thomas, he ran a grist mill on Mill River for many years. The rest of his family came in 1652.

His will dated 28 August 1683, proved on 5 March 1683-4 mentioned his second wife Elizabeth and bequeathed his mill to sons John and Samuel and daughter Mary. It stated he was about eighty years of age. He mentioned his eldest son Thomas who owned his own house and land. Thomas Lincoln was a subscriber to the company organized in 1653-4 to establish an iron works at Taunton.

### THOMAS LINCOLN

THOMAS LINCOLN #384, son of Thomas Lincoln and his first wife was born in England before 1630 and came to this country with his father. He may have died shortly after 1694. He was listed with his father in the grant of the North Purchase to Taunton as one of the persons to hold it. On coming to Taunton in 1649 he was granted a house lot of six acres "where the meeting house timber was cut". On 11 October 1662 he sold 16 acres of land at Hingham, Massachusetts which his father had given him.

Thomas Lincoln married for his first wife MARY AUSTIN #394, who was baptized at Tenterden, England on 5 August 1632 and died at Taunton, Massachusetts. See #390 for her descent from Stephen Austen. On 14 November 1689 he married Susanna (Macey) Smith widow of Samuel Smith for his second wife. On 4 April and 4 May 1694 Thomas Lincoln deeded much of his property to his wife and children with certain reservations. In the deed he referred to his wife as his "present" wife indicating his first wife Mary was no longer living and that he had married a second time.

### THOMAS LINCOLN

THOMAS LINCOLN #385, son of Thomas Lincoln and his wife Mary was born in Taunton, Massachusetts on 21 April 1656 and died about 1745. In

1679 he married MARY STACEY #386, daughter of RICHARD STACEY #387 and his wife ABIGAIL #388. Richard Stacey may have come from Salem to Taunton and was in Taunton in 1643 when he was listed as "Richard Stacey" in the first "train band" enrolled at Taunton. There were numerous Stacys in Salem before this time. In a court action at Salem between Thomas Dexter and Richard Harper, an attachment was granted against Richard Stacy and William Wells, sureties on 22 April 1638. Richard Stacy is not mentioned in the Salem records thereafter. He was listed as able to bear arms in 1643 and was a juror in 1651 and a town surveyor in 1648. On 14 May 1675 a committee drew up a list of those who owned land and the authority for their holding it. "Peter Pitts on rights that was Richard Stacie's", indicates Richard Stacey acquired his land rights early although he was not listed as an original land owner in 1637. He owned a share in the Iron Works on Two Mile River in 1653.

Richard Stacey died in 1687 and his son-in-law Thomas Lincoln was granted administration of his estate on 7 December 1687. Mary Lincoln was mentioned in a quit claim deed dated 23 February 1713-4, as given in the Bristol County deeds volume 10, page 24, which seems to disprove the statements sometimes seen that he married Susannah Smith for his second wife. His father married Susannah Smith. Thomas Lincoln conveyed land to his son on 11 March 1733. HANNAH LINCOLN #389, daughter of Thomas and Mary Lincoln, was born in 1692, died on 16 February 1762, and married EDMUND ANDREWS #372.

- Sources: Lincoln Family and Branches of Wareham, Mass., by James M. Lincoln, 1899.  
Stephen Lincoln of Oakham by John E. Morris, 1895.  
The Lincoln Family Magazine published by W.M. Clemens, New York City. April 1917 issue.  
The Ministry of Taunton by S.H. Emery, 1853.  
Vital records of Taunton in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 16, p327; vol. 17, p236.  
Plymouth records in Mayflower Descendant, vol. 18, p170.  
History of Bristol County by D.H. Hurd, 1883.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 13, p251; vol. 38, p266.  
Taunton, Mass., vital records.  
History of Taunton, Mass., by S.H. Emery, 1893.  
Salem Quarterly Court records and files in the Essex Antiquarian, vol. 4, p153.  
History of Hingham, Mass., 1893, vol. 3, p20.

## AUSTEN ANCESTRY

### STEPHEN AUSTEN

STEPHEN AUSTEN #390 was born about 1520 at Staplehurst, Kent County, England and was buried there on 17 November 1557. His first wife was Margaret Wrigley and they were married on 18 November 1544. She was buried at Staplehurst on 2 May 1550 and he married for his second wife on 16 November 1551, ELIZABETH BASSOCK #397. See #395 for her descent from Raff Bassock. Elizabeth married William Eden for her second husband on 14 January 1561-2.

### JARVIS AUSTEN

JARVIS AUSTEN #391, son of Stephen and Elizabeth Austen was baptized at Staplehurst, England on 16 July 1554 and was buried there on 5 June 1610. He married MARY BASSOCK #400 on 26 October 1584 at Staplehurst and she was buried there on 12 May 1610. See #395 for her descent from Raff Bassock.

### JONAS AUSTEN

JONAS AUSTEN #392, son of Jarvis and Mary Austen was baptized at Staplehurst on 3 December 1598 and died at Taunton, Massachusetts on 30 July 1683. His first wife was CONSTANCE #393, widow of William Robinson and they were married at Tenterden, England on 22 January 1626-7. She was probably William Robinson's second wife and she died at Taunton, Massachusetts on 22 April 1667. Jonas Austen married Frances Hill for his second wife on 14 December 1667.

Jonas Austen with his wife and three children sailed from England in the ship Hercules, John Witherley, Master, in March 1634-5. The records of Sandwich, England contain the information that Jno Austen, Mayor of Tenterden, signed the certificate dated 2 and 4 March 1634 and that the children were Jonas Austen, Lidia Robinson and "a litle childe" who was Mary Austen. Jonas Austen was listed in the grant of the North Purchase at Taunton, Massachusetts in 1668 and in 1653 was listed as a proprietor of the Iron Works. MARY #394, daughter of Jonas and Constance Austen, was baptized at Tenterden, England on 5 August 1632. died at Taunton, Massachusetts and married THOMAS LINCOLN #384.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.15, p28; vol.17, p236; vol.38, p266; vol.67, p165; vol.75, p218; vol.79, p108.

Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.22, p94.

## BASSOCK ANCESTRY

### RAFF BASSOCK

RAFF BASSOCK #395 was born at Staplehurst, Kent County, England about 1500 and was buried there on 20 May 1545. His wife was JOHAN #396, who survived him and married Robert Shedwater of Salehurst, Sussex County for her second husband on 8 November 1546. ELIZABETH #397, daughter of Raff and Johan Bassock married STEPHEN AUSTEN #390 on 16 November 1551.

### WILLIAM BASSOCK

WILLIAM BASSOCK #398 is considered to have been the son of Raff and Johan Bassock and was born about 1525 and died at Staplehurst, England between 22 October 1595 and 31 January 1596-7. He married his first wife, AGNES ABAROW #399, on 18 October 1551 at Staplehurst. She was buried there on 12 April 1566. William Bassock married Dorothy Grayling for his second wife on 13 July 1567 and widow Mary Baker for his third wife. William Bassock's will was dated 22 October 1595 in which he called himself a yeoman and mentioned his daughter and son-in-law Jarvis and Mary Austen. It was proved on 31 January 1596-7. MARY #400, daughter of William and Agnes Bassock, was baptized on 8 November 1562 at Staplehurst, buried there on 12 May 1610, and married JARVIS AUSTEN #391 on 26 October 1584.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 67, p166.

## WILLIAM READE ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM READE

WILLIAM READE #401 was born in England, but no reliable information is as yet available as to his parents or his residence there or the time of his coming. His wife was AVIS #402. The earliest mention of him in America was on 18 May 1653 when he was made a freeman at Weymouth. The William Reade who was chosen a selectman there on 26 November 1651 could not have been the same, as one had to be a freeman then to be eligible to be a selectman. He was granted a house lot at Weymouth although there are no records to so indicate. This is known because on 6 April 1658 when his widow was granted a garden plot it referred to her house lot. He died at Weymouth, Massachusetts between 11 January 1657-8 and 6 April 1658. On 6 February 1659-60 widow Avis Reade was granted a swamp lot because her husband had been an inhabitant when said swamp lots were originally granted, although he apparently had not qualified then.

On 14 December 1663 widow Read was given 10 acres, lot 13, in the first division of new land and also 30 acres, lot 4, in the second division. In a conveyance of land dated 19 December 1670 widow Avis Read was mentioned when land was transferred by John Whitman of Weymouth to John Vining (Suffolk Deeds vol.11, p183-4). No will of either William or Avis has been found. Some sources have considered that his wife was Avis Deacon and that he came on the ship Assurance de Lo which left London on 13 July 1635 and she on the ship Alice in the same year, but these ships both cleared from England for Virginia rather than New England and hence the supposition does not seem reliable, especially as there were five other ships leaving London on that same day which did clear for New England. In the church records of Long Sutton, Somersetshire, England there was a marriage record on 26 October 1635 of a William Reade and Avis Chepmen of Knole. There is no proof that these are the same as the William and Avis Reade of Weymouth, Massachusetts.

### JOHN REED

JOHN REED #403, son of William and Avis Reade was born in 1649 and died at Dighton, Massachusetts on 13 January 1720-1. He married BETHIA FRYE #409, who was born about 1653, daughter of George Frye. See #407 for more of him. She died on 20 October 1730, aged 77. John Reed was a house carpenter and also dealt in real estate. There is a record of a Weymouth town meeting on 6 September 1680 when he and two others were fined for cutting timber on the town commons. John Reed and James Reed whereupon moved to Taunton, Massachusetts. John Reed remained there and his land was in the part of Taunton that was set off as Dighton on 30 May 1712. James Reed moved to Middleborough about 1705.

The Taunton records describe several pieces of land bought and sold by John Reed. In a deed when he purchased land of John Woodward in 1680 he was described as a carpenter. Both John and his wife Bethia were buried on Burying Hill, between upper and lower Four Corners at Dighton and their gravestones as late as 1902 were in good condition. He was a private in Capt. Johnson's company and also Capt. John Jacob's company in King Philip's War. Their daughter MARY REED #404, was born

on 15 September 1681, died on 23 April 1748, and married JOSEPH ATWOOD #428 on 11 January 1702-3.

#### WILLIAM REED

WILLIAM REED #405, son of John and Bethia died in 1734. On 8 June 1721 he married MARY RICHMOND #413, who was born in 1699 and died on 25 December 1784, aged 85 years. See #410 for her descent from John Richmond. A map of Taunton with the owners names by each house was made in 1728 by Morgan Cobb. It showed all those then having houses in Taunton. There was only one Reed in Taunton then and that was W. Reed or the above William Reed. His house was next to that of Capt. John Andrews whose son James married his daughter Mary Reed. The will of William Reed was dated 31 March 1726 and mentioned sons William and John and daughter Mary. His daughter Abigail was not mentioned because she was born afterwards. His will was proved on 18 July 1734 and his wife Mary was appointed executor that same day.

William Reed's widow Mary married Stephen Andrews for her second husband on 6 November 1738. He died on 4 March 1770. MARY #406, daughter of William and Mary Reed, married JAMES ANDREWS #373 on 6 October 1743 at Taunton. The Taunton vital records give both as of Taunton and they were the only Mary Reed and James Andrews recorded at Taunton then. Mary Reed was born previous to 31 March 1726 and died 12 October 1771 according to the Taunton vital records. A diary kept by her son James in 1807 stated that his mother had been dead 36 years in October 1807.

Sources: The Reed Genealogy by John L. Reed, 1902.  
Reade Record published by the Reade Society from 1904 to 1908.  
Taunton vital records.  
Taunton Probate records.  
Correspondence left by Anna T. Andrews of Shelburne, Mass., who died at Putnam, Conn., in August 1935 and who had seen the James Andrews diary at Conway, Mass.  
Granberry Family by E.F. Waterman and D.L. Jacobus, 1945.



## FRYE ANCESTRY

### GEORGE FRYE

GEORGE FRYE #407 was born at or near Combe St. Nicholas, Somerset County, England about 1616 and died at Weymouth, Massachusetts between 6 July 1676 and 30 November 1676. The name of his first wife is not known. His second wife was MARY #408 widow of William Brandon and they were married after 1647. George Frye was a weaver by trade and an early settler in Weymouth. In a deposition dated 5 March 1673-4 he stated he was about 58 years old and was originally of Combe St. Nicholas where he lived until 1640. He came to this country on the ship Sampson. His will was dated 6 July 1676 and proved on 30 November 1676. It mentioned his daughter Bethiah, wife of John Reed. BETHIAH #409 daughter of George Frye, was born about 1653, died at Dighton, Massachusetts on 20 October 1730, and married JOHN REED #403.

Sources: Granberry Family by E.F. Waterman and D.L. Jacobus, 1945.

## RICHMOND ANCESTRY

### JOHN RICHMOND

JOHN RICHMOND #410 was born in England in 1594 and died at Taunton, Massachusetts on 20 March 1664. He came from Ashton Keynes, Wilts County, England to America. He was one of the original purchasers of Taunton in 1637 and owned six shares of the original purchase. He may have been at Saco, Maine just before that as there are court records at Saco in which a John Richmond is mentioned. In 1656 and 1657 he was at Newport, Rhode Island and is mentioned in the court records there. He was not on the list of those at Taunton able to bear arms in 1643.

The Richmond family were large land owners in the eastern part of Taunton. The name of his wife is not known, but she probably came with him to this country. John Richmond's will was dated 14 December 1663 and mentioned his sons John and Edward and their children and his daughter Mary married to William Paul and his daughter Sarah married to Edward Rew. John Richmond, the eldest son, was named executor. The will was not presented at court until 29 October 1669 due to "an obstruction that fell in the way".

## JOHN RICHMOND

JOHN RICHMOND #411, son of John Richmond was born in England about 1627 and died at Taunton, Massachusetts on 7 October 1715, aged 88 years. He married for his second wife ABIGAIL ROGERS #417, who was born in 1641 and died on 1 August 1727. The name of his first wife is not known. See #414 for her descent from Thomas Rogers. John Richmond had his right to share in Taunton land divisions from his father and also rights that belonged to Francis Doughty.

John Richmond was on most of the committees at Taunton that had to do with land divisions or purchases of land from the Indians. In March 1677 he distributed ten pounds which was Taunton's share of the Irish Charity or money sent from Dublin, Ireland to help the sufferers from King Philip's War. In a letter dated 30 April 1698 he mentioned the original purchase of Taunton as a matter of first hand knowledge. The gravestones of both John and Abigail Richmond have been set into a boulder in the old cemetery on Summer St., Taunton, Massachusetts.

## JOSEPH RICHMOND

JOSEPH RICHMOND #412, son of John and Abigail Richmond was born at Taunton, Massachusetts on 8 December 1663. On 26 June 1685 he married MARY ANDREWS #422. See #418 for her descent from Henry Andrews. Joseph and Mary Richmond sold land to her brother Henry Andrews on 19 July 1701. Joseph Richmond with his son Christopher were on the 1711 expedition to Canada.

Joseph and Mary sold their homestead on the road from Taunton to Middleboro with forty acres to their sons Joseph and Henry. He acknowledged the deed on 13 July 1724 and she on 11 March 1726. His wife Mary Richmond made a will dated 14 February 1737 which was never probated, but which mentioned her children and among them Mary Reed, wife of William Reed. Her husband Joseph must have died previously. MARY #413, daughter of Joseph and Mary Richmond, was born at Middleboro in 1699, died on 25 December 1784, and married WILLIAM REED #405 on 8 June 1721.

Sources: The Richmond Family by Joshua B. Richmond, 1897.

Mayflower Descendant, vol.9, p58; vol.20, p192.

Vital records of Taunton in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.16, p327.

Rhode Island Historical Society Collections, vol.21, p17-32.

## ROGERS ANCESTRY

### THOMAS ROGERS

THOMAS ROGERS #414 came on the Mayflower with his son Joseph. He died in 1621 during the first winter.

### JOHN ROGERS

JOHN ROGERS #415, son of Thomas Rogers did not come on the Mayflower, but came later. On 16 April 1639 he married ANNE CHURCHMAN #416. He was in Plymouth in 1631 and Duxbury in 1634. He was at Scituate about 1647 and later at Marshfield. He died between 26 August 1691, the date of his will, and 20 September 1692 when it was proved. It mentioned his daughter Abigail Richmond and her sons Joseph and Edward. In a deed dated 30 October 1654 he was called a weaver. This deed was confirmed by another written statement on 22 August 1670 which he signed with his wife. Their daughter ABIGAIL #417, was born in 1641, died on 1 August 1727, and married JOHN RICHMOND #411 as his second wife.

Sources: Mayflower Descendant, vol. 5, p205; vol. 8, p200; vol. 13, p85.  
Thomas Rogers of the Mayflower in the Aspinwall  
Collection at the New England Historic Genealogical  
Society.

## HENRY ANDREWS ANCESTRY

### HENRY ANDREWS

HENRY ANDREWS #418 was one of the original purchasers of Taunton, Massachusetts and was included on the list of freemen from Cohannet dated 7 March 1636. He held various offices there and built the first church receiving in part or whole payment in 1647 "the calf pasture". He was one of the proprietors of the Iron Works at Taunton. His will was dated 13 March 1652 and the inventory was dated 10 February 1653. His wife was MARY #419 and her will was dated 14 February 1653 in which she mentioned her late husband and her children.

### HENRY ANDREWS

HENRY ANDREWS #420, son of Henry and Mary Andrews took the oath of Fidelity in 1657, and in 1659 with John Macomber was granted permission to build a sawmill on Mill River. He was a grantee of the North Purchase in 1668 and the South Purchase in 1672 which were later the towns of Norton and Dighton, respectively. His wife was MARY #421 and they were married before 1659 because in that year he was listed as a head of a family of three which included himself, wife and one child.

Henry Andrews was killed by the Indians while working on his farm sometime between 7 April 1676 and 5 July 1676 because on 5 July 1676 his wife acknowledged a deed by both dated 7 April 1676 "in behalf of herself and her husband". The inventory of his estate was dated 29 November 1676 and the estate was settled on 28 May 1677. The inventory included a farm of 208 acres, town land of 22 acres, an interest in the North Purchase and two lots on the south side of Three Mile River. On 21 July 1693 Mary Andrews with her son Henry conveyed land to John Dean and it is probable she died shortly thereafter. MARY #422, daughter of Henry and Mary Andrews married JOSEPH RICHMOND #412 on 26 June 1685

Sources: Henry Andrews of Taunton by Josiah H Drummond, 1897.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 38,  
p266; vol. 51, p453; vol. 52, p16.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 12, p246.



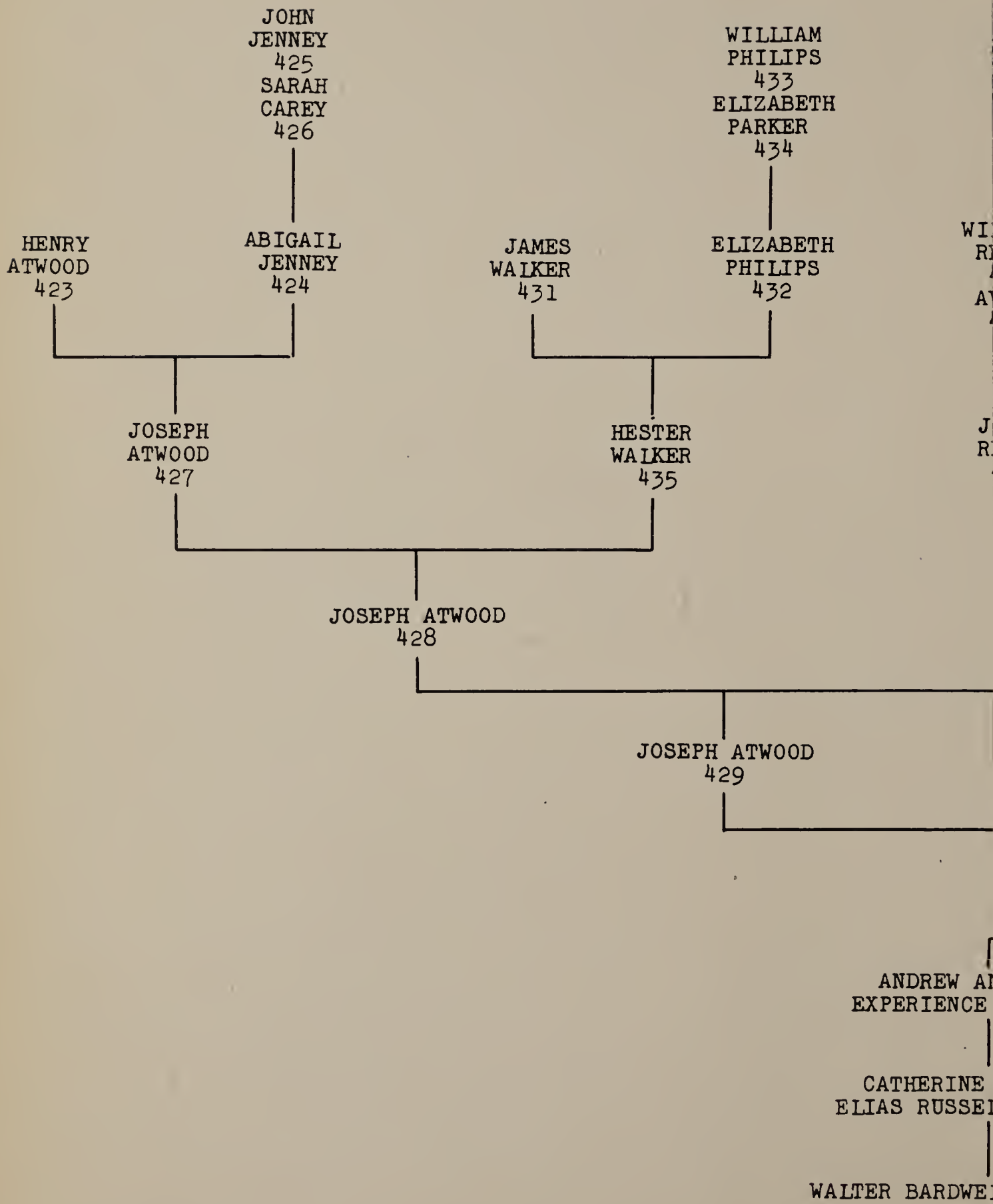


CHART 8

## ATWOOD ANCESTRY

### HENRY ATWOOD

HENRY WOOD or ATWOOD #423 was born in England and on 28 April 1644 married ABIGAIL JENNEY #424, who was born in England, daughter of JOHN JENNEY #425 and his wife SARAH CAREY #426, who came to America on the Little James in 1623 with Abigail their daughter. Abigail Jenney was living in 1690. Henry Wood and Stephen Wood were granted 8 acres of land each at Loute Pond, Plymouth on 16 August 1641. In 1643 Henry, John and Stephen Wood were able to bear arms at Plymouth and they were all three admitted freemen on 1 June 1647. In 1648 there was a joint grant of 3 acres to John, Henry and Stephen Wood next to the former grant at Loute Pond. From this it seems likely they were brothers. Henry Wood's will was probated on 7 March 1675-6. He bought considerable land of the Indians at Middleboro, Massachusetts. A Henry Wood of Leyden, Holland has been noted, who in 1611 purchased a house there used by the Pilgrims and his name appeared in other Leyden records. He voted against coming to America and sold his house in 1629. He has not been connected with the Henry Wood who did come to America.

There is a record of a deed of land in 1656 from Samuel Jenney to Henry Wood of New Plymouth in which Samuel Jenney stated he was the son of John Jenney, deceased, and Sarah Jenney, deceased. John Jenney and Sarah Carey were married at Leyden, Holland on 1 November 1614. He was described as a brewer's man from Norwich, England and she as from "Moncksoon" England. His witness was Roger Wilson and hers, ~~Joanna~~ *Jane* ~~Lyons~~. He was listed at Plymouth in 1643 as able to bear arms. He was an Assistant in 1637-9 and a Representative in 1641.

Sarah Jenney left a will dated 4 April 1654 with a codicil dated 12 August 1655 in which she mentioned a daughter Abigail Wood. The inventory of her estate was taken on 18 February 1655-6 so her death took place between those dates. John Jenney's will was dated 28 December 1643 and presented for probate on 5 June 1644 and his estate was inventoried on 25 May 1644. In the inventory an item appeared where the estate owed Henry Wood one pound. In John Jenney's will, in which William Bradford and Thomas Prence were named overseers, he mentioned his eldest son Samuel and his eldest daughter Abigail. In her case he stated Henry Wood of Plymouth was her suitor and asked that she work for the Rev. Charles Chauncey of Scituate for one year before marrying Henry Wood. In that case the marriage had his blessing and she would receive two cows and other items. Abigail did not wait as requested as she and Henry Wood were married on 28 April 1644.

John Jenney died between 28 December 1643 and 25 May 1644 and probably just before 28 April 1644. The oldest Plymouth Colony record is "Plimouths great Book of Deeds of Lands Enrolled: from An. 1627 to An. 1651:" and on pages 50 to 57 is given a record of the division of cattle in 1627. The 12th lot went to John Jenney who included in his group of thirteen; Sarah, his wife, children Samuel, Abigail, Sara, and also Robert Hicks, Margaret and Edward Bangs.

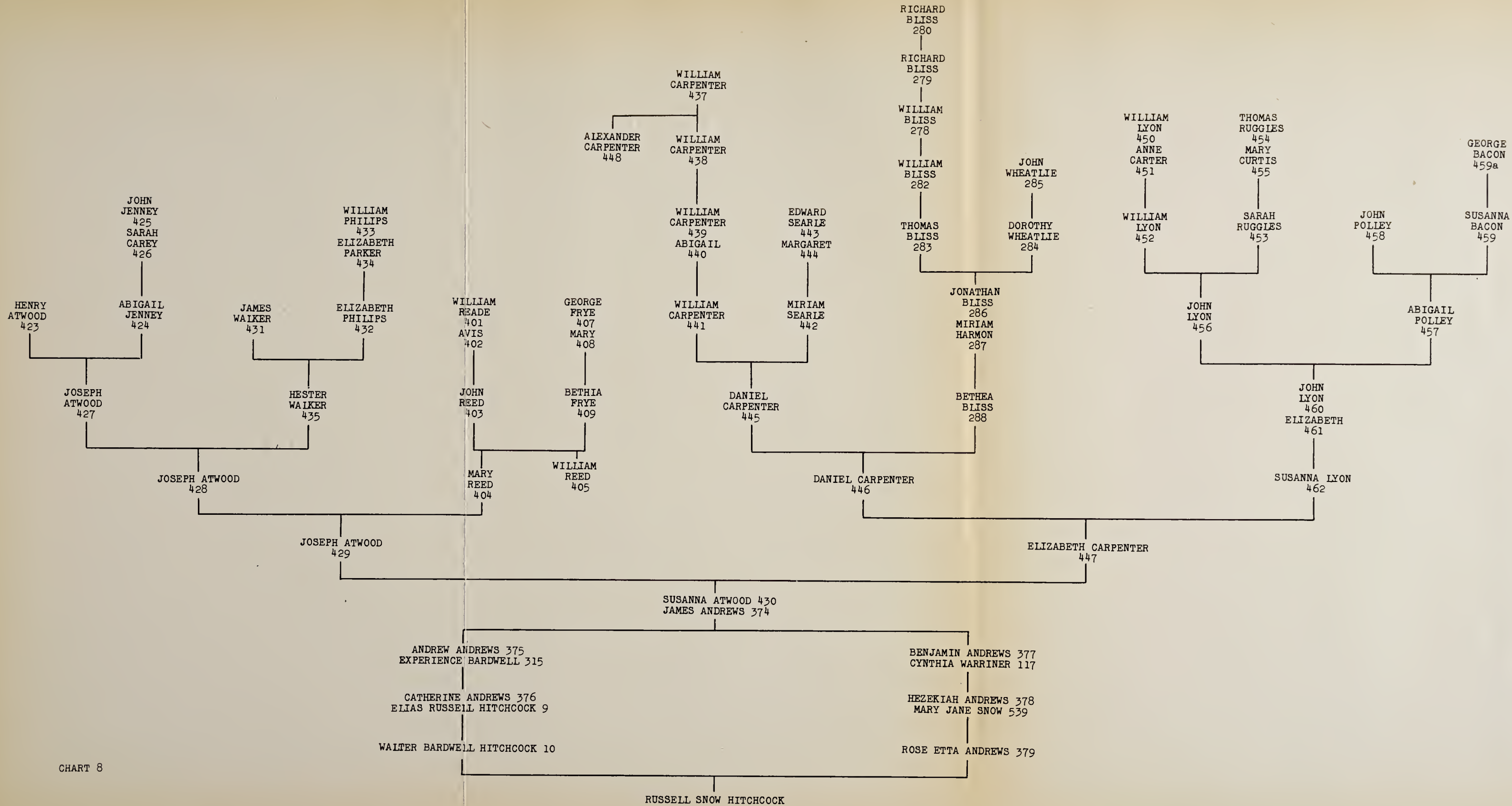


CHART 8



## ATWOOD ANCESTRY

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## JOSEPH ATWOOD

JOSEPH ATWOOD #427, son of Henry and Abigail Atwood was born in 1652-3, died on 12 February 1697-8 and on 1 January 1679-80 married HESTER WALKER #435, who was born in 1650, and died on 8 April 1696. She was the daughter of James Walker and his wife Elizabeth Philips. See #431 for her descent from James Walker. Joseph Atwood married for his second wife, Abigail Paul on 2 October 1697. He resided at Taunton, Massachusetts and signed his name at various times to deeds both as Atwood and Wood. He signed his will the day he died and mentioned his children including one unborn. The inventory was taken on 30 April 1698 and sworn to at court on 19 May 1698 by Joseph Dean, executor.

## JOSEPH ATWOOD

JOSEPH ATWOOD #428, son of Joseph and Hester Atwood was born on 4 August 1681, died on 26 September 1724 and on 11 January 1702-3 married MARY REED #404, who was born on 15 September 1681, and died on 23 April 1748. Major Thomas Leonard of Taunton married them. See #401 for her descent from William Reade. Joseph Atwood resided at Dighton, Massachusetts.

## JOSEPH ATWOOD

JOSEPH ATWOOD #429, son of Joseph and Mary Atwood was born on 1 August 1704, died on 4 June 1780 and resided in Dighton, Massachusetts. He married on 17 January 1754, ELIZABETH CARPENTER #447, who was born at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 25 October 1721, and died on 7 July 1807. See #437 for her descent from William Carpenter. Their daughter SUSANNA #430 married JAMES ANDREWS #374. She was born on 4 January 1757 and died on 26 May 1839.

Sources: History of the Atwood Family by Charles Atwood, 1888.  
Ye Atte Wode Annals by Elijah F. Atwood, 1929.  
Marriages by Major Thomas Leonard of Taunton, 1684-1713,  
in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register  
vol.13, p253.  
Plymouth Colony vital records in the Mayflower  
Descendant, vol.13, p86.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.64,  
p31; vol.4, p255; vol.90, p286  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.1, p148; vol.6, p169; vol.8, p171;  
vol.10, p71, p129; vol.13, p229.  
The Ministry of Taunton by Samuel H. Emery, 1853, p50.

## JAMES WALKER ANCESTRY

### JAMES WALKER

JAMES WALKER #431, who died on 15 February 1691-2, aged 73, is considered to be the son of widow Walker of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, who was in the first group that settled there. Her name was listed there in 1643 to receive her share in the division of land which was made 31 January 1644. Her name appeared afterwards on lists for other divisions, the last being 18 February 1646-7. There is no record as to when she came to America or the name of her husband or the date of her death. Possibly she came with a younger son Philip after her other children James and Sarah came. The records are clear that Philip was the son of widow Walker and the evidence appears to be that James Walker was his brother and hence the son of widow Walker. James Walker was one of the appraisers of Philip Walker's estate when he died in 1679.

A John Browne of Taunton was mentioned in the records as an uncle of James Walker which would make him either the brother or brother-in-law of widow Walker. James Walker was born in England in 1619 or 1620 and came on the ship Elizabeth in 1635 with a sister Sarah as servants of John Browne, a baker. They were both under age and hence came as servants to their uncle to work out the cost of their passage.

Whether James Walker was any relation to WILLIAM WALKER #676 is not known, but they did come on the same ship although William Walker whose age was listed as 15 then, did not come as a servant. There was also a Richard Walker, age 24, whose name was listed next to William Walker as coming on the ship Elizabeth. James Walker first appeared in the records as at Taunton, Massachusetts in 1643 when he was listed as between 16 and 60 and able to bear arms, and also in the same year on a list to receive a division of land at Rehoboth which adjoined Taunton. The land at Rehoboth was forfeited to the town the next year probably because he did not move there. In 1645 his name was on a Rehoboth list to share in a division of land, but his name did not appear there again.

James Walker was one of the proprietors of the Iron Works at Taunton. He was admitted a freeman on 4 June 1650. In March 1672 James Walker and John Richmond, both of Taunton, were authorized to purchase land from the Indians and he was listed as of Taunton in June 1668 when the North Purchase, afterward Norton, was obtained. In 1662 he was authorized to perform marriages at Taunton and had this authority until 1684 when Thomas Leonard succeeded him. In June 1679 he was licensed to keep an Inn. His house at Taunton was burned by the Indians on 27 June 1675.

He married for his first wife, ELIZABETH PHILIPS #432, who died in 1678 aged 59, on 14 August according to the grave stone or on 30 July according to the Plymouth records. She was the daughter of WILLIAM PHILIPS #433 and his wife ELIZABETH PARKER #434, who was the sister of William and John Parker of Taunton, Massachusetts.

One W. Philips had six acres of land at Dorchester, Massachusetts probably before 1637 according to an old map. The first purchase of land to settle Taunton was made in 1637 and William Philips was listed as entitled to 8 shares, William Parker 12 shares and John Parker 8 shares. He was one of the proprietors of the Iron Works at Taunton. The will of William Philips was dated 16 April 1654 and presented at court

on 6 March 1654-5. He stated he was at least 70 years of age and mentioned his wife Elizabeth. It also mentioned his daughter Elizabeth Walker, his son-in-law James Walker and his grand daughter Hester Walker, a little girl, to whom he bequeathed a heifer one year old. He mentioned his interest in the Iron Works newly built at Taunton. James Walker was one of the witnesses. The inventory was taken on 1 March 1654-5. The fact that Elizabeth, wife of William Philips, was a sister of John and William Parker is shown by their wills. That of John Parker, dated 6 November 1665, mentioned his wife Sarah, a house at Boston, and Elizabeth Philips of Taunton, a sister. He also called James Walker a cousin. William Parker's will dated 15 March 1659, when he was 60 years old, bequeathed a cow to Elizabeth, wife of James Walker, which she was to have after the death of his wife Alice. William Philips was listed in 1643 at Taunton as between 16 and 60 and able to bear arms.

James Walker married on 4 November 1678 for his second wife Sarah Rew widow of Edward Rew. HESTER WALKER #435, daughter of James and Elizabeth Walker was born in 1650, died on 8 April 1696 aged 46, and married JOSEPH ATWOOD #427 on 1 January 1679-80.

Sources: History of Bristol County by D.H.Hurd, 1883.  
The Ministry of Taunton by S.H.Emery, 1853, p50.  
Memorial of the Walkers of the Old Plymouth Colony by  
J.B.R.Walker, 1861.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.4,  
p255; vol.35, p73; vol.38, p266.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.12, p244; vol.17, p26, p216.  
Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.21, p60.  
Granberry Family by E.F.Waterman and D.L.Jacobus, 1945.

## CARPENTER ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM CARPENTER

WILLIAM CARPENTER #437 was born in England about 1540. He had several children of whom two were WILLIAM #438 and ALEXANDER #448.

### WILLIAM CARPENTER

WILLIAM CARPENTER #438, the first of the Carpenters to visit this country was born in England about 1576, resided in London, England, came to America in the ship Bevis which sailed in May 1638, and returned to England on the same ship. He was a carpenter by trade. With him came his son and daughter-in-law and four grandchildren all under 10 years of age and a servant, Thomas Bansholt aged 14 years. Since he was 62 years old he probably felt that he was too old to begin life anew here.

### WILLIAM CARPENTER

WILLIAM CARPENTER #439, son of William Carpenter was born in England in 1605 and died on 7 February 1657-8. He came to this country in the ship Bevis in 1638 with his wife ABIGAIL #440 and four children and his father. Both men were listed as carpenters. His father returned on the same ship. He settled first in Weymouth, Massachusetts, where he was Representative for two years. He was admitted a freeman there on 13 May 1640. The town of Rehoboth, Massachusetts was settled in 1643 and 58 members from Weymouth drew lots for the division of land on 30 June 1644. William Carpenter's number was 10. Governor Bradford displayed great friendship for William Carpenter probably because William Carpenter was a cousin of his wife, Alice Bradford.

In 1645 he was admitted as an inhabitant of Rehoboth, Massachusetts and served as Town Clerk. The will of William Carpenter mentioned his wife and children and was dated the 10th day of the 10th month with the year omitted. Among other items it bequeathed his son John "the old white mare and my best Dublett" and to son William "the younge gray mare \_\_\_\_\_ and my Russett Coate". He must have had considerable education for the times as his will mentioned "my lattin bookes my greeke Gramer and hebrew Gramer and my greeke lexicon" which he willed to his son William, as well as several religious books. The inventory was taken 21 February 1658-9 by Stephen Paine Sr., Richard Brown Sr., and John Allin Sr., and William Carpenter of Patuxett. Abigail was born in England in 1606 and died on 22 February 1687-8.

### WILLIAM CARPENTER

WILLIAM CARPENTER #441, son of William and Abigail Carpenter was born in England in 1631 or 1632 and died on 26 January 1702-3. He came to this country with his parents and finally resided at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, where he was a large landholder. He was Town Clerk for thirty four years and a Deacon in the church. He was listed as having

advanced 8 pounds, 17 shillings, 3 pence to the town of Rehoboth toward the expenses of King Philip's War on a list dated 26 January 1676-7. He must have had a more than ordinary education for the times as his father bequeathed him his Latin, Hebrew and Greek books.

He married for his first wife Priscilla Bennett on 5 October 1651 and she died on 20 October 1663. He married on 10 December 1663 his second wife, MIRIAM SEARLES #442, who was born in 1631, died on 1 May 1722 and the daughter of EDWARD SEARLES #443 and his wife MARGARET #444. There were ten children by this second marriage. The inventory of William Carpenter's estate was presented on 5 February 1702-3.

#### DANIEL CARPENTER

DANIEL CARPENTER #445, son of William and Miriam Carpenter was born at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 8 October 1669. He married BETHEA BLISS #288 on 15 April 1695. She was born in August 1671 and died on 27 February 1702-3. See #278 for her descent from William Bliss.

Daniel Carpenter married Elizabeth Butterworth for his second wife and Margaret Thurston for his third wife. His fourth wife was Mary Hunt and his fifth, the widow Mary Hyde. On the death of his father he was chosen Town Clerk and except for a two year period held the office until 1730. He was a member of the expedition against Quebec in 1690 and wrote a letter to his father listing those in his company.

#### DANIEL CARPENTER

DANIEL CARPENTER #446, son of Daniel and Bethea Carpenter was born on 8 November 1695, at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, died on 26 January 1763 and on 29 December 1720 married SUSANNA LYON #462 of Woodstock, Connecticut. She was born at Woodstock on 29 September 1699 and died at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 17 July 1790. See #450 for her descent from William Lyon.

Daniel Carpenter was a Captain and later a Colonel in the militia and held from time to time most of the important offices in the town. His will was dated 25 February 1760 and was proved on 1 March 1763. Their daughter ELIZABETH #447, was born at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 25 October 1721, died on 7 July 1807, and married JOSEPH ATWOOD #429 on 17 January 1754.

#### ALEXANDER CARPENTER

ALEXANDER CARPENTER #448, was a son of William Carpenter and was born about 1560. He resided in Wrington, Somersetshire, England. He spent some time in Leyden, Holland when the Pilgrims were there, but returned to England and did not come to America. Among his children there were six daughters of whom one was ALICE #449, who was born about 1590 and died on 29 March 1670. She married first on 28 May 1613 at Leyden, Holland, EDWARD SOUTHWORTH #669 and after his death in England in 1621 came to America in July 1623 on the ship Anne with her sister

and her sister's husband, George and Julia Ann (Carpenter) Morton. She then married Governor Bradford.

Sources: Rehoboth Branch of the Carpenter Family by Amos B. Carpenter, 1898.

Carpenter Family by James Usher, 1883.

Newell Ancestry by William M. Emery, 1944.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.5, p387; vol.99, p96.

Mayflower Descendant, vol.14, p231.

Early Rehoboth by Richard LeBaron Bowen, 1945.

## LYON ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM LYON

WILLIAM LYON #450 was born in England and married ANNE CARTER #451 there, at Harrow on the Hill on 17 July 1615.

### WILLIAM LYON

WILLIAM LYON #452, the youngest son of William and Anne Lyon was born in England, baptized at Heston, now part of London, on 23 December 1620 and was buried at Roxbury, Massachusetts on 21 May 1692. He sailed for New England on 11 September 1635 on the ship Hopewell. On 17 June 1646 he married SARAH RUGGLES #453. William Lyon in 1645 was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston and had become a freeman in 1639. He resided at Roxbury and in 1648 received a grant of six acres there. In 1652 three acres "upon the common, by John Polly's" was granted him. The first year in New England he recovered from a serious illness.

William Lyon was mentioned in the will of Edward Bugby dated 26 November 1668 in which Edward Bugby described his land as being bounded in part by that of William Lyon. This will is in the Suffolk County wills. On 17 October 1683 the selectmen of Roxbury petitioned the Court for a grant of land at what is now Woodstock, Connecticut, but then part of Massachusetts. The request was granted on 7 November 1683 and in October 1684 Roxbury empowered certain men to look at the land. In 1686 William Lyon was listed as one of the "goers" to Woodstock and was granted lot 9 there with Ebenezer Cass. William Lyon Jr was granted lot 24.

Sarah Ruggles, his wife, was the daughter of THOMAS RUGGLES #454 and his wife MARY CURTIS #455, who came in 1637 from Nazing, England. The Rev. John Eliot listed both Thomas Ruggles and his wife Mary as church members at Roxbury, Massachusetts and stated he was the elder brother of John Ruggles and both were children of a godly father. He

also listed their children. After the death of Thomas Ruggles his widow married Mr. Roote. Thomas Ruggles became a freeman on 22 May 1639. He was buried on 16 November 1644. His will dated the 9th day, the 9th month 1644 mentioned his wife, sons John and Samuel and daughter Sarah who was then under 21 years of age. Sarah was born on 19 April 1629 and was an infant when brought to this country. William Lyon married Martha Philbrick on 30 November 1677 for his second wife. She was the widow of John Casse and she died about 4 August 1694.

#### JOHN LYON

JOHN LYON #456, son of William and Sarah Lyon was born in Roxbury, Massachusetts on 10 April 1647 and died on 15 January 1703. On 10 May 1670 he married ABIGAIL #457, daughter of JOHN POLLEY #458 and his first wife SUSANNA BACON #459. Abigail was born on 4 June 1654 and died 15 January 1703. John Polley was a proprietor of Roxbury, Massachusetts and died on 2 April 1689, age 71 years. His will was dated 17 December 1688 and filed for probate in March 1690-1. He had four wives, marrying the last one, Jane Metcalf, widow of Philip Walker, on 2 June 1684 when 66 years old. He was a signer of a petition of censure to Harvard College dated 5 March 1672. Susanna Bacon was the daughter of GEORGE BACON #459a, who came on the ship Increase in 1635 with three children. He was born in England in 1592 and died in 1642. Susanna was born in 1625 and died at Roxbury on 13 April 1664. In a deed dated 30 March 1670 John Polley mentioned that his former wife Susanna was the daughter of George Bacon of Hingham, deceased. John Lyon and his wife Abigail were admitted to the first church at Roxbury, Massachusetts on 24 March 1671-2.

#### JOHN LYON

JOHN LYON #460, son of John and Abigail Lyon was born at Roxbury, Massachusetts on 14 May 1673 and died at Rehoboth, Massachusetts on 23 January 1724-5. He moved to Woodstock, Connecticut in 1698, but later returned to Rehoboth. His wife was ELIZABETH #461. Their daughter SUSANNA #462, was born at Woodstock, Connecticut on 29 September 1699, died on 17 July 1790 at Rehoboth, Massachusetts and married DANIEL CARPENTER #446 on 29 December 1720.

Sources: Lyon Memorial, Massachusetts Families, 1905.  
History of the First Church in Roxbury by W.E. Thwing, 1908, p29, p64.  
History of Roxbury by Charles M. Ellis, 1847.  
Genealogical records kept by Captain Chester G. Mayo (SC) U.S.N.  
Boston records in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 6, p377; vol. 11, p330.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 3, p265; vol. 18, p227; vol. 19, p163; vol. 35, p122, p247; vol. 96, p260.  
Vital records of Rehoboth, Mass.  
Early Rehoboth by Richard L. Bowen, 1945.  
Suffolk County deeds, vol. 12, p357.





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BRIDGET  
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MARY  
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## SHELDON ANCESTRY

### ISAAC SHELDON

ISAAC SHELDON #463 was born about 1630 in England and died at Northampton, Massachusetts on 29 July 1708, aged 78 years. In 1653 he married MARY WOODFORD #185, who was born about 1636, and died at Northampton on 17 April 1684. See #180 for her descent from Thomas Woodford. Isaac Sheldon's second wife was Mehitable, daughter of Thomas Gunn and the former wife of David Ensign, who he married in 1686.

Isaac Sheldon was first heard of in America at Windsor, Connecticut in 1652 when he bought from John Stiles a house and three acre lot. The town meeting records of Windsor on 13 September 1652 mentioned Isaac Sheldon in a town order. In 1656 he moved to Northampton, Massachusetts where he made his will on 21 June 1708 which was probated on 1 September 1708.

Considerable research has been done to determine his origin in England and it seems probable that he was the son of RALPH SHELDON #464 and BARBARA STONE #465 of Ashford, Derby County, England who were married there 27 April 1629. He was mentioned in his grand father's will dated 10 June 1651, but was not listed in the hearth tax roll for this county in 1663 when a hearth tax was assessed on every fireplace in England although his brothers were so listed. If as seems most likely Isaac Sheldon of Windsor was the son of Ralph and Barbara Sheldon, then his ancestry goes back to a Richard Sheldon born about 1385 of Monyash, in Bakewell, Derby County, England. This is based on an entry in the records of Derby County in 1662 by another Richard Sheldon who listed his descent from the above Richard Sheldon through Hugh, Richard, Hugh, Hugh, Hugh, Hugh, Henry, and Hugh, to himself. Research and examination of the records of that County proves that descent as entered by Richard Sheldon in 1662. Isaac and Mary Sheldon had 13 children, all except the first being born at Northampton, Massachusetts. Isaac and his second wife had one child.

### JOSEPH SHELDON

JOSEPH SHELDON #466, son of Isaac and Mary Sheldon was born at Northampton, Massachusetts on 1 February 1667-8 and died at Boston, Massachusetts on 2 July 1708. He was a miller and was granted land at Northfield, Massachusetts in 1682, but later moved to Suffield, Connecticut. He was a Representative to the Massachusetts General Court. He married MARY WHITING #472, who was born on 19 August 1672, and died before 1735. See #468 for her descent from William Whiting. They had a daughter MARY #467, who was born in 1699, died on 8 January 1760 and on 14 February 1716-7 became the first wife of EBENEZER HITCHCOCK #16. Mary Sheldon married John Ashley of Wethersfield, Connecticut for her second husband.

Sources: History of Deerfield, Mass., by George Sheldon, 1896.  
The Sheldon Magazine, 1855.  
The Sheldons of England and Isaac Sheldon of New England  
by J. Gardner Bartlett in the New England Historical  
and Genealogical Register for October 1926.  
American Genealogist, vol.9, pl53-4.

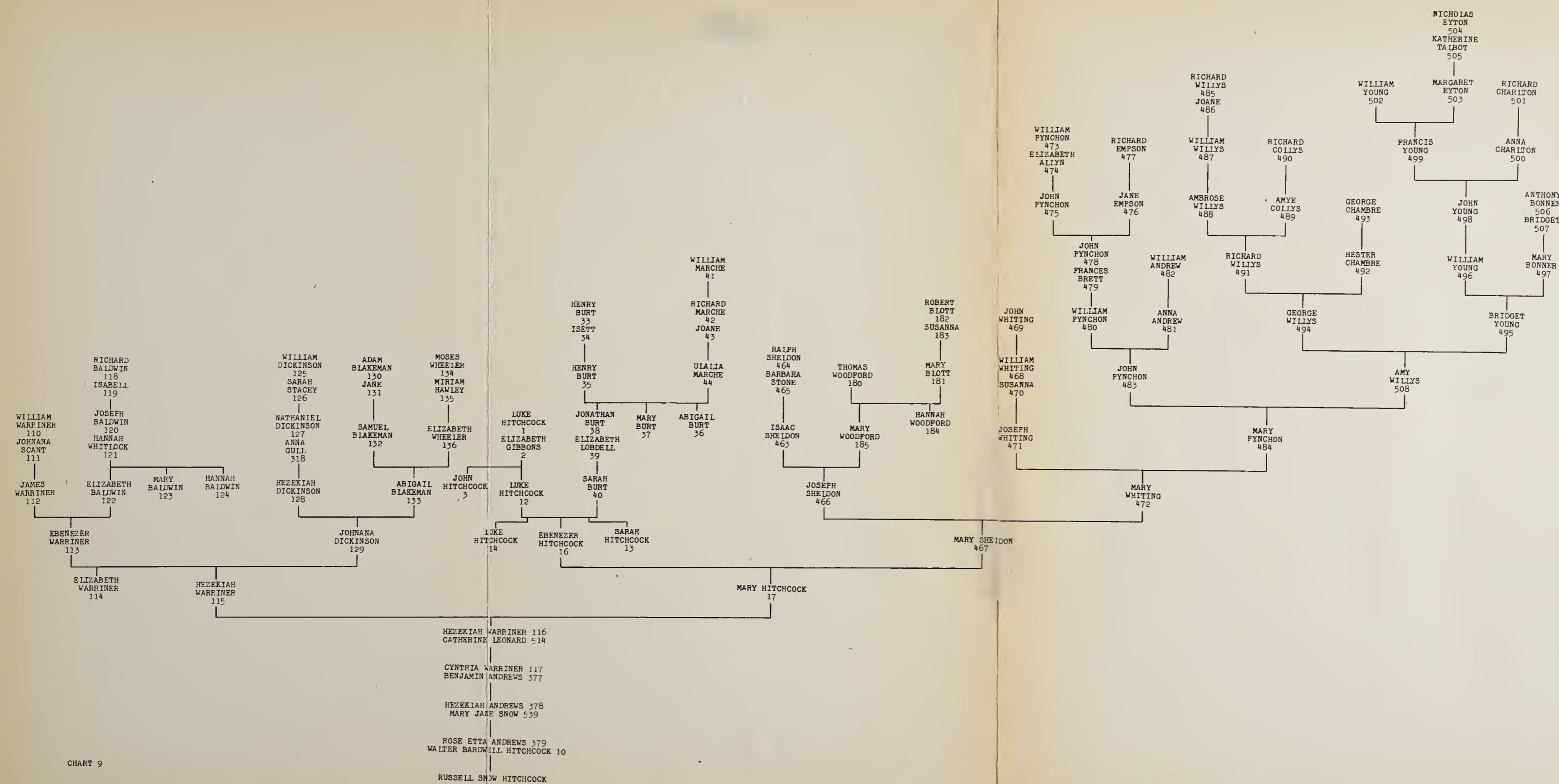


CHART 9

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The Sheldon Magazine, 1855.

The Sheldons of England and Isaac Sheldon of New England  
by J. Gardner Bartlett in the New England Historical  
and Genealogical Register for October 1926.

American Genealogist, vol.9, pl53-4.

## WHITING ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM WHITING

WILLIAM WHITING #468 was born at Deptford, Kent County, England, the son of JOHN WHITING #469, Mayor of Boston, Lincoln County, England. He and two brothers, who were clergymen, came to America and William was here as early as 1632 or 1633. In 1633 "The Bristol men sold their interest in Piscataqua to the Lords Say and Brooke, George Wyllys and William Whiting". He was one of the first settlers of Hartford, Connecticut and was listed there as "William Whiting, Gentleman". He became a freeman in February 1640 and was Treasurer of the Colony from 1641 to 1647 and was Magistrate for the same years. His will was dated 20 March 1643 and stated he soon intended to take a sea voyage. The last addition to his will was dated 24 July 1647 and he probably died soon after, leaving an estate valued at 2854 pounds. His wife was SUSANNA #470 and they had six children.

### JOSEPH WHITING

JOSEPH WHITING #471, son of William and Susanna Whiting, was born on 2 October 1640, died on 8 October 1717, and followed his father's foot steps as Treasurer of Connecticut for 39 years. He was a merchant at Westfield, Massachusetts for a time, but returned to Hartford, Connecticut in 1675 or 1676. His house at Hartford was on Main Street near Charter Oak Avenue and was built before 1650 and purchased by Joseph Whiting in 1682. He married first on 5 October 1669, MARY PYNCHON #484, who was born on 28 October 1650, the daughter of John Pynchon. She died after 5 October 1674 and before 1676. See #473 for her descent from William Pynchon. Their daughter MARY #472, was born on 19 August 1672, and married JOSEPH SHELDON #466. She presumably died before 1735 as there is a record that Mary Sheldon their daughter inherited money from the Pynchon estate in 1735. Joseph Whiting married in 1676 for his second wife Anne Allyn, daughter of John Allyn.

Sources: Hitchcock Genealogy by Edward Hitchcock, 1894, p411.  
Data Concerning the Families of Morse, Chipman, Phinney,  
Ensign and Whiting by William I. Morse, 1925.

## PYNCHON ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM PYNCHON

WILLIAM PYNCHON #473 of Wryttyll, Essex County, England, yeoman, married a daughter of Richard and Campyn Stephens for his first wife and ELIZABETH ALLYN #474, sister of Richard Allyn for his second wife. His will dated 13 July 1551 and proved on 5 September 1552 mentioned his wife Elizabeth. It also mentioned his eldest son, John and sons Edward, George and Henry. It mentioned his wife's brother Richard Allyn and also his wife's sisters who were the wives of Edmund Church and Robert Grove. His daughters Agnes and Margery, not then married, were mentioned as well as daughters Dennys and Joane Brytton. A late brother Borrell was mentioned. Elizabeth, daughter of his son John and wife Helen was to receive a legacy. The will of his son John later referred to this same legacy for daughter Elizabeth which shows that William Pynchon was the father of our John Pynchon rather than Nicholas Pynchon, sheriff of London in 1532.

### JOHN PYNCHON

JOHN PYNCHON #475, son of William Pynchon and his wife Elizabeth was of Writtle, Essex County, England. His first wife was Helen and she was mentioned in his father's will dated 13 July 1551 and they had at least one child Elizabeth. John Pynchon's will was dated 10 November 1573 and proved on 11 December 1573. He died on 29 November 1573. His will mentioned his wife JANE #476, daughter of SIR RICHARD EMPSON #477 of Northampton County, and sons William, John and Edward. William was the oldest and then under age. His daughter Elizabeth was mentioned as not then married and the will referred to her legacy from her grand father and described the same legacy as did William Pynchon, her grand father. John mentioned a sister Dennis, who was likewise noted in his father's will. After John Pynchon's death his widow Jane on 15 July 1576 married Thomas Wilson one of the Principal Secretaries to Queen Elizabeth. Her will dated 10 November 1587 and proved on 14 February 1587 mentioned eldest son William, second son John Pynchon and third son Edward Pynchon.

### JOHN PYNCHON

JOHN PYNCHON #478, son of John and Jane Pynchon was born in England and died there on 4 September 1610. He resided in the town of Springfield, Essex County, England. His wife was FRANCES BRETT #479, sister of Thomas Brett whose will dated 15 January 1615, proved on 13 November 1616 mentioned William Pynchon, son of his sister Frances Pynchon. In an inquisition dated 7 October 1611 John Pynchon was listed as late of Springfield, Essex and had land at Springfield and at Writtle, Essex. William Pynchon was listed as his son and heir and was 19½ years and 10 weeks old at the time of his father's death. His widow Frances was mentioned in the records when, with her son William, they gave a quit claim to land in Writtle to Mathew Rudde.

The will of John Pynchon of Springfield, Essex dated 29 August

1610 and proved on 12 September 1610 mentioned his wife Frances, sons William and Peter and six daughters, Annes, Frances, Jane, Alice, Isabell and Susanne. John Pynchon was educated at the University of Oxford from which he was graduated on 20 December 1577 and on 6 April 1581 received his B.A. degree.

#### WILLIAM PYNCHON

WILLIAM PYNCHON #480, son of John and Frances Pynchon was born in England and died at Wraysbury, Buckinghamshire, England on 29 October 1662, aged 72 or 74 years. He was a church warden at Springfield, Essex County, England in 1624. His name appeared frequently in the records of the Massachusetts Bay Company as they were organizing in England and he was named as one of the Assistants in the charter granted by Charles I on 28 March 1628. He came over with his wife ANNA #481 and four children with Governor Winthrop in June 1630. Mrs. Pynchon, who was the daughter of WILLIAM ANDREW #482 of Turwell, Northampton County England, died shortly after arriving and he married Frances Sanford, a widow.

This large group of colonists under Governor Winthrop made settlements at several places such as Boston, Charlestown, Watertown, Medford and Roxbury. William Pynchon settled at Roxbury and founded that town. Early in 1636 he with eight others moved to the Connecticut River and founded Springfield named after the town in England, near Chelmsford in Essex, where he had lived. He was a gentleman of learning having been educated at Oxford, matriculating at Hart hall, afterwards Hertford College on 14 October 1596 when 11 years old. In 1650 he published in England a religious book which immediately was banned by the General Court of Massachusetts and he was called upon for an explanation. The matter dragged on until early in 1652 when William decided to return to England where he bought land at Wraysbury, Bucks County in 1653. His will was dated 4 October 1662 and proved on 8 December 1662 and it mentioned son John Pynchon of Springfield, New England, who was named executor.

#### JOHN PYNCHON

JOHN PYNCHON #483, son of William and Anna Pynchon was born about 1621 at Springfield, Essex County, England and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 7 January 1703, aged 77 years. On 30 October 1644 he married AMY WYLLYS #508, who was born about 1624, and died on 9 January 1698-9. See #485 for her descent from Richard Wyllys. John Pynchon built the first sawmill in Springfield in 1667 and previously paid two shillings a day to men to saw boards from logs by hand.

John Pynchon, as a major, was head of the armed men in western Massachusetts in their campaigns against the Indians. He also kept the store in Springfield, exported furs to England and imported goods from England. He extended credit to residents of Springfield and western Massachusetts and thus acquired considerable land in the settlement of accounts from those who could otherwise not pay. He was very prosperous and the most influential man in Springfield. MARY #484, daughter of



John and Amy Pynchon, was born on 28 October 1650, and married JOSEPH WHITING #471 on 5 October 1669.

Sources: Record of the Pynchon Family in England and America by Joseph C.Pynchon,1885 as revised by W.F.Adams,1898.  
Wills of the English Pynchons by Henry Fitz-Gilbert Waters in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register for April 1894.  
Chronicles of the First Planters of Massachusetts Bay, 1846, p283,p314.  
Rev. Eliot's Record of Roxbury church members in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.35,p21  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.18, p86;vol.48,p250-251;vol.87,p224.

## WILLYS ANCESTRY

### RICHARD WILLYS

RICHARD WILLYS #485 was Lord of the Manor of Fenny Compton and one of the King's Justices of the Peace in Warwick County, England. His wife was JOANE #486 and she was mentioned in his will proved on 11 May 1532. Richard Willys died on 8 February 1531 and was buried at Prior's Marson and his grand son, Ambrose Willys, was later buried under an adjoining stone, the epitaph on which mentioned Richard Willys and wife Joane as being his grand parents.

### WILLIAM WILLYS

WILLIAM WILLYS #487 was the son of Richard and Joane Willys. The epitaph on the grave of his son Ambrose mentioned his father William Willys.

### AMBROSE WILLYS

AMBROSE WILLYS #488 was the son of William Willys. He died on 10 June 1590 and was buried at Prior's Marson near his father and grand father. He resided at Fenny Compton and had eight sons that died in infancy. A son Richard and daughter Anne did grow up. His will was proved on 21 November 1590 and mentioned his wife AMYE #489, who was the daughter of RICHARD COLLYS #490 of Preston Magna, Northampton County.

### RICHARD WILLYS

RICHARD WILLYS #491 of Fenny Compton was the son of Ambrose and Amye Willys. His wife was HESTER #492, daughter of GEORGE CHAMBRE #493 of Williams court, Oxford County, England. The will of Richard Willys was dated 10 June 1597, proved on 16 June 1597 and mentioned among others sons George and Richard as well as widow Hester, who was named to administer the estate during the minority of son George.

The epitaph on the grave of Richard Willys mentioned children George, William, Richard, Judith, Mary. Richard Willys son of Richard and brother of George left a will dated 7 December 1639, proved on 8 May 1640 which mentioned his brother George Willys and his wife Mary as well as nieces Hester and Amys and nephews George and Samuel. Also mentioned was brother-in-law Thomas Guilder and wife Judith, brother-in-law John Ekins and wife Mary, brother-in-law John Rutter and other near relatives.

### GEORGE WILLYS

GEORGE WILLYS #494, son of Richard and Hester Willys was born in England about 1589-90 and died at Hartford, Connecticut on 9 March

1645. He came to America in 1638 with his second wife Mary, their son and two daughters by his first marriage. Mary was the widow of Alexander Bisbie of London whose will dated 17 July 1625, proved on 14 September 1629 mentioned his wife Mary and bequeathed her his London house. Her parents were Francis Smith and his wife Alice Ferneley.

George Willys settled at Hartford and became the second Governor of Connecticut. It is said he sent men over two years before he came to build a house for him. The house was on land where grew the oak later known as the Charter Oak. He was a wealthy man for his time. His first wife was BRIDGET YOUNG #495 and they were married at the Holy Trinity Church at Stratford-on-Avon on 9 November 1609. She died at Fenny Compton and was buried there on 11 March 1629. She was the daughter of WILLIAM YOUNG #496 and his second wife MARY BONNER #497 of Kenton or Caynton, Shropshire, England. William Young's father was JOHN YOUNG #498 of Kenton and Tyberton; his grand father was FRANCIS YOUNG #499 of Kenton who married ANNA CHARLETON #500 daughter of RICHARD CHARLETON #501 of Axley, Salop County; and his great grand father was WILLIAM YOUNG #502 of Kenton who married MARGARET EYTON #503 daughter of NICHOLAS EYTON #504 and KATHARINE TALBOT #505. Mary Bonner, wife of William Young was the daughter of ANTHONY BONNER #506 and his wife BRIDGET #507 of Camden, Gloucester County, England. Anthony Bonner was a man of considerable property whose will was dated 1579 and proved in 1580. Mary Bonner married Thomas Combe of Stratford-on-Avon for her second husband and she died in April 1617 and was buried at Stratford-on-Avon on 5 April 1617.

AMY WILLYS #508 daughter of George and Bridget Willys, was born about 1624, and died on 9 January 1698-9. She married JOHN PYNCHON #483 on 30 October 1644. George Willys's will was dated 14 December 1644 and proved on 9 February 1647 in which he mentioned his wife Mary and son Samuel and also George in England. George was bequeathed land if he came to New England, but otherwise was to have lands at Fenny Compton, England. The will also mentioned daughters Hester and Amy and a William Gibbons.

Sources: The Willys Papers in the Connecticut Historical Collections, vol.21.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.1, p74; vol.22, p186; vol.33, p356; vol.37, p33; vol.46, p326; vol.53, p21, p217-224.





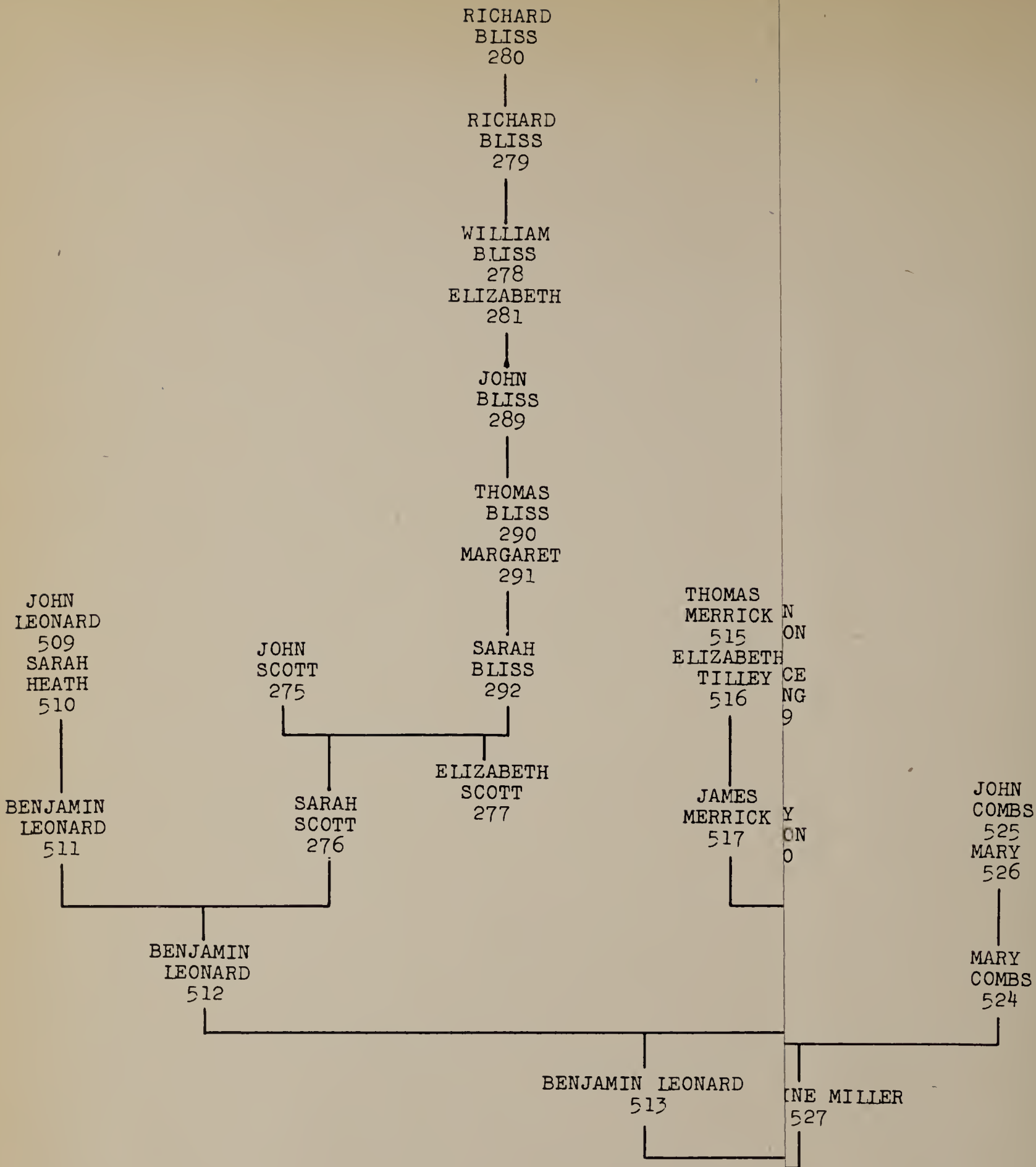


CHART 10

## LEONARD ANCESTRY

### JOHN LEONARD

JOHN LEONARD #509 was born in England and arrived in Springfield, Massachusetts in 1639. He married SARAH HEALD #510 on 12 November 1640. She died on 23 November 1711 and John was killed by the Indians in 1676. John Leonard received land in the second division of land at Springfield. His widow Sarah married Benjamin Parsons on 21 February 1677 and after his death married Peter Tilton in 1690.

### BENJAMIN LEONARD

BENJAMIN LEONARD #511, son of John and Sarah Leonard was born in Springfield, Massachusetts on 5 September 1654 and died on 21 December 1724. On 9 February 1679-80 he married SARAH SCOTT #276, born on 19 October 1663 and died 2 December 1751. See #275 for her descent from John Scott.

### BENJAMIN LEONARD

BENJAMIN LEONARD #512, son of Benjamin and Sarah Leonard was born on 17 August 1702 and died on 25 February 1785. On 3 August 1727 he married THANKFUL MERRICK #518, who was born on 8 October 1701 and died on 31 December 1799. See #515 for her descent from Thomas Merrick.

### BENJAMIN LEONARD

BENJAMIN LEONARD #513 was the son of Benjamin and Thankful Leonard. He was born on 4 March 1731 and on 4 July 1754 married CATHERINE MILLER #527, who was born on 2 September 1733, and died on 13 December 1800. She was the daughter of Joseph and Mary Miller. See #519 for her descent from Thomas Miller. Their daughter CATHERINE #514, was born on 30 April 1758 and married HEZEKIAH WARRINER #116 on 4 December 1783. She died before 1811.

Sources: John Leonard of Springfield, Mass., by Constance Leonard, 1929.

Descendants of William Scott of Hartford and John Scott of Springfield, Mass., by O.P. Allen, 1906.

The Giles Memorial by John A. Vinton, 1864.

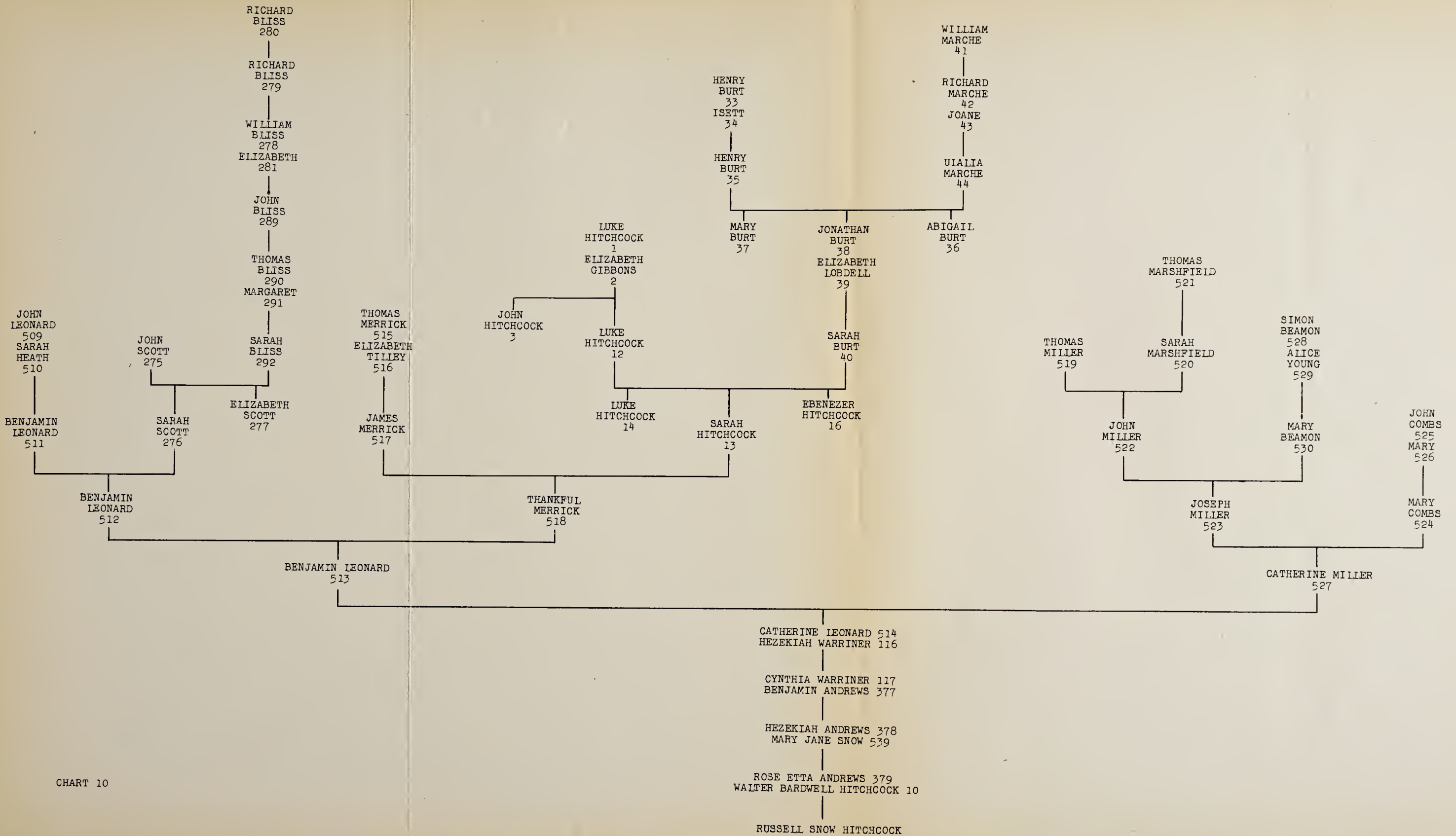


CHART 10



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Descendants of William Scott of Hartford and John Scott of Springfield, Mass., by O.P. Allen, 1906.

The Giles Memorial by John A. Vinton, 1864.

## THOMAS MERRICK ANCESTRY

### THOMAS MERRICK

THOMAS MERRICK #515 was born in Wales about 1620 and died at Springfield, Massachusetts on 7 September 1704. He came to America in 1636 supposedly with three brothers, one of whom may have been WILLIAM MERRICK #562. Records indicate he was at Roxbury, Massachusetts in 1636 and on a list of settlers at Springfield dated 3 January 1638 his name appeared. His first wife was Sarah Stebbins and they were married on 14 July 1639 and had five children. His second wife was ELIZABETH TILLEY #516 and they were married on 21 August 1653 and had eight children. She died on 21 August 1684. His name appeared many times in the Springfield records and he acquired 96 acres of land there. He was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties.

### JAMES MERRICK

JAMES MERRICK #517, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Merrick was born at Springfield, Massachusetts on 2 March 1669-70 and died there on 8 September 1765. On 30 July 1696 he married for his first wife SARAH HITCHCOCK #13, who was born on 1 April 1678, and died on 5 February 1733-4. See #1 for her descent from Luke Hitchcock. His second wife was Abigail Mosely, a widow and they had no children. James Merrick was a selectman in Springfield in 1715 and again in 1719. His name appeared several times in the town records. James and Sarah Merrick had eight children and their third child THANKFUL #518, was born on 8 October 1701, and died on 31 December 1799. She married BENJAMIN LEONARD #512 on 3 August 1727.

Sources: Merrick Genealogy by George B. Merrick, 1902.  
Vital records of Springfield, Mass., in the New England  
Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 19, p62.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9,  
p87.

## MILLER ANCESTRY

### THOMAS MILLER

THOMAS MILLER #519 was first heard of at Springfield, Massachusetts. His son Thomas was born at Springfield on 1 April 1653. On 13 March 1655 he testified at court at Northampton according to the court records. The Springfield records show that on 21 February 1658 he sold an acre of land to his brother Obadiah Miller. On 12 September 1649 he married SARAH MARSHFIELD #520, daughter of THOMAS MARSHFIELD #521 and sister of Samuel Marshfield. Thomas Marshfield was born at Exeter, England, came to Dorchester, Massachusetts in 1630 and was granted land there on 18 January 1635. He thence went to Windsor, Connecticut early in 1639.

Thomas Marshfield with Henry Wolcott and Samuel Wakeman chartered in 1640 the ships Charles and Hopewell for a voyage from England to New England. The ships sailed from Bristol, England on 18 June 1640. They borrowed sums of money from Nathaniel Patten, a passenger on the ship Charles. This resulted in court action here when Nathaniel Patten sued to recover and the case came up on 14 October 1642 in Connecticut since Henry Wolcott and Thomas Marshfield were residents there. Prior to this time Thomas Marshfield had left Windsor, Connecticut due, according to some accounts, to religious differences. It is believed he went to Springfield, Massachusetts.

Thomas Marshfield's wife may have been Mercy as there is a record of a widow Mercy Marshfield being buried at Springfield on 30 September 1654. Thomas Miller was one of the signers of the petition dated 2 December 1668 wherein the inhabitants of Springfield protested certain impost duties. Thomas Miller was killed by the Indians at the burning of Springfield on 5 October 1675. The inhabitants of Springfield had been warned of the attack by a friendly Indian and retired to three houses deemed to be the strongest to resist attack. As the Indians approached, Thomas Miller and Thomas Cooley went out to parley with them and both were killed. Thomas and Sarah Miller had 13 children. Sarah, widow of Thomas Miller, married for her second husband Edward Foster, widower, on 17 January 1683 at Springfield and she died on 9 March 1709.

### JOHN MILLER

JOHN MILLER #522, son of Thomas and Sarah Miller was born on 23 April 1657 at Springfield, Massachusetts and died there in 1735. He married MARY BEAMON #530, daughter of Simon Beamon. See #528 for her descent from him. John and Mary Miller had four children.

### JOSEPH MILLER

JOSEPH MILLER #523, son of John and Mary Miller and their third child was born on 12 March 1699-1700 and died on 25 April 1760. On 7 June 1722 he married MARY COMBS #524, who was born on 20 July 1695, and died on 26 November 1759. She was the daughter and only child of JOHN COMBS #525 and his wife MARY #526. John Combs died at Northampton,

Massachusetts on 2 August 1732 and Mary was his first wife. His second wife was Elizabeth by whom he had other children. Joseph Miller was called a Captain and administered the estate of his uncle Daniel Beamon who died on 3 August 1741. Joseph and Mary Miller had eight children of whom the sixth was CATHERINE #527, who was born on 2 September 1733, died on 13 December 1800, and married BENJAMIN LEONARD #513 on 4 July 1754.

Sources: Miller Family Magazine by W.M.Clemens, 1916.  
Springfield Families by Thomas B.Warren, typed by Ella May Lewis, Springfield, Mass., 1935.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9, p87.; vol.18, p142.  
History of Windsor, Conn., by H.R.Stiles, 1891, vol.1, p161.

## BEAMON ANCESTRY

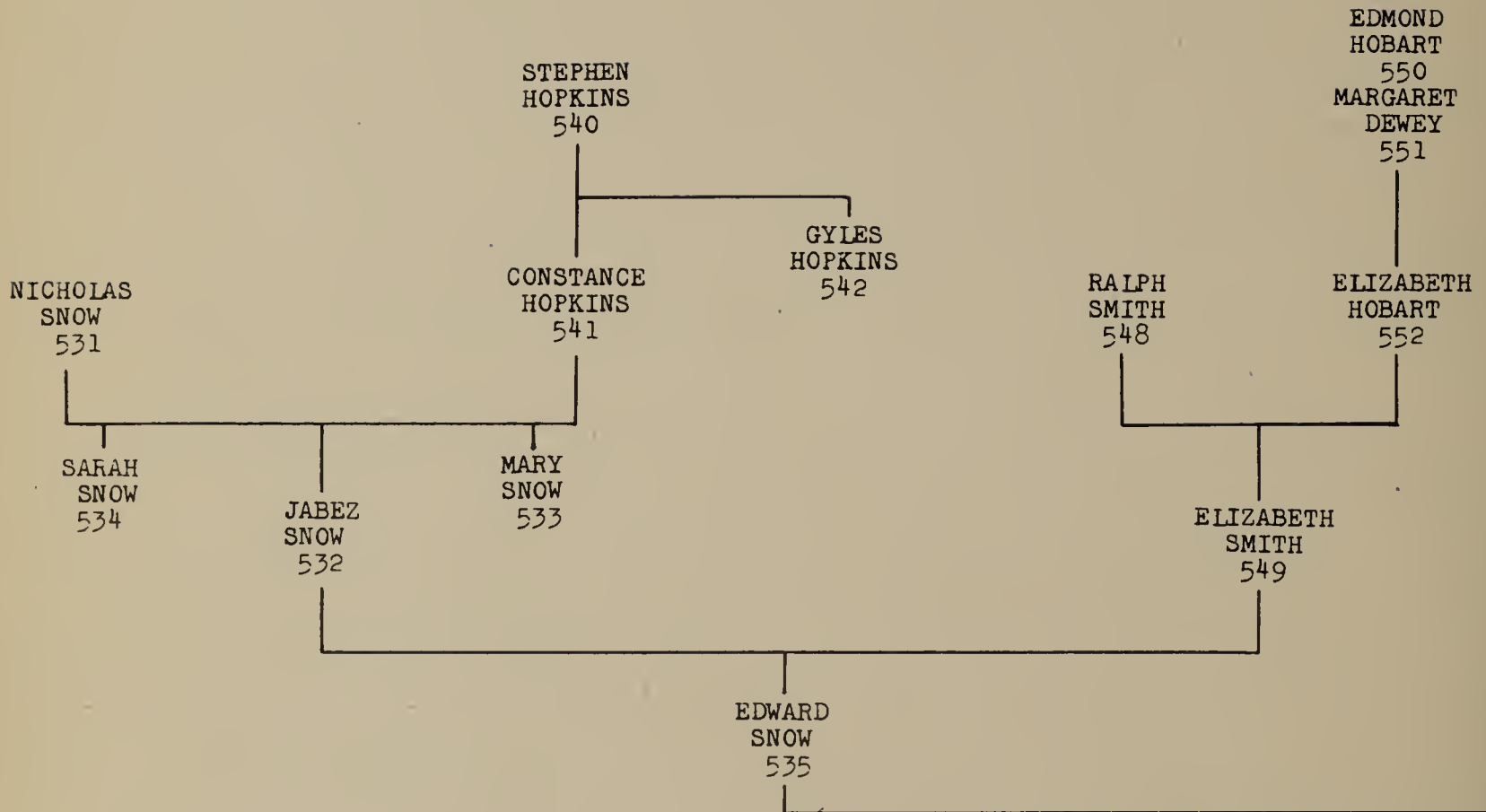
### SIMON BEAMON

SIMON BEAMON #528 was first recorded in America at Springfield, Massachusetts in 1648 as in that year and many succeeding years his name appeared in the account books of the Pynchons. From goods purchased in 1648 it would appear he was then a bachelor. In 1653 he purchased shoemaker's equipment. There were various credits for work performed by Simon Beamon for Pynchon. On 15 December 1654 he married ALICE YOUNG #529 and shortly thereafter the couple purchased from Pynchon articles for housekeeping. In February 1653 he had received grants of land at Springfield which he sold late the following year shortly before his marriage and soon after his marriage purchased other land including a three acre home lot. Other lands were granted him in May 1653, March 1661-2, December 1664 and in 1665.

In December 1659 Simon Beamon was assigned a seat in the meeting house. The town records stated at a town meeting in November 1657 that he was given permission to dig a cellar to work in for the winter provided he filled it up again in the spring. The last charge on Pynchon's books was dated 17 August 1675 so he died between then and 26 September 1676 when the inventory of his estate was presented. Springfield was burned on 5 October 1675 and probably the Beamon house was one of those lost because the town in 1679 granted widow Beamon land for a house. Later in March 1681-2 her taxes were rebated. Entries in Pynchon's books showed she continued to purchase goods there. She died on 5 October 1708. MARY #530, daughter of Simon and Alice Beamon married JOHN MILLER #522.

Sources: Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W.Ferris, 1931.





NATHAN  
5

CHART 11

## SNOW ANCESTRY

### NICHOLAS SNOW

NICHOLAS SNOW #531 was born in England and came to America from Hoxton, Middlesex County in the ship Anne in 1623. About 1626 he married CONSTANCE HOPKINS #541, daughter of Stephen Hopkins, a Mayflower passenger. See #540 for her descent from this Stephen Hopkins. Nicholas Snow was an original settler of Eastham, Massachusetts in 1644 and served as Town Clerk for 16 years. He was also a selectman and a Deputy to the General Court for three years. He died in Eastham, Massachusetts on 15 November 1676. Constance Snow died the middle of October 1677.

It has not been possible to trace definitely Nicholas Snow in England. However, there is a record in the marriage register of St. Dunstan's, Stepney, Middlesex of the marriage on 9 May 1599 of Nicholas Snow of Bowe and Elizabeth Rowles of Ratclif and the parish records of St. Leonard's, Shoreditch, London contain the baptism on 25 January 1599-60 of Nicholas Snow son of Nicholas Snow at Hoxton. This might refer to our Nicholas Snow and his father.

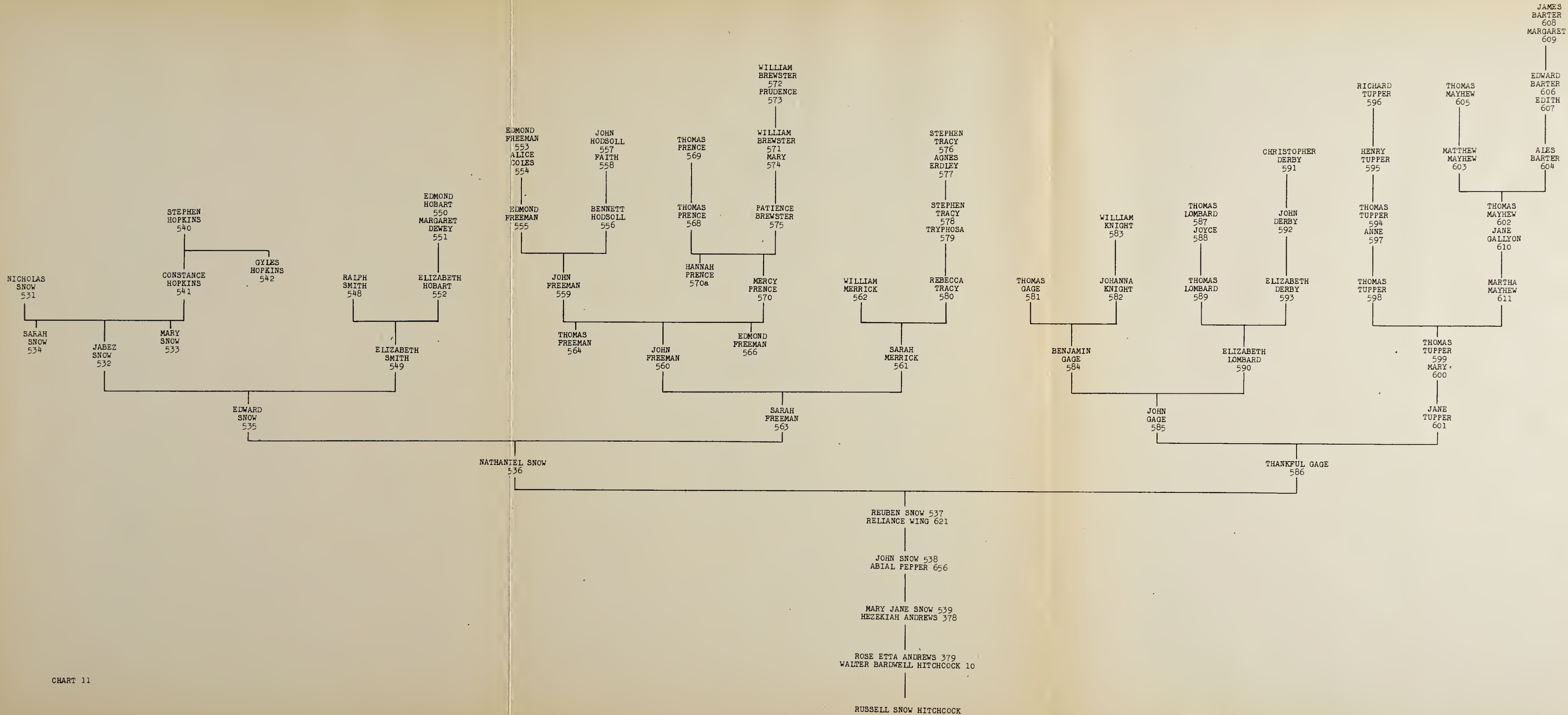
Nicholas and Constance Snow had 12 children of whom three were JABEZ #532, MARY #533, and SARAH #534. Mary Snow was born at Plymouth about 1630, died at Eastham on 28 April 1704, and married THOMAS PAINE #673 about 1650. Sarah Snow was born at Plymouth about 1632, died at Eastham and married WILLIAM WALKER #676 on 25 January 1654.

### JABEZ SNOW

JABEZ SNOW #532, son of Nicholas and Constance Snow was born in Eastham, Massachusetts in 1642 and died there on 27 December 1690. About 1670 he married ELIZABETH SMITH #549. See #548 for her descent from Ralph Smith. Elizabeth was baptized on 16 September 1648. She married William Merrick for her second husband.

The inventory of Jabez Snow's estate was taken on 20 April 1691 by Daniel Cole, Samuel Smith, and William Walker and the estate was settled on 8 April 1695. The inventory listed among other items "half a vessel Called a sloop"; "Luit Snow for going a warefare to Cannada", 21 pounds 18 shillings; "ye Lieutennant his Armes", 1 pound 12 shillings. Debts due the estate included "for one Cutless Lost at Cannada as it was prised at Eastham", 16 shillings. The final settlement was deferred "by Reason of ye Chang of Goverment and other causes". His second son Edward received 19 pounds 4 shillings, and land including "one acre and a half of meadow with a Small Island at Silver Spring" as well as larger plots.

Sources: The Waters-Withington-Lea Collection in the Essex Institute at Salem, Mass.  
American Genealogist, vol. 14, p229.  
Eastham records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 4, p32.  
William Hobart, His Ancestors and Descendants by  
L. Smith Hobart, 1886.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 6, p203; vol. 22, p165.  
English Ancestry and Homes of the Pilgrim Fathers by  
Col. Banks, 1929.





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Mayflower Descendant, vol. 6, p203; vol. 22, p165.  
English Ancestry and Homes of the Pilgrim Fathers by Col. Banks, 1929.

## EDWARD SNOW

EDWARD SNOW #535, son of Jabez and Elizabeth Snow was born in Eastham, Massachusetts on 26 March 1672 and died between 8 August 1754, when his will was signed, and 20 September 1758 when it was proved. About 1695 he married SARAH FREEMAN #563, who was born in September 1676 and died on 23 August 1759. See #553 for her descent from Edmund Freeman. Edward Snow resided at Eastham and Harwich, Massachusetts. The records of the First Parish, Brewster, Massachusetts state that he was admitted to the church on 30 November 1707, his wife on 12 October 1707 and children Thomas, Jabez, Rebecca and Martha were baptized on 8 January 1709-10.

## NATHANIEL SNOW

NATHANIEL SNOW #536, son of Edward and Sarah Snow was baptized on 8 January 1709 and died in March 1749. On 20 August 1730 he married THANKFUL GAGE #586, who was born on 27 May 1711 in Yarmouth, Massachusetts, the daughter of John and Jane Gage. Their marriage intentions were entered on 25 April 1730. See #581 for her descent from Thomas Gage. Nathaniel resided at Harwich, Massachusetts. Nathaniel Snow was admitted to full communion in the First Parish Church of Brewster on 13 September 1741 and his wife on 19 May 1734.

Sources: Mayflower Descendant, vol.24,p111.

Harwich, Mass., vital records.

Records of the First Parish, Brewster, Mass., in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.4,p247;vol.7,p35.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.51, p206.

## REUBEN SNOW

REUBEN SNOW #537, son of Nathaniel and Thankful Snow was born on 20 May 1748, baptized on 29 May 1748 and died at Brewster, Massachusetts on 4 February 1796 (17 December 1795 on the grave stone). On 16 November 1769 he married RELIANCE WING #621, who was born on 28 July 1750 at Chatham, Massachusetts, and died on 27 December 1795. She was the daughter of Joseph Wing and his wife Experience Hopkins. See #612 for her descent from Matthew Wing of England. On 2 July 1775 Reuben Snow and his wife Reliance were received to full communion in the First Parish Church at Brewster. Reuben resided in Brewster, Massachusetts and was buried there in the cemetery by the church. He was a Lieutenant in the American Revolution and a deacon in the church.

## JOHN SNOW

JOHN SNOW #538, son of Reuben and Reliance Snow was born in Harwich, Massachusetts on 22 March 1778, baptized on 28 April 1778, and died in Brewster on 4 February 1856. On 3 April 1803 he married ABIAL

PEPPER #656, who was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 12 October 1781, and died at Truro, Massachusetts on 28 March 1863. She was the daughter of Solomon Pepper and his second wife Phebe Walker Knowles. See #652 for her descent from Robert Pepper. John Snow resided in Brewster in a house still standing in the summer of 1919, but later torn down. In 1919 it was visited by Mr. Rollin B. Andrews and Mrs. Walter B. Hitchcock, both descendants; and uncle and mother of Captain Russell Snow Hitchcock, U.S. Navy. The house stood on Sheep Pond about a mile from the center of the town and not far from the railroad station. In 1919 there were two old vacate houses nearby in a humbled down condition.

#### Children:

John was born at Brewster on 6 May 1804. Lost at sea 9 January 1822 on passage from Amsterdam to Boston in brig Sally, Isaac Berry, Master.

Sophronia was born at Brewster on 12 September 1805, died there on 15 November 1889, and married Benjamin Foster shortly after 4 November 1827. They had one child.

Reliance was born at Brewster on 22 October 1806, died at Truro, Massachusetts on 13 August 1874, and married first, Reuben Hall who was lost at sea. Her second husband was Ephraim Rich. They had nine children.

Solomon Pepper was born at Brewster on 10 August 1811, and died on 17 December 1886 at Portsmouth, Rhode Island. He married for his first wife Sally Snow on 7 November 1834, who died on 30 September 1836. His second wife was Maria J. Pratt of Taunton, Massachusetts, who he married on 18 November 1839. She died on 19 August 1874. There were seven children, one by the first wife and six by the second.

Reuben was born at Brewster on 22 December 1813, and died on 18 May 1882 at Danielson, Connecticut. His first wife was from Copenhagen, Denmark who died in America shortly after he returned with her on his ship. His second wife was Martha. There were three children, one by the first wife and two by the second.

Phebe Ann was born at Brewster on 10 March 1815, died on 16 May 1890 at Rockville, Connecticut and married Elisha Smith of Erving, Massachusetts on 12 June 1839. They had no children.

Joshua was born at Brewster on 10 June 1816, died on 26 November 1816.

Joshua was born at Brewster on 7 September 1817, and died on 14 March 1884 at Petaluma, California. He married Lucy E. Holton and they had one child. Joshua went to California in 1849 crossing the Isthmus of Panama.

Abial was born at Brewster and died on 16 November 1821.

John was born at Brewster on 7 February 1823, and died on 28 March 1903 at Providence, Rhode Island. He married Maria Whitcombe and they had one child.

MARY JANE #539 was born at Brewster on 25 September 1824, and died on 30 March 1901. She married first Rev. Otis W. Bacon and secondly HEZEKIAH ANDREWS #378.

Joseph was born at Brewster on 11 August 1826 and died in 1902 at Danielson, Connecticut. He married first Ellen Day and then Ella.

## MARY JANE SNOW

MARY JANE SNOW #539, daughter of John and Abial Snow was born at Brewster, Massachusetts on 25 September 1824 and died at 90 Blossom St., Fitchburg, Massachusetts on 30 March 1901. She was born in the John Snow house described above under John Snow. She taught school at Brewster. She married first Rev. Otis W. Bacon when she was 22 years old. She was visiting her older sister Phebe Ann Smith in Erving, Massachusetts when she heard the Rev. Bacon preach at a church in Orange. They fell in love and were married and he became pastor of a church in Brewster. He died there of pneumonia at the age of 26 and was buried there. He was born in Conway, Massachusetts.

On 12 January 1850 Mary Jane married HEZEKIAH ANDREWS #378, who was born on 26 May 1822 and died in Fitchburg, Massachusetts on 26 May 1895. Mary Jane Snow was a remarkable woman. She was extremely active and had excellent business ability and was a real help to her husband in his store at Conway. After his death in Fitchburg she maintained the home at 90 Blossom St., living with her unmarried sister-in-law Cynthia Olivia Andrews.

Sources: Family records as kept by Mary Jane Snow Andrews and her daughter, Mrs. Walter B. Hitchcock.  
Snow records as kept by the late William B. Snow of Malden, Mass.  
Nicholas Snow of Eastham by James W. Hawes, 1916.  
Vital records of Brewster, Mass.  
Mortuary record from the gravestones in the old burial ground in Brewster, Mass., by Charles E. Mayo, 1898.  
Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine of Harwich.  
Records of the First Parish of Brewster in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 9, p207; vol. 13, p101, p137, p135.

## HOPKINS ANCESTRY

### STEPHEN HOPKINS

STEPHEN HOPKINS #540 was born in England about 1580 and died in New England in June 1644. He came to America on the Mayflower with his second wife Elizabeth and four children one of whom, a son named Oceanus, was born on the voyage. Constance, a daughter by a previous marriage, was with them. Stephen Hopkins was one of those who signed the Compact and was one of twelve on the Mayflower with the title of Mr., which then designed a person of some importance. Some sources state he was a London merchant and he is known to have been energetic, self reliant, fearless and with practical judgment in business matters and reasonably prosperous. He is supposed to have been in the first landing party to locate a suitable landing place for the passengers and one of the first to go ashore at Plymouth.

Stephen Hopkins accompanied Governor Winslow and the friendly Indian Squanto on visits to the Indian Chief Massasoit. He held offices in the Colony, such as one of the Assistants to the Governor and as Assessor to raise money. He acted many times as appraiser of estates, guardian and administrator of estates. With his family Stephen Hopkins brought on the Mayflower, two servants Edward Leister and Edward Doty. The name of his first wife is not known. The family name of his second wife is not entirely certain, but from a marriage record in St. Mary's, Whitechapel, London it is possible her name was Elizabeth Fisher and that they were married in February 1617-8. In his will dated 6 June 1644 he left his estate to a son Caleb, born to his second wife, rather than to his eldest son Gyles.

It is possible Stephen Hopkins was one of the passengers on the ship Sea Venture bound for Virginia in 1609 which was wrecked on Bermuda. The survivors eventually reached Virginia in two ships they built. In the division of cattle at Plymouth in 1627 he drew the 7th lot and in his group were Nicholas Snow, Constance Snow, Elizabeth Hopkins and Gyles Hopkins. His daughter CONSTANCE #541 married NICHOLAS SNOW #531. She was born in England about 1605 and died in Eastham, Massachusetts in October 1677.

### GYLES HOPKINS

GYLES HOPKINS #542, son of Stephen Hopkins was born in England about 1607 and died shortly prior to 16 April 1690. On 9 October 1639 he married CATHERINE WHELDEN #543, who was born in England and died after March 1689. She was the daughter of GABRIEL WHELDEN #544, who was from Nottinghamshire, England, resided in Plymouth and died between 11 February 1653-4, the date of his will, and 4 April 1654, the date the will was proved. Gabriel Whelden was in Plymouth, Massachusetts in 1638 and at Yarmouth, Massachusetts between 1639 and 1648. His will was written at Malden, Massachusetts and mentioned his wife Margaret and also a William Crofts.

Gyles Hopkins was a Mayflower passenger and originally settled at Plymouth, but shortly before his marriage moved to Yarmouth where he was a highway surveyor in 1642-3. Some few years later he moved to Eastham and in 1655 was one of the 29 voters there. On 19 January 1682 he made his will leaving his property to his wife and four sons. A

codicil to the will was signed on 15 March 1688-89. The will was admitted for probate on 26 April 1690 and on 16 April 1690 Jonathan Sparrow and Samuel Knowles made oath at court that they saw Gyles Hopkins sign his will. Gyles and Catherine Hopkins had ten children of whom the eighth was Joshua.

#### JOSHUA HOPKINS

JOSHUA HOPKINS #545, son of Gyles and Catherine Hopkins was born in Eastham, Massachusetts in June 1657 and died there in September 1738. On 26 May 1681 he married MARY COLE #637, who was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 10 March 1658, and died there on 1 March 1734. She was the daughter of Daniel Cole. See #635 for her descent from Daniel Cole. Joshua and Mary Hopkins were both buried in the Orleans cemetery. There were eight children and the third child was Elisha.

#### ELISHA HOPKINS

ELISHA HOPKINS #546, son of Joshua and Mary Hopkins was born in Eastham, Massachusetts on 17 December 1688, and died at Chatham, Massachusetts on 1 February 1741-2. On 9 October 1712 at Barnstable he married EXPERIENCE SCUDDER #641. Justice Gorham performed the ceremony. She was born on 28 April 1692. See #638 for her descent from John Scudder. Elisha Hopkins sold land to Jonathan Sparrow in Eastham according to a deed dated 17 January 1731-2 which was the land he had previously bought of Nathan Mayo. The witnesses to the deed were Israel Cole and James Cole and it was recorded in the County records on 4 October 1735.

Elisha Hopkins made his will on 29 January 1741-2 and it mentioned all six children some of whom were minors since their uncle Joshua Hopkins was appointed their guardian. The will, witnessed by Samuel Taylor, Elizabeth Hamelton and Samuel Stewart, was probated on 8 March 1741-2 and his widow and son John were appointed executors. The inventory, presented 10 May 1742 by the executors, indicated the estate consisted mostly of land. His widow Experience had remarried by May 1745 as in the accounting of the estate that month she was referred to as Experience Osbourn, once Experience Hopkins.

Elisha and Experience Hopkins had six children and the youngest was EXPERIENCE #547, who married JOSEPH WING #620 on 22 February 1749. Experience Hopkins married Samuel Osburne for her second husband.

Sources: Stephen and Gyles Hopkins, Mayflower Passengers by James W. Hawes, 1915.  
Stephen Hopkins by Josiah Paine of Harwich, 1913.  
Early Wheldons of Yarmouth by James W. Hawes, 1914.  
A Munsey Hopkins Genealogy by D. O. S. Lowell, 1920.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 1, p112; vol. 2, p12; vol. 4, p114; vol. 5, p47; vol. 7, p236; vol. 14, p225; vol. 16, p36-38, p105.  
Plymouth Colony vital records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 13, p85.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 16, p75; vol. 33, p300.

## SMITH ANCESTRY

### RALPH SMITH

RALPH SMITH #548 was born about 1610 at Hingham, England and died at Eastham, Massachusetts shortly before October 1685. He came to this country on the ship Elizabeth Bonaventure from Yarmouth, England in 1633 with the Hobart family. In 1637 at Hingham he was assigned a house lot on what is now Main St. On 22 September 1652 he was referred to as "Smyth of Hingham". By 1654 he was at Eastham, Massachusetts and was a constable from 1660 to 1664.

Although no record of his marriage has been found it is generally considered likely he married into the Edmond Hobart family and that his first wife was ELIZABETH HOBART #552, born in 1612 and died at Eastham between 1654 and 1660. His second wife was Grace, widow of Thomas Hatch. See #550 for more of Edmond Hobart. According to the Plymouth Colony Records, volume 6, folio 175, administration of his estate was granted on 27 October 1685 to his widow Grace and son Samuel. ELIZABETH #549, daughter of Ralph Smith by his first wife married JABEZ SNOW #532 about 1670. She was baptized on 16 September 1648.

Sources: Ralph Smyth of Hingham and Eastham by Dwight Smith, 1913.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 2,  
p251; vol. 15, p25.

## HOBART ANCESTRY

### EDMOND HOBART

EDMOND HOBART #550 was born at Hingham, Norfolk County, England about 1574 and died on 8 March 1645-6 at Hingham, Massachusetts. He married MARGARET DEWEY #551 on 7 September 1600 for his first wife and she died in September 1633. His second wife was Sarah, widow of Rev. John Lyford, and she died on 23 June 1649. Edmond Hobart sailed from England the end of March 1633 on the ship Elizabeth Bonaventure with his wife, son Joshua and daughters Rebecca and Sarah and servant Henry Gibbs. Two other sons came later with their families, one of whom, Peter, came in 1635. Elizabeth Hobart, a daughter, came with another son Thomas and his wife Jane.

Edmond Hobart was admitted a freeman on 4 March 1633-4. Edmond and Margaret Hobart had nine children. It is generally considered that ELIZABETH #552, who was born in 1612, died at Eastham, Massachusetts between 1654 and 1660, and married RALPH SMITH #548 since he was on very friendly terms with the Hobarts and his first daughter was named Elizabeth.

Sources: Charles Smith and Rachel Amy Bryant by Tenney Smith, 1938.  
Ralph Smyth of Hingham and Eastham by Dwight Smith, 1913.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 15,  
p25; vol. 57, p224.

## EDMOND FREEMAN ANCESTRY

### EDMOND FREEMAN

EDMOND FREEMAN #553 and his wife ALICE COLES #554 resided at Pulborough, Sussex County, England. She was the sister of George Coles of Amberly of the same County and died shortly before 5 March 1651-2. According to the will of Edmond Freeman dated 20 May 1623 he left a sizeable estate and named his sons Edmond and William executors. He was buried on 6 June 1623. They had six children.

### EDMOND FREEMAN

EDMOND FREEMAN #555, son of Edmond and Alice Freeman was born at Pulborough, Sussex County, England, baptized on 25 July 1596 and died at Sandwich, Massachusetts between 21 June and 4 October 1682. His approximate age on arrival in America does not agree with the baptism date, but most sources consider the above as correct. He married, first, at Cowfold, Sussex County, England on 16 June 1617 BENNETT HODSOLL #556, daughter of JOHN HODSOLL #557 and his wife FAITH #558, widow of a Mr. Bacon. Bennett Freeman was buried at Pulborough on 12 April 1630. His second wife was Elizabeth, who may have been widow Elizabeth Perry. The date of this marriage is uncertain.

Edmond Freeman with four children and others named Freeman of unknown relationship arrived in America on the ship Abigail, Robert Hackwell, Master, in October 1635. In 1635 he was at Saugus, Massachusetts and on 2 January 1637-8 was admitted as a freeman at Plymouth and then resided at Duxbury a short time. On 3 April 1637 he and nine others obtained permission from the General Court of Plymouth to establish a town on the Cape, which settlement two years later was incorporated as the town of Sandwich.

The men who settled Sandwich were Puritans rather than Pilgrims. Some were merchants and rather more tolerant on religious matters than the Pilgrims. A group of Quakers developed in Sandwich and nearby and were tolerated by the towns people and often shielded by them. Edmond Freeman was a member and deacon of the church at Sandwich in 1638 and interested in church affairs although tolerant toward the Quakers. Due to this general tolerance at Sandwich an outsider George Barlow was appointed about 1657 as marshall for the Sandwich locality to collect fines etc. George Barlow at one time called upon Edmond Freeman for aid in his duties and was promptly refused which resulted in Freeman being fined ten shillings in court. In 1643 he with his sons Edmond and John were listed as able to bear arms.

Edmond Freeman served on juries and served with others to settle minor disputes and thus seems to have been a man of influence. He was a merchant at Sandwich and represented several London merchants and in 1639 made a trip to England on business, where among other things he purchased some hats to the value of over 52 pounds and agreed in writing to pay for them six months after they arrived in New England. Edmond returned to America in the ship Champion. He had a power of attorney from his brother-in-law John Beauchamp and acted as agent to collect money from men in the Plymouth Colony due various London merchants. His will was dated on 21 June 1682, the inventory taken on 4 and 22 October 1682 and the will proved on 2 November 1682.



Edmond Freeman and his wife were buried on a hill in the rear of his house which commanded a view of the surrounding landscape and bay. This is the oldest known burying ground in Sandwich. In recent years their grave stones have been inscribed respectively:

Elizabeth  
wife of  
Edmond Freeman  
Born in England 1600  
Died in Sandwich 1675-6

Edmond Freeman  
Born in England 1590  
Died in Sandwich 1682  
A Founder  
of the  
Town of Sandwich  
in 1637  
Assistant to  
Governor Bradford  
1640-1647

These monuments are in the woods near the junction of Sandwich road and route 6. Edmond and Bennett Freeman had six children, all born in England. There is no record that Edmond and Elizabeth, his second wife, had any children.

Sources: Mayflower Descendant, vol.1, p215.

#### JOHN FREEMAN

JOHN FREEMAN #559, fifth child of Edmond and Bennett Freeman was born at Billingshurst, Sussex County, England and was baptized there on 28 January 1626-7 and died at Eastham, Massachusetts on 28 October 1719. On 13 February 1649-50 at Eastham, Massachusetts he married MERCY PRENCE #570, daughter of Governor THOMAS PRENCE #568 and his wife Patience Brewster. She was born about 1631 and died at Eastham on 28 September 1711.

John Freeman was one of the four children that came with their father in 1635 and according to the arrival records was then eight years old. He lived with his father at Saugus and Sandwich and about the time of his marriage moved to Eastham. In June 1651 he was serving on the jury there and was admitted a freeman in 1652. His life was full of official duties such as highway surveyor, selectman, Deputy and Assistant to the Governor. On 7 December 1692 he became Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. As early as 1643 he was in the military company of Sandwich, an Ensign in March 1654-5, a Lieutenant before October 1659 and a Captain before October 1675. He was active in King Philip's War and for his service his heirs received a grant of land in Narragansett Township 7 at what is now Gorham, Maine.

In 1685 he was chosen to command the third Plymouth Colony Regiment composed of companies from Barnstable, Sandwich, Yarmouth and Eastham. Edmond was a large land owner and accumulated some means. His will was drawn on 1 June 1716, added to on 16 June 1718, and filed for

probate on 10 November 1719. His heirs settled their differences and signed an agreement on 27 January 1719-20. John and Mercy Freeman had eleven children of whom three were JOHN #560, THOMAS #564 and EDMOND #566.

#### JOHN FREEMAN

JOHN FREEMAN #560, son of John and Mercy Freeman was born at Eastham in December 1651 and died at Harwich, Massachusetts on 27 July 1721. On 18 December 1672 he married for his first wife, SARAH MERRICK #561, who was born on 1 August 1654 and died on 21 April 1696. She was the daughter of WILLIAM MERRICK #562 and his wife REBECCA TRACY #580.

William Merrick was probably born in Wales between 1600 and 1603 and is believed to have come to America with three brothers in the ship James in the spring of 1636. If so one of them may have been THOMAS MERRICK #515. In October 1636 he received a grant of land in Plymouth, Massachusetts. In 1642 he married Rebecca Tracy daughter of Stephen Tracy and she was born before 1627 and died after March 1688-9. See #578 for more of him. Most sources believe William Merrick had to work out his passage cost after arriving in this country as was the case with many who came and for this reason did not marry for six years after arrival. His name appeared several times in the Plymouth records in connection with land grants to servants, as those were called, who worked out passage cost and finally on 22 July 1673 he was one of twenty nine who signed for a grant of land at what is now Little Compton, Rhode Island. He owned lot 12. Few settlers moved there at first and William Merrick never did. He became a freeman on 1 June 1658. He resided at Duxbury and later moved to Eastham where he was a legal voter on 22 May 1655. He was a private under Myles Standish in 1643, a sergeant in 1649 and promoted to Lieutenant in 1663. The next year his military service ceased because of age. His will was dated 3 December 1686 and it stated his age was about 86 and named his wife Rebecca as executrix. She filed his inventory on 6 March 1688-9, which was taken 17 February 1688-9, so he probably died shortly before that.

A daughter of John and Sarah Freeman named SARAH #563 married EDWARD SNOW #535 about 1695. She was born in September 1676 and died on 23 August 1759. John Freeman's second wife was Mercy Watson, a widow. John Freeman was one of the eight signers of the covenant dated 16 October 1700 which established the first church in the northern part of the town of Harwich which in 1803 became the town of Brewster.

#### THOMAS FREEMAN

THOMAS FREEMAN #564, son of John and Mercy Freeman was born at Eastham, Massachusetts in September 1653 and died on 9 February 1715-6. On 31 December 1673 at Harwich, Massachusetts he married REBECCA #627, who was born on 30 October 1655, and died on 17 February 1740. She was the daughter of Jonathan Sparrow and his wife Rebecca Bangs. See #624 for her descent from Richard Sparrow. Both Thomas and Rebecca Freeman were buried in the old Brewster cemetery. They had ten children all born in Harwich, Massachusetts; of whom one was REBECCA #565, born on 26 April 1694, who on 24 July 1723 married JOHN WING #619 for her

second husband. Her first husband had been Joseph Vickorie.

#### EDMOND FREEMAN

EDMOND FREEMAN #566, son of John and Mercy Freeman was born at Eastham, Massachusetts in June 1657 and died on 10 December 1717. He was prominent in town affairs and a selectman for several years and one of the eight signers of the covenant dated 16 October 1700 which established the first church in the northern part of the town of Harwich which in 1803 became the town of Brewster. His first wife was Ruth Merrick, daughter of William Merrick and she was born on 15 May 1653 and died in 1680. They had one daughter Ruth.

About 1681 he married for his second wife SARAH #698, who was born in Boston, Massachusetts on 19 December 1660, and died just prior to 5 March 1745-6. She was the daughter of Samuel Mayo and Tamasin Lumpkin. See #695 for her descent from Rev. John Mayo. There were many children born to Edmond and Sarah Freeman and one was HANNAH #567, who was born in 1698, and died on 7 July 1751. On 10 October 1717 at Eastham, Massachusetts she married CHRISTIAN REMICK #693.

Sources: Freeman Genealogy by Frederick Freeman, 1875.  
Life of Mrs. Azubah Freeman Ryder, 1888.  
Merrick Genealogy by George B. Merrick, 1902.  
Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine.  
Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by Mary W. Ferris, 1931.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 5, p143; vol. 6, p56; vol. 8, p1, p65;  
vol. 12, p248; vol. 29, p138; vol. 33, p100.  
Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 16,  
p122; vol. 17, p199; vol. 18, p55.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9,  
p314.

## PRENCE ANCESTRY

### THOMAS PRENCE

THOMAS PRENCE #568 was born in Lechdale, Gloucestershire, England about 1600 and died in Plymouth on 29 March 1673 and was buried on 8 April 1673. His father was THOMAS PRENCE #569 of All Saints, Barking, London, a carriage maker. On 5 August 1624 he married in Plymouth for his first wife PATIENCE #575, daughter of Elder William and Mary Brewster. This was the ninth marriage in Plymouth Colony. She was born in England probably before 1600 and died shortly before 12 December 1634. See #571 for her descent from William Brewster.

Thomas Prence came to America in the ship Fortune in 1621 and was then in his twenty second year. He was a distinguished leader in the Colony and in 1634 was chosen Governor and again in 1638 and 1657. At the latter time he was living in Eastham and since the law required the Governor to live in Plymouth he was given a dispensation by the Court to continue to reside in Eastham. In 1665 he moved back to Plymouth and ceased being a citizen of Eastham. On 1 April 1635 he married his second wife Mary Collier, daughter of William and Jane Collier. His third wife was Apphia(Quicke)Freeman whom he probably married between 1 July 1644 and the end of that year and his fourth wife was Mary Howes widow of Thomas Howes. There were four children by Patience. One was MERCY #570, born about 1631 and died at Eastham on 28 September 1711. She married JOHN FREEMAN #559 on 13 February 1649-50. Another child was HANNAH #570a, who first married Nathaniel Mayo and after his death married JONATHAN SPARROW #626. There were five children by Mary Collier.

Sources: Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine.  
Munsey Hopkins Genealogy by D.O.S.Lowell, 1920.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.97,  
p393.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.6, p230; vol.18, p69; vol.14, p193.

## BREWSTER ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM BREWSTER

WILLIAM BREWSTER #571 was born in England about 1567 and died at Plymouth, Massachusetts on 10 April 1644. His parents were WILLIAM BREWSTER #572 and his wife PRUDENCE #573. As a child he lived in Scrooby, England and in 1580 entered Peterhouse, one of the Colleges forming Cambridge University, but did not graduate. He served as a messenger to a prominent member of Queen Elizabeth's court and visited the Netherlands in 1585 with that gentleman. Later he was a postmaster and baliff at Scrooby, offices his father had held. He married his wife MARY #574 in 1591. She died in Plymouth on 17 April 1627. He was a dissenter from the Church of England and then became a leading member of the small group of Pilgrims in Scrooby. After 1606 a group of these Scrooby Pilgrims went to Leyden, Holland to find greater freedom of worship.

William Brewster was an elder in this Leyden congregation and printed and sold religious books. He sailed for America on the Mayflower in August 1620 with his wife and two of their sons, as the religious leader of the Pilgrims. Other children came later. He assisted in drafting the Compact and was one of the signers. In addition to being the ruling elder of the church at Plymouth he was active in civic matters and due to his wisdom was second only to Governor Bradford in influence and was the most learned of all the Pilgrims. The inventory of his estate, valued at 107 pounds, indicates he possessed a large number of books and it listed a violet colored coat. Of their children one was PATIENCE #575, who was born in England probably before 1600, and died in Plymouth shortly before 12 December 1634. She married THOMAS PRENCE #568 on 5 August 1624. Patience came to America on the ship Anne in July 1623 with her sister Fear Brewster.

Sources: The Brewster Genealogy by E.C. Brewster Jones, 1908.  
Newell Ancestry by W.M. Emery, 1944.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 30, p97.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 18,  
p18.

## TRACY ANCESTRY

### STEPHEN TRACY

STEPHEN TRACY #576, a mariner of England, married AGNES ERDLEY #577 on 23 February 1586-7, and died at Great Yarmouth, England on 22 December 1630. His wife outlived him by ten years and died on 15 June 1640. He left a will and his son Stephen was not mentioned, probably because he had been given his share before leaving for America or was not to share in the estate because of going to America. There is a record of a Stephen Tracy being baptized at East Ruston, Norwich in 1559, the son of Christopher and Margaret Tracy and it seems likely this is the above Stephen Tracy.

### STEPHEN TRACY

STEPHEN TRACY #578, son of Stephen and Agnes Tracy, was baptized at Great Yarmouth, England on 28 December 1596. At Leyden, Holland on 2 January 1620-1 he married TRYPHOSA LEE #579, he being recorded as a, "say-worker, bachelor from England", and she a spinster from England. His religious feelings must have been similar to the Pilgrims for he was there in Leyden with them and in 1623 came to America on the ship Anne or ship Little James. In that year he was granted three acres of land, one acre for each member of his family. This fact leads one to believe his wife and daughter Sarah came with him, but on 3 May 1624 in England a license was issued to his wife to take passage to America with a daughter Jane. Hence it must be that he came without his wife and she joined him later.

A division of cattle was made by the Plymouth Colony in 1627 and in the drawing he received the tenth choice and his wife Tryphosa was listed with him. Their second daughter REBECCA #580 who married WILLIAM MERRICK #562 in 1642 was born after their arrival in America and before 1627 and died after March 1688-9.

Stephen Tracy was a freeman in 1633 and in the following years held several public offices; served on juries and his name is mentioned several times in the records. He resided at Duxbury, Massachusetts. In March 1652 he was one of a group of Plymouth men who were granted land which later became Dartmouth. Shortly thereafter he returned to England and on 20 March 1654-5 at London gave John Winslow of Plymouth his power of attorney with authority to dispose of all his property in New England to his living children there. He died at Great Yarmouth, England. Probably his wife Tryphosa had died earlier as she was not mentioned.

Sources: Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W. Ferris, 1931.  
Tracy Genealogy by Sherman W. Tracy, 1936.

## GAGE ANCESTRY

### THOMAS GAGE

THOMAS GAGE #581 was born in England and died at Harwich, Massachusetts between 30 June and 17 July 1695. He married JOHANNA #582 daughter of WILLIAM KNIGHT #583 of Salem, Massachusetts. Johanna was born in England. William Knight was born in England and died at Lynn on 5 March 1655-6. It is believed he came to America for the enjoyment of religious freedom and in so doing left a considerable estate in England which his son John, who came with his father, later took possession of on his return to England. William Knight married Elizabeth for his second wife. There is a Salem record that his son-in-law Thomas Gage in 1655 acknowledged payment from Elizabeth Knight and her second husband Allen Breed of a legacy from William Knight to his daughter Johanna, wife of said Thomas Gage, which indicates Elizabeth Knight married Allen Breed a few weeks after William Knight's death.

Thomas Gage first appeared in written records in America in a burial record at Yarmouth, Massachusetts when his son, one and a half years old, was buried. He appeared in the probate record on 21 January 1650-1 as owing a small sum to one Robert Button. In 1655 he was charged with putting to sea on Sunday. His name appeared on a list dated 27 April 1676 of those assessed for the expenses of King Philip's War, and his share was 2 pounds 6 shillings 9 pence. His will was dated 30 June 1695 and proved on 5 August 1695. The inventory was taken on 19 July 1695. Thomas and Johanna Gage had eight children.

### BENJAMIN GAGE

BENJAMIN GAGE #584, son of Thomas and Johanna Gage was born about 1660 and died in Yarmouth, Massachusetts on 12 May 1708. On 20 March 1683-4 he married ELIZABETH LOMBARD #590, who was born in June 1663 and died after 1708. See #587 for her descent from Thomas Lombard. His wife Elizabeth administered his estate. They had five children. Benjamin Gage did not leave a will and Administration of the estate was granted his wife on 3 August 1708.

### JOHN GAGE

JOHN GAGE #585, son of Benjamin and Elizabeth Gage was born in Yarmouth, Massachusetts on 1 March 1685, resided in Yarmouth and died about 1770. On 24 August 1710 he married JANE TUPPER #601 at Harwich, Massachusetts with Joseph Doane, Justice of Peace, performing the ceremony. She was born on 18 February 1688 and died at Yarmouth on 29 June 1781. See #594 for her descent from Thomas Tupper. They had seven children and their daughter THANKFUL #586, who was born in Yarmouth, Massachusetts on 27 May 1711, married NATHANIEL SNOW #536 on 20 August 1730. There is a record that John Gage was given land at Yarmouth on 18 April 1735 as compensation because three of his uncles were killed on 26 March 1676 in the Indian Wars. John Gage's will was presented for probate on 9 January 1770.

Sources: New England Ancestry of Lyman J. Gage by A.E.Gage, 1899.  
Gage Families by Rev.W.M.Gage, 1922.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 53,  
p201.  
Randall and Allied Families by F.A. Randall, 1943.  
Yarmouth vital records in the Mayflower Descendant,  
vol. 2, p209.  
Harwich vital records in the Mayflower Descendant,  
vol. 5, p86.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 24, p63.  
Lynn, Mass., vital records.

#### LOMBARD ANCESTRY

#### THOMAS LOMBARD

THOMAS LOMBARD #587 was born at Tenterden, Kent County, England about 1610 and died at Barnstable, Massachusetts. About 1630 in England he married Joyce, who may not have been his first wife. They came to America and settled at Dorchester, Massachusetts where he became a freeman on 18 May 1631. Later he moved to Scituate, Massachusetts and on 11 October 1639 moved to Barnstable with the Rev. John Lothrop, who mentioned him in his diary on their first Thanksgiving there.

In 1639 "Thomas Lumbert is allowed to keep victualling, or an ordinary, for the entertainment of strangers, and to draw wines in Barnstable". In 1643 he was listed there as able to bear arms. His will was dated 23 March 1662-3 and mentioned his wife Joyce, sons Caleb, Jedediah, Benjamin, Barnard, Joshua, son-in-law Joseph Benjamin, son-in-law Edward Coleman, grandchild Abigail Benjamin and daughter Jemina. On 10 June 1663 Thomas Lombard acknowledged it to be his will. It was presented at court on 7 March 1664 and the inventory was taken on 8 February 1664.

#### BERNARD LOMBARD

BERNARD LOMBARD #588, son of Thomas Lombard was probably born in England. The name of his wife is not known. He was mentioned in his father's will.



## JABEZ LOMBARD

JABEZ LOMBARD #589, son of Bernard Lombard was born at Barnstable, Massachusetts about 1 July 1642. He married SARAH DERBY #593 on 1 December 1660, daughter of John Derby. See #590a for her descent from Nicholas Derby. Their daughter ELIZABETH #590, born in June 1663, married BENJAMIN GAGE #584 on 20 March 1683-4.

Sources: Genealogical Notes of Barnstable Families by Otis, 1888. Mayflower Descendant, vol.11,p96-7;vol.16,p124.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register,vol.3, p272 ;vol.4,p255;vol.12,p249.  
Lombard Family by Amos Otis, 1914, Cape Cod series #54.  
The Early Lombards by A.E.Lombard, 1883.

## DERBY ANCESTRY

### NICHOLAS DERBY

NICHOLAS DERBY #590a resided at Askerswell and Sterthill, Dorset County, England. His father may have been Robert Derby of Askerswell. The wife of Nicholas Derby was CATHERINE #590b, who was living on 28 April 1600, but was apparently not living by 11 February 1606.

Nicholas was at Askerswell in 1568-9 as he was entered in the Dorset Muster Rolls as a billman. On 24 July 1576 he purchased the lease of farms at Sterthill for 99 years. Later he acquired other lands in Dorset County and about 1598 he assigned his leased lands at Sterthill to his son Christopher. He died on 30 October 1599 and the administration of his estate was granted to his widow, Catherine, on 28 April 1600. On 11 February 1606 administration was granted to his son Christopher, due probably to the widow Catherine having died meanwhile. Christopher was his son and heir although there were also other sons.

## CHRISTOPHER DERBY

CHRISTOPHER DERBY #591, son of Nicholas and Catherine Derby was baptized at Askerswell, Dorset County, England in 1571 and died on 20 January 1639-40 and was buried at Shipton-George, Dorset County. His wife was ANNE or AGNES SYMONDS #592g, who died about May 1649. Her will was dated 6 October 1645 and proved on 22 February 1649-50 by her son Richard Derby. She was the daughter of William and Alice Symonds. See #592b for her descent from Thomas Symonds.

On 22 May 1601, after his father's death, Christopher Derby was a defendant at court in a suit as to his title to lands in Sterthill, the lease for which had been assigned to him by his father. Later his name appeared in the court record as establishing a trust for his benefit as well as for his wife and family. His youngest son, Thomas Derby, proved his will.

## JOHN DERBY

JOHN DERBY #592, son of Christopher and Anne Derby, was born in Dorset County, England about 1610 and died in New England (probably at Yarmouth) between 4 October 1655 when he made a complaint against an Indian, and 22 February 1655-6 when the inventory of his estate was taken. His wife was ALICE #592a, who after his death married Abraham Blush of Barnstable, Massachusetts as his third wife. She survived him when he died on 7 September 1683.

John Derby was first recorded in America in 1637 when granted 60 acres of land in Plymouth. He came to this country with or about the same time as his brother Richard. He moved to Yarmouth, Massachusetts about 1643.

Of interest concerning John Derby and his father Christopher is the statement made by John Chipman of Barnstable on 8 February 1657-8 in which he referred to Christopher Derby as a kinsman and asked that the English records be reviewed to determine what wrong had been done his father, Thomas Chipman, by Christopher Derby in the matter of conveying property from Thomas Chipman to Christopher Derby.

Earlier in March 1641-2 John Chipman tried to recover from John Derby money owed him by Christopher Derby and depositions in the case prove that John was the son of Christopher Derby and indicate a possible relationship between the Derbys and Chipmans. SARAH #593, daughter of John Derby married JABEZ LOMBARD #589 on 1 December 1660.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 79, p410-442.

Randall and Allied Families by F.A. Randall, 1943.

Registry of Deeds at Plymouth, Mass., volume 2 of wills p29.

## SYMONDS ANCESTRY

### THOMAS SYMONDS

THOMAS SYMONDS #592b was born about 1524 and was buried at St. Mary Magdalene, Taunton, Somerset County, England on 22 October 1572. His second wife was AGNES FEMELL #592c, daughter of RICHARD FEMELL #592d and his wife JOHAN CROW #592e. Agnes married twice after her first husband's death and died about 1584.

Richard Femell of Taunton was a goldsmith by trade and probably died before October 1565 and certainly was not living on 29 June 1576, the date of his wife's will. He was a Frenchman from Normandy and in the subsidy levies of 1522-4 and 1540-1 was listed at Taunton as a Frenchman. His wife Johan was the daughter of an Englishman of Taunton named Crow and she was buried at St. Mary Magdalene, Taunton on 9 October 1577.

Thomas Symonds was a pewterer and merchant and in 1565 and 1569 was constable of Taunton. His will was dated 13 October 1572.

### WILLIAM SYMONDS

WILLIAM SYMONDS #592f, son of Thomas and Agnes Symonds, was born about 1547 since he is said to have been aged about 80 years in 1627. He was buried at Exeter on 8 January 1634. On 14 September 1571 at St. Mary Magdalene, Taunton, Somerset County he married ALICE MOHUN #592m, who was buried in the Exeter Cathedral on 26 July 1628. See #592h for her descent from Richard Mohun.

William Symonds subscribed 25 pounds towards the defence of the country against the Spaniards in 1588, being then of Lyme-Regis and a merchant. In 1592, being still of Lyme-Regis he was a complainant in a court case. On 31 March 1612 he deposed that his age was about 60 and that he had been living in Exeter for about 10 years. His will was dated 20 February 1633-4.

ANNE #592g, the second daughter and coheir of William and Alice Symonds, married CHRISTOPHER DERBY #591.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 80, p343-369.

## MOHUN ANCESTRY

### RICHARD MOHUN

RICHARD MOHUN (MOONE) #592h of Bridport in Dorset County, England died about 1570 and was buried there. The name of his wife is not known. Earlier he had lived at Hawkchurch in the same county and in 1529 had owned land in Axminster, Devon County. He was granted land at Bridport on 12 September 1529 and was a bailiff there in 1535-7 and 1544-5.

### ROBERT MOHUN

ROBERT MOHUN (MOONE) #592i, son of Richard Mohun, died on 14 November 1580. His wife was MARGARET HYDE #592j, who was born about 1523 and died on 1 December 1603. She was the daughter of STEPHEN HYDE #592k of Hyde, Dorset County, who was living on 24 October 1545 when mentioned in an inquisition post mortem. The name of his wife is not known. He was the son of JOHN HYDE #592l of Lodres, Dorset County, who on 22 December 1525 received a grant of arms.

Robert Mohun acquired the manors of Lodres, Matravers and Fleet, land in Baunton and the manor of Maugerton, all in Dorset County. Also he acquired land in Axminster in Devon County. Robert Mohun and his wife Margaret had nine sons and eight daughters. His will was dated 1 September 1578 and proved on 9 November 1581. On the north wall of the chancel of the church of the Holy Trinity, Fleet Parish, Dorset County there is a brass plate with the figures of a man and a woman kneeling and behind the man are represented nine sons and behind the woman eight daughters. Above are the arms of Mohun and Hyde and below in latin is an inscription stating that the plate is in memory of Robert and Margaret Mohun (alias Moun).

ALICE #592m, a daughter of Robert and Margaret Mohun, married WILLIAM SYMONDS #592f at St. Mary Magdalene, Taunton, Somerset County on 14 September 1571. She was buried in Exeter Cathedral on 26 July 1628.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 81, p91-94, p178-186, p314-320.

~~DERBY ANCESTRY~~

~~CHRISTOPHER DERBY~~

~~CHRISTOPHER DERBY #591 resided at Dorchester, England and was referred to in the will of John Chipman of Barnstable, Massachusetts as a kinsman.~~

~~JOHN DERBY~~

~~JOHN DERBY #592, son of Christopher Derby and his wife, whose name is not known, was born in the west part of Dorset County, England and died at Yarmouth, Massachusetts about February 1656. His wife's name is not yet known. He was in the Plymouth Colony in 1637 with his brother Richard and before 1643 moved to Yarmouth where his name appeared as able to bear arms. ELIZABETH #593, daughter of John Derby married THOMAS LOMBARD #589 on 23 December 1665.~~

~~Sources: Randall and Allied Families by F.A. Randall, 1943.~~

TUPPER ANCESTRY

THOMAS TUPPER

THOMAS TUPPER #594 was born in Bury, Sussex County, England on 28 January 1578 and died at Sandwich, Massachusetts on 28 March 1676. He was the son of HENRY TUPPER #595 and grandson of RICHARD TUPPER #596 both of Sussex County, England. He was a ship's carpenter and, as a member of the crew, is believed to have come to America in 1621 and again in 1624 when he stayed about a year. In 1631 he came to America and finally in 1637 settled at Sandwich, Massachusetts.

Thomas Tupper married three times; his first wife was Katharine Gator who he married on 29 April 1622 at Chelmsford, Sussex County, England; his second was Susan Turner, a widow, who he married on 25 January 1628 at Topsfield, Massachusetts; and his third wife was another widow ANNE HODGSON #597, who he married on 21 December 1634 at Ipswich, Massachusetts. She was born about 1588 and died at Sandwich, Massachusetts on 4 June 1676.

Thomas Tupper came to Sandwich in 1637 with a 12 year old daughter and two year old son and was a Deputy for 20 years. In 1643 he was listed as able to bear arms there. He was a charter member of the church and selectman for three years from 1667. He was a good business man and had large real estate holdings. He was deeply religious and at times conducted church service in the absence of the regular minister. There were two children by each of the first two wives and one by the third. The latter was named Thomas.

#### THOMAS TUPPER

THOMAS TUPPER #598, son of Thomas and Anne Tupper was born at Sandwich on 16 January 1638 and died there on 26 April 1706. On 27 December 1661 he married MARTHA MAYHEW #611, who was born at Watertown, Massachusetts in 1638, and died at Sandwich, Massachusetts on 15 November 1717. She was the daughter of Thomas and Jane Mayhew. See #602 for her descent from Thomas Mayhew. Thomas Tupper was a freeman at 20 years of age, served as exciseman in 1667, Town Constable in 1669, selectman for 14 years, Town Clerk for ten years beginning in 1675 and Deputy to the General Court at Plymouth as well as a Representative to the Court at Boston. In 1680 he was a Lieutenant in the Sandwich company and later its Captain. Like his father he was deeply religious and did missionary work with the Indians. There were eleven children of whom the second was Thomas.

#### THOMAS TUPPER

THOMAS TUPPER #599, son of Thomas and Martha Tupper was born at Sandwich, Massachusetts on 11 August 1664 and died at Stoughton, Massachusetts about 1744. His wife was MARY #600. This Thomas Tupper was a farmer and shingle cutter and resided at Stoughton. A grandson was appointed executor of his estate on 12 May 1747. There were two children of whom the oldest was JANE #601, who was born on 18 February 1688 and died at Yarmouth, Massachusetts on 29 June 1781. On 24 August 1710 she married JOHN GAGE #585 of Harwich, Massachusetts.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 4, p255; vol. 99, p59.  
Sandwich vital records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 14, p169, p170; vol. 29, p23.  
Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 21, p39-40.

## MAYHEW ANCESTRY

### THOMAS MAYHEW

THOMAS MAYHEW #602 was baptized on 1 April 1593 in England at the church of St. John the Baptist, Tisbury parish, Wilts County and died at Marthas Vineyard, Massachusetts on 25 March 1681-2. His parents were MATTHEW MAYHEW #603 and ALES BARTER #604, who were married on 2 October 1587 according to the parish register of Tisbury, Wilts County. Matthew was born about 1550, and his will was dated the last day of August 1612. Since it did not mention his wife she had probably died earlier. He was buried at Tisbury on 26 February 1614.

The father of Matthew Mayhew was THOMAS MAYHEW #605 of Tisbury and was the first of his family to live at Tisbury where he was taxed in 1540. He was buried in 1590 at Tisbury. Ales Barter was the daughter of EDWARD BARTER #606 and his wife EDITH #607 of Haxton, Fyddleton parish, Wilts County and granddaughter of JAMES BARTER #608 and his wife MARGARET #609 of Fovent in Wilts County.

Thomas Mayhew finished his apprenticeship in February 1620-1 with Richard Macey and is believed to have engaged in the silk and woolen trade at Southampton. About 1631 he came to New England probably as an agent for Matthew Cradock, a prominent London merchant. <sup>Edward</sup> John Johnson mentioned him in his Wonder Working Providence published in 1654. Thomas Mayhew first resided at Medford and in 1634 erected a water mill at Watertown which he later purchased.

Later Matthew Cradock became dissatisfied with the way Thomas Mayhew handled his affairs in New England, largely it is believed because the profits were not sufficient. After leaving the employ of Cradock, Thomas Mayhew resided at Watertown, owned a large farm there and continued to operate his water mill until the financial depression of 1640 and 1641 when some of his properties had to be sold. Thomas Mayhew's name first appeared in the records of New England on 6 March 1632 when he was chairman of a committee to settle the boundaries of Charlestown and Cambridge. In September 1636 he was elected a Deputy to the General Court and in the following years held many offices of trust. Between 1638 and 1641 he with his wife Jane, widow of Thomas Payne of London, were listed in England as guardians of Thomas Payne aged 7 and they appointed Richard Payne of Berks County, England and others to lease land bequeathed to the boy, Thomas Payne.

In 1641 Thomas Mayhew obtained a grant of Nantucket Island, Marthas Vineyard and the Elizabeth Islands from the Earl of Stirling through his agent James Forrett who came to New England for that purpose. However, a Richard Vines, agent for Sir Ferdinando Gorges, convinced him that they likewise had a claim to the islands and Thomas Mayhew also obtained the grant from them. There were sixteen islands in all included in the grants.

Marthas Vineyard was first settled in 1642 by Thomas Mayhew Jr. son of Thomas Mayhew and Thomas Mayhew Sr., probably arrived about 1645 to live permanently and have a hand in their administration. They both spent years in working with and among the Indians and the son in particular up to his death in 1657 was almost wholly devoted to missionary work among the Indians. From 1658 for the remainder of his life Thomas Mayhew was not only an administrator, but was their religious

head and devoted his life to the welfare of the Indians. Thomas Mayhew was appointed Governor of Marthas Vineyard in 1671 for life by Governor Francis Lovelace of New York at which time the claims and grants for Marthas Vineyard were examined and fully recorded.

Thomas Mayhew was alive on 24 March 1681-2 when he acknowledged a deed, but four days later on 28 March 1681-2 his will was attested by a witness in court. His second wife, who he probably married in England, was JANE (GALLYON) PAYNE #610, widow of Thomas Payne, a merchant of London. Their daughter MARTHA #611, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts in 1638, and died at Sandwich, Massachusetts on 15 November 1717. She married THOMAS TUPPER #598 on 27 December 1661. In a deed dated 15 May 1666 Thomas Mayhew gave his daughter Martha Tupper certain land with the restriction that she was not to have full title until his wife Jane died. Hence Jane Mayhew died after 1666 and before 1681.

Sources: The English Ancestry of Thomas Mayhew of Marthas Vineyard by C.E.Banks, 1901.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.40, p271; vol.55, p112; vol.60, p159.  
Thomas Mayhew by Lloyd C.Hare, 1937. .





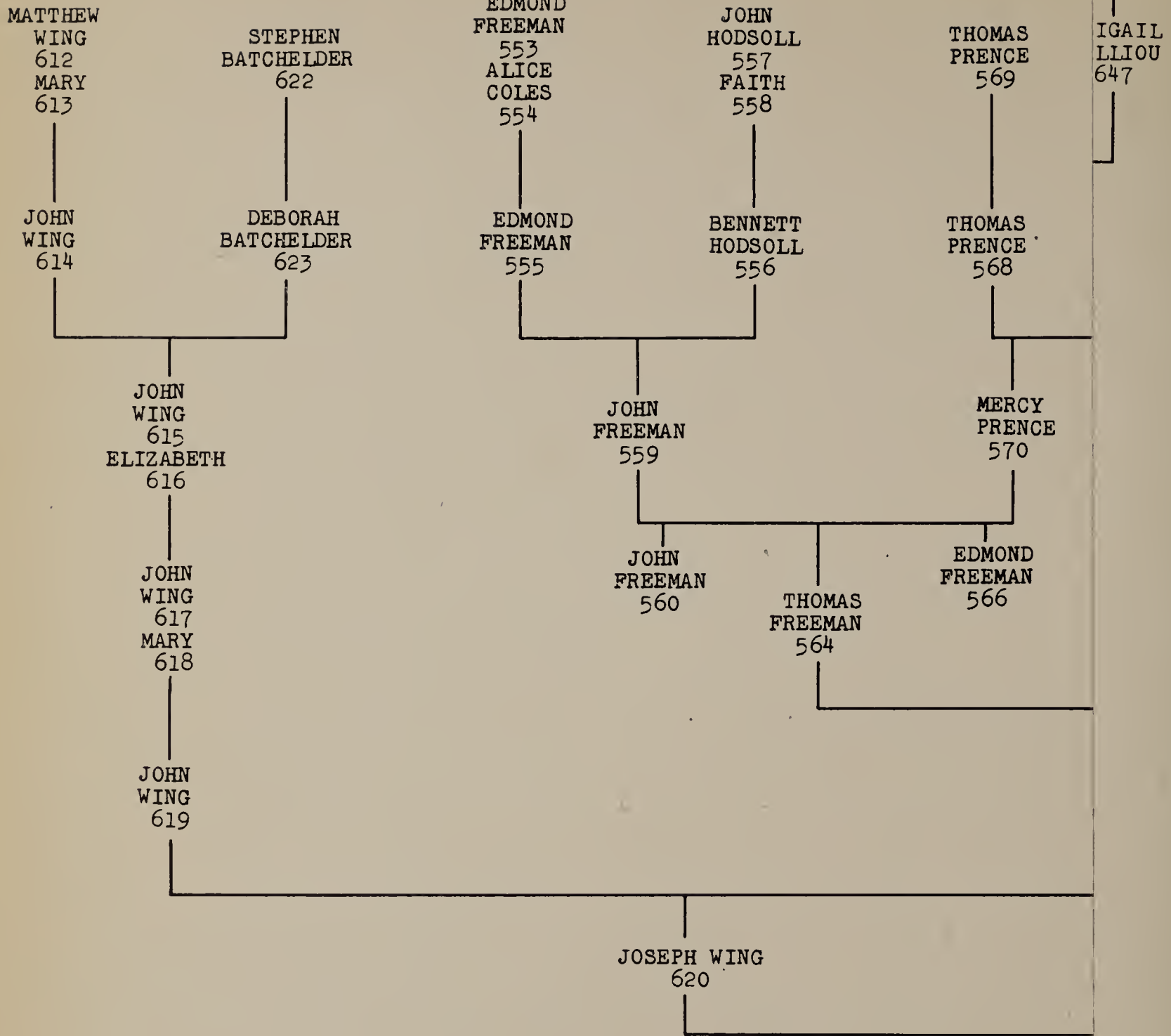


CHART 12

## WING ANCESTRY

### MATTHEW WING

MATTHEW WING #612 was first mentioned at Banbary, England on 21 April 1576 when his second son Thomas was christened at St. Mary's Church. His wife was MARY #613 and they were both buried in that church yard; he on 19 October 1614 and she on 24 July 1613. Their sixth son was John.

### JOHN WING

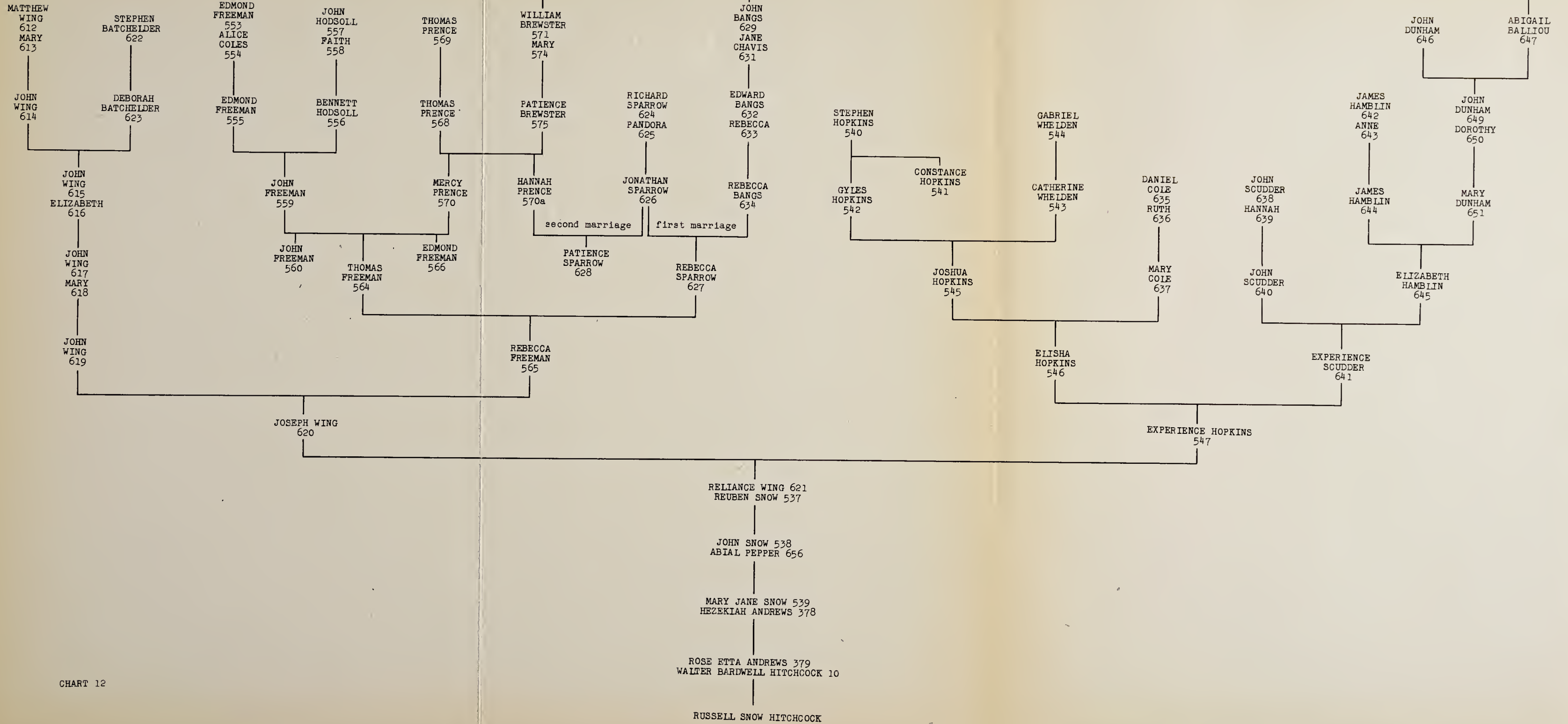
JOHN WING #614, the sixth son of Matthew and Mary was christened 12 January 1584. He received his BA degree when he left Oxford in 1603 and became a minister. About 1609-10 he married DEBORAH BACHELDER #623, who was born in 1592. See #622 for her father Stephen Bachelder. John Wing and his wife Deborah are supposed to have spent fully fifteen years of their married lives in Germany and Holland. Rev. Wing died in London during his 46th year probably during the summer of 1630 leaving his wife and five children. Their second child was John.

### JOHN WING

JOHN WING #615, son of John and Deborah Wing was born in England in 1613, and died in Yarmouth, Massachusetts between 6 February 1698-9 and 10 August 1699. He came to America in 1632 with his mother and grandfather Stephen Bachelder, shortly after his father's death in England in 1630. He married, probably in 1645, for his first wife ELIZABETH #616, who was the mother of all his children. She died about 31 January 1692.

John Wing was one of the founders of Sandwich and his name appeared as 45th in the list. Since, after arriving in America, he had first resided at Lynn with his mother and grandfather it appeared he migrated to Sandwich, Massachusetts with the group from Lynn which settled there in 1637. It was on 3 April 1637 that the General Court at Plymouth granted to ten men of Lynn the right to settle Sandwich. John Wing remained there for some few years. In 1641 he was granted six acres of meadow land. In 1652 he was one of thirteen persons selected to lay out a road from Sandwich to Plymouth, but two years later the road was not completed. This seems to be the last record of his being at Sandwich and between then and March 1659 he moved to Yarmouth where at the latter time there is a court record of his building a house. His house was built on land surrounded by swamp or meadow land and later called Wing Island on which a tablet has been erected to his memory.

John Wing was a large land owner and at a town meeting on 30 May 1677 he was warned not to purchase land from individual Indians without permission. Apparently the necessary permission was granted for at about that time John Wing and John Dillingham for themselves and their associates were deeded land from the Indians. In 1676 John Wing was assessed five pounds sixteen shillings and three pence on account of the Indian War of 1675-6. Apparently John Wing did not hold office, but



## WING ANCESTRY

### MATTHEW WING

MATTHEW WING #612 was first mentioned at Banbary, England on 21 April 1576 when his second son Thomas was christened at St. Mary's Church. His wife was MARY #613 and they were both buried in that church yard; he on 19 October 1614 and she on 24 July 1613. Their sixth son was John.

### JOHN WING

JOHN WING #614, the sixth son of Matthew and Mary was christened 12 January 1584. He received his BA degree when he left Oxford in 1603 and became a minister. About 1609-10 he married DEBORAH BACHELDER #623, who was born in 1592. See #622 for her father Stephen Bachelder. John Wing and his wife Deborah are supposed to have spent fully fifteen years of their married lives in Germany and Holland. Rev. Wing died in London during his 46th year probably during the summer of 1630 leaving his wife and five children. Their second child was John.

### JOHN WING

JOHN WING #615, son of John and Deborah Wing was born in England in 1613, and died in Yarmouth, Massachusetts between 6 February 1698-9 and 10 August 1699. He came to America in 1632 with his mother and grandfather Stephen Bachelder, shortly after his father's death in England in 1630. He married, probably in 1645, for his first wife ELIZABETH #616, who was the mother of all his children. She died about 31 January 1692.

John Wing was one of the founders of Sandwich and his name appeared as 45th in the list. Since, after arriving in America, he had first resided at Lynn with his mother and grandfather it appeared he migrated to Sandwich, Massachusetts with the group from Lynn which settled there in 1637. It was on 3 April 1637 that the General Court at Plymouth granted to ten men of Lynn the right to settle Sandwich. John Wing remained there for some few years. In 1641 he was granted six acres of meadow land. In 1652 he was one of thirteen persons selected to lay out a road from Sandwich to Plymouth, but two years later the road was not completed. This seems to be the last record of his being at Sandwich and between then and March 1659 he moved to Yarmouth where at the latter time there is a court record of his building a house. His house was built on land surrounded by swamp or meadow land and later called Wing Island on which a tablet has been erected to his memory.

John Wing was a large land owner and at a town meeting on 30 May 1677 he was warned not to purchase land from individual Indians without permission. Apparently the necessary permission was granted for at about that time John Wing and John Dillingham for themselves and their associates were deeded land from the Indians. In 1676 John Wing was assessed five pounds sixteen shillings and three pence on account of the Indian War of 1675-6. Apparently John Wing did not hold office, but

was interested in farming and land. His second wife was Miriam Dean daughter of Stephen Dean of Plymouth. The youngest son of John and Elizabeth Wing was John.

#### JOHN WING

JOHN WING #617, son of John and Elizabeth was probably born in Yarmouth, Massachusetts. His wife was MARY #618 and it is generally believed that she was either a sister or daughter of Jonathan Bangs. John died comparatively young, probably early in 1683.

#### JOHN WING

JOHN WING #619, son of John and Mary was born in 1680 and died on 12 June 1758 and was buried at Brewster, Massachusetts. On 24 July 1723 he married for his third wife REBECCA FREEMAN #565, a widow of Joseph Vickorie, and daughter of Thomas Freeman and Rebecca Sparrow. Rev. Nathaniel Stone performed the ceremony. She was born in Harwich, Massachusetts on 26 April 1694. See #553 for her descent from Edmond Freeman

#### JOSEPH WING

JOSEPH WING #620, son of John and Rebecca Wing was born at Harwich, Massachusetts on 21 August 1728 and died about 1800. On 22 February 1749 he married EXPERIENCE #547, daughter of Elisha Hopkins and his wife Experience Scudder. See #540 for her descent from Stephen Hopkins. Their marriage intentions were posted at Chatham, Massachusetts on 8 January 1749 and entered by James Covel, Town Clerk. Their marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Stephen Emery of Chatham, Massachusetts. Their daughter RELIANCE #621 was born on 28 July 1750 at Chatham, Massachusetts, and died on 27 December 1795. She married REUBEN SNOW #537 on 16 November 1769.

Sources: Genealogy of John Wing of Sandwich by Rev. Conway P. Wing, 1888.

Notes kept by Captain Chester C. Mayo (SC) U.S.N.  
The Owl. A magazine devoted to the Wing Family.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.7, p138, p139; vol.8, p159.

## BACHELDER ANCESTRY

### STEPHEN BACHELDER

STEPHEN BACHELDER #622 was born in England in 1561 and died in 1660 at Hackney, England, which is now part of London. He entered St. John's College, Oxford in 1581 and some years later on 17 July 1587 became the Vicar of Wherwell, a village in Hampshire, being presented there, by Lord de la Warr. Apparently Stephen Bachelder had religious ideas not in accord with the Church of England for in 1605 he was forced to give up his church at Wherwell and went to Holland. The son of Lord de la Warr, who presented him, was on the commission appointed by James I that deprived him of his church. There is no record of his stay in Holland, but we do know that his son-in-law John Wing was a minister there in 1620 and that in June 1631 Stephen Bachelder was granted permission with his wife Helen and widowed daughter Ann Sandburn to visit his sons and daughters in Holland. Some sources believe they may have lived on the Island of Walcheron.

By June 1621 Stephen Bachelder was back in England as there is a record he dined with John Winthrop and his wife Margaret there. Between 1622 and 1631 Stephen Bachelder was living at Newton Stacy not far from Wherwell where he had been Vicar. There are records that he and his wife Helen bought and sold land there and in such records he was listed as a clerk. Apparently his religious beliefs were such that he could not be accepted in England as a minister. In 1629 he was selected as the pastor of a colonizing society "Plow Company" but the company failed due to some false dealing or lack of interest in their Patent after the first group arrived in July 1631. In 1630 and 1631 he and his wife sold their lands presumably because of his intentions to come to America.

Stephen Bachelder came to America on the ship William and Frances, leaving England on 9 March 1632 and arrived at Boston on 5 June 1632. Although his wife Helen was not mentioned as coming she must have accompanied him as she died later in this country about 1642 aged 60 years. His group included six or seven people among whom were his widowed daughter Deborah Wing, her children and an Edward Dillingham. Helen was his second wife who was born in 1583 and died in 1642. Later about 1648 he married again. On Sunday 8 June 1632 he began preaching at a church in Lynn which he formed.

Stephen Bachelder went to Lynn because his daughter Theodate and her husband Christopher Hussey resided there. By October of that year the General Court of the Colony ordered him to cease preaching except to those who came over with him so he very early came under discussion for his independent ideas. Five months later the prohibition was removed. On 6 May 1635 he was admitted a freeman. In 1635 he was again in difficulty with his church and agreed to remove from the town which he did in February 1636, moving to Ipswich where he was given a grant of fifty acres. For some reason this did not work out for in 1637-8 he with others attempted a settlement at Yarmouth, Massachusetts, but this in turn failed. On 7 October 1638 the General Court of the Colony granted him and his companions land for a settlement at what is now Hampton, New Hampshire possibly to be rid of a troublesome minister. Apparently he still had friends at Ipswich for in 1639 the people there voted to give him 80 acres of land if he would return to them for three years. The new settlement at Hampton was more attractive to him and in that same year he and his son-in-law Christopher Hussey

sold their holdings at Ipswich for 120 pounds.

At Hampton Stephen Bachelder was granted 300 acres by the town. Everywhere Stephen Bachelder went, church difficulties appear to have arisen and Hampton was no exception. The church there, of which he was pastor, became divided into two factions, the other headed by Rev. Timothy Dalton. Stephen Bachelder apparently was of a very positive type and unyielding. Dalton succeeded in excommunicating Bachelder and at last the latter agreed to leave Hampton and received a call to go to Exeter, but that was prevented and he remained at Hampton, but not as a minister. By this time he was very aged having been 71 years old on arriving in America. In April 1647 he was living in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, then called Strawberry Bank, as he then gave all his property at Hampton to his grandson. His third marriage to Mary was most unfortunate and he returned to England probably in 1654 and died there. DEBORAH #623 his daughter by his first wife, was born in 1592, and married JOHN WING #614 about 1609-10.

Sources: Bachelder Genealogy by Frederick C. Pierce, 1898.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 74,  
p319.

## SPARROW ANCESTRY

### RICHARD SPARROW

RICHARD SPARROW #624 was born in England about 1580 and died at Eastham, Massachusetts on 8 January 1660-1. He came to Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1632 and to Eastham in 1653. His wife was PANDORA #625. There is an inscription on a tablet in the old cemetery at Eastham near Town Cove as follows:

Sparrow, Richard and wife Pandora who came from Kent County England about 1633 settled in Plymouth about 1650. They came to Eastham and settled near this place where he died 8 January 1660. Here lies also Jonathan Sparrow only child of Richard together with his first two wives Rebecca Bangs and Hannah Prence. He settled in this part of Eastham now East Orleans where after filling many offices of honor and trust in both church and state he died 21 March 1706 aged 73 years.  
Erected 1876.

Richard Sparrow became a freeman in 1633 and his name appeared many times in the records as to holding public office and also at



times in connection with legal matters. On moving to Eastham in 1653 he sold his home at Plymouth to George Bonum for eight pounds and in 1657 sold other holdings there to Gyles Richard. He was Deputy to the General Court at Plymouth from Eastham in 1653 and 1655-6. Richard Sparrow's will was dated 19 November 1660 and presented to the court at Plymouth on 5 March 1660-1. It was witnessed by Josias Cooke and Samuel Freeman. His wife and children and grandchildren are mentioned and a bequest "to the Church of Eastham one ewe sheep to be Disposed of according to the Discretion of my overseers". The overseers of the will were "my beloved friends and bretheren Mr. Thomas Prence of Eastham Mr. Thomas Willett of Rehoboth and Leiftenant Thomas Southworth of Plymouth".

#### JONATHAN SPARROW

JONATHAN SPARROW #626, son of Richard and Pandora Sparrow was born in England, and died at Eastham on 21 March 1706-7. On 28 October 1654 he married for his first wife, REBECCA #634, who was born at Plymouth about 1635, and died at Eastham, Massachusetts before 1667. She was the daughter of Edward Bangs. See #629 for her descent from John Bangs. Jonathan's second wife was HANNAH PRENCE #570a, widow of Nathaniel Mayo and they were married after 5 June 1667 and probably before 1669. See #568 for her descent from Thomas Prence.

Jonathan Sparrow was a Lieutenant in Captain John Gorham's company in the Narragansett fight during King Philip's War being promoted from Ensign on 4 October 1675. His heirs received a share in Narragansett Township No.7 now Gorham, Maine for his services then. By 6 June 1677 he was a Captain, which commission was renewed in October 1689. He became a freeman in June 1663 although he was listed as a legal voter in Eastham as early as May 1655. He moved with his parents to Eastham and thereafter took an active part in town affairs being Deputy to the General Court at Plymouth at least 19 years and later for at least eight years Representative to the General Court at Boston. He acquired much land and in a deed by his heirs dated 5 October 1708, children and grandchildren are mentioned.

Jonathan Sparrow's will was dated 10 March 1706-7 and was probated on 3 April 1707. Jonathan and Rebecca had six children of whom the oldest was REBECCA #627, who was born at Eastham, Massachusetts, on 30 October 1655, and died on 17 February 1740. She married THOMAS FREEMAN #564 on 31 December 1673. Jonathan and Hannah Sparrow's daughter PATIENCE #628, was born at Eastham, Massachusetts, about 1670, and died at Harwich, Massachusetts on 25 October 1745. She married JOSEPH PAINE #674 on 27 May 1691. Jonathan Sparrow married Sarah (Lewis) Cobb, widow of James Cobb, on 23 November 1698 for his third wife.

Sources: Plymouth records in Mayflower Descendant, vol.17, p70, 201.  
Eastham vital records in Mayflower Descendant, vol.5, p23.  
Facts and Fancies of Family History by E.E.S. Marcy, 1911.  
Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by M.W. Ferris, 1931.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.6, p203; vol.12, p57; vol.14, pl,  
p193; vol.32, p49.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.9,  
p314; vol.99, p101.

## BANGS ANCESTRY

### JOHN BANGS

JOHN BANGS #629 was of Panfield and Hempstead, Essex, England. His father was RICHARD BANGS #630 of Norwich, Norfolk County, England. The wife of John Bangs was JANE CHAVIS #631 and they were married on 30 January 1586-7. John Bangs died at Hempstead, England on 11 February 1631-2.

### EDWARD BANGS

EDWARD BANGS #632, son of John and Jane Bangs was born at Chichester or Chester, England and baptized on 28 October 1591. He died at Eastham in February 1677-78. He came to Plymouth in July 1623 on the ship Anne which had sailed from England in April of that year. Most of those passengers on the Anne probably had been on the ship Paragon which had attempted the voyage the year before, but turned back because the ship was leaky. It is presumed Edward's wife came with him and probably two children. In any case they were not living on 22 May 1627. His second wife was a daughter of Robert Hicks probably Lydia and they were married about 1633-4. She died soon after the birth of her son John for John Bangs married about 1635-7 for his third wife REBECCA #633. She may have been the daughter of Edmund Hobart of Hingham and sister of Rev. Peter Hobart of Hingham.

Edward Bangs was active in the life of the Plymouth Colony serving on various committees such as those to fix boundaries and in January 1637-8 helped fix the limits of John Alden's land at Duxbury. In 1640 with Thomas Prentice, Miles Standish, John Winslow and others he measured a meadow at Green's Harbor. In 1633 he became a freeman. He contributed to the building of a bark and subscribed a sixteenth part with ten men while three men subscribed an eighth part each. In 1643 with Thomas Prentice, Nicholas Snow and others he viewed the land which they settled in April 1644, then called Nauset and later called Eastham. He was the first Town Treasurer and remained so for 19 years. On 22 June 1651, stating he was a yeoman, he sold his land at Plymouth. To meet Eastham's quota of soldiers he furnished a man and horse at his expense for two years. Of the children of Edward and Rebecca Bangs, REBECCA #634 married JONATHAN SPARROW #626 at Eastham on 28 October 1654. She was born about 1635 and died at Eastham, Massachusetts, before 1667.

Sources: Edward Bangs, the Pilgrim, by Charles H. Bangs, 1916.  
History and Genealogy of the Bangs Family in America by  
Dean Dudley, 1896.  
Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine of Harwich.  
Munsey Hopkins Genealogy by D.O.S. Lowell, 1920.  
Dawes Gates Ancestral Lines by Mary W. Ferris, 1931.

## COLE ANCESTRY

### DANIEL COLE

DANIEL COLE #635 was born in England about 1614 and died at Eastham, Massachusetts on 21 December 1694. In 1643 he married RUTH #636, who was born about 1627 and died in Eastham on 15 December 1694. ~~She may have been the daughter of Edmond Chandler.~~ In a deed from William Collier to Daniel Cole dated 16 October 1659, William Collier called Daniel Cole his son-in-law. This is a basis for considering that the wife of Daniel Cole was Ruth Collier except that William Collier had no known daughter named Ruth. Job, a brother of Daniel Cole, did marry Rebecca, a daughter of William Collier and for this reason William Collier may have referred to Daniel Cole as a son-in-law.

Daniel Cole came with his two brothers John and Job on the ship Mary and Jane in 1633 and in 1640 was found at Duxbury, Massachusetts when fifty acres were granted him. He was a tailor by trade. In 1643 he was at Yarmouth, Massachusetts, being listed there as able to bear arms, and then moved to Eastham where he was the Town Clerk, then selectman and then Deputy to the General Court.

William Collier, who came to America with the Cole brothers, resided in Duxbury and was associated with Edmond Chandler, who had a daughter Ruth mentioned in his will. The inventory of the estate of Daniel Cole was taken on 24 December 1694 by Samuel Freeman Jr., and Samuel Paine and by mutual consent the estate was settled on 15 January 1694-5. There were nine children born to Daniel and Ruth Cole of whom the seventh was MARY #637, who was born at Eastham on 10 March 1658 and died there on 1 March 1734. She married JOSHUA HOPKINS #545 on 26 May 1681.

Sources: Ancestral Chart of Watson C. Cole by G.N. Cole, 1927 and later corrections in correspondence from G.N. Cole of New York City.

Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine of Harwich.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol. 6, p204; vol. 14, p89; vol. 17, p201;  
vol. 23, p67.

## SCUDDER ANCESTRY

### JOHN SCUDDER

JOHN SCUDDER #638 was born in England in 1619 and came to America from London in 1635. His wife was HANNAH #639. He resided first at Charlestown and became a freeman there in 1639. The next year he moved to Barnstable, Massachusetts and resided there the rest of his life. In 1643 he was listed there as able to bear arms. He died about 1689 and the settlement of his estate was approved at Barnstable on 15 April 1690. His wife Hannah and children John and Sarah were mentioned in the settlement.

## JOHN SCUDDER

JOHN SCUDDER #640, son of John and Hannah Scudder was born about 1657 and died at Chatham, Massachusetts on 3 March 1741-2 in his 84th year. On 31 July 1689 he married ELIZABETH HAMBLIN #645. See #642 for her descent from James Hamblin. She was born on 13 February 1665 and died at Chatham on 3 January 1742-3 in her 77th year. EXPERIENCE SCUDDER #641, daughter of John and Elizabeth Scudder was born on 28 April 1692 and on 9 October 1712 at Barnstable married ELISHA HOPKINS #546.

Sources: Genealogical Notes of Barnstable Families by Otis, 1888.  
Gravestone records in the Chatham cemetery in the  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.8, p239.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.11, p27.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.4,  
p255.

## HAMBLIN ANCESTRY

### JAMES HAMBLIN

JAMES HAMBLIN #642, probably came from Kent County, London, England as did most of the early settlers of Barnstable. He was in Barnstable, Massachusetts in the spring of 1639 and his first house lot of eight acres was at Coggins Pond. In 1686 his house stood on his twenty acre lot on the north side of the highway between the houses of Mr. Russell and deacon John Cooper. This latter house lot he bought from Mr. Groom in 1653 or 1654. His will was dated 23 January 1683-4 and he died in 1690. He mentioned his wife ANNE #643 in his will and all his children.

### JAMES HAMBLIN

JAMES HAMBLIN #644, son of James and Anne Hamblin was born in England and came to America as a child and lived in Barnstable all his life. He died on 3 May 1718. On 20 November 1662 he married MARY DUNHAM #651. She was born in 1642 and died on 19 April 1715, aged 73. See #646 for her descent from John Dunham. They had fourteen children of whom one was ELIZABETH #645, who was born on 13 February 1665 and married JOHN SCUDDER #640 on 31 July 1689. She died at Chatham, Massachusetts on 3 January 1742-3, aged 77.

Sources: Genealogical Notes of Barnstable Families by Otis, 1888.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.6, p136.  
Dunham Genealogy by Isaac W. Dunham, 1907.

## DUNHAM ANCESTRY

### JOHN DUNHAM

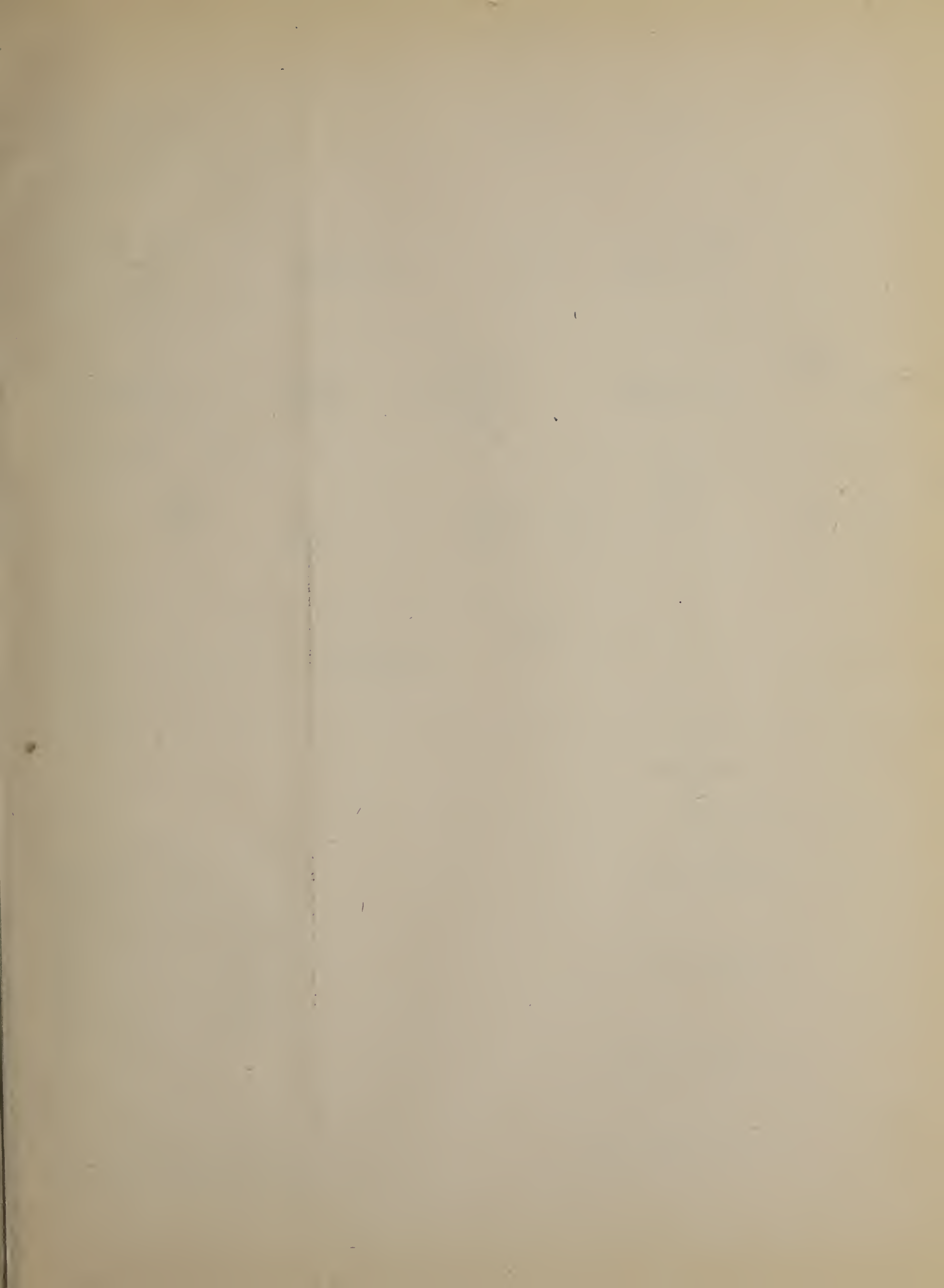
JOHN DUNHAM #646 was born in Scrooby, Nottinghamshire, England in 1588-9. He married ABIGAIL BALLIQU #647 at Leyden, Holland on 22 October 1622. She was his second wife and the daughter of THOMAS BALLIQU #648. When he came to America has not been definitely determined, but as early as 1632 he received a grant of land at Plymouth for his cattle. In 1633 he was chosen a deacon and was listed in 1643 as between 16 and 60 and able to bear arms. He was a weaver by trade. On 28 May 1663 he deeded land at Plymouth to his son John and called himself a weaver. He died on 2 March 1668-9, aged about 80 years being then called a deacon. His will was dated 25 January 1668, presented at court on 4 June 1669 and mentioned his wife Abigail and his eldest son John. The inventory was taken on 16 March 1668-9.

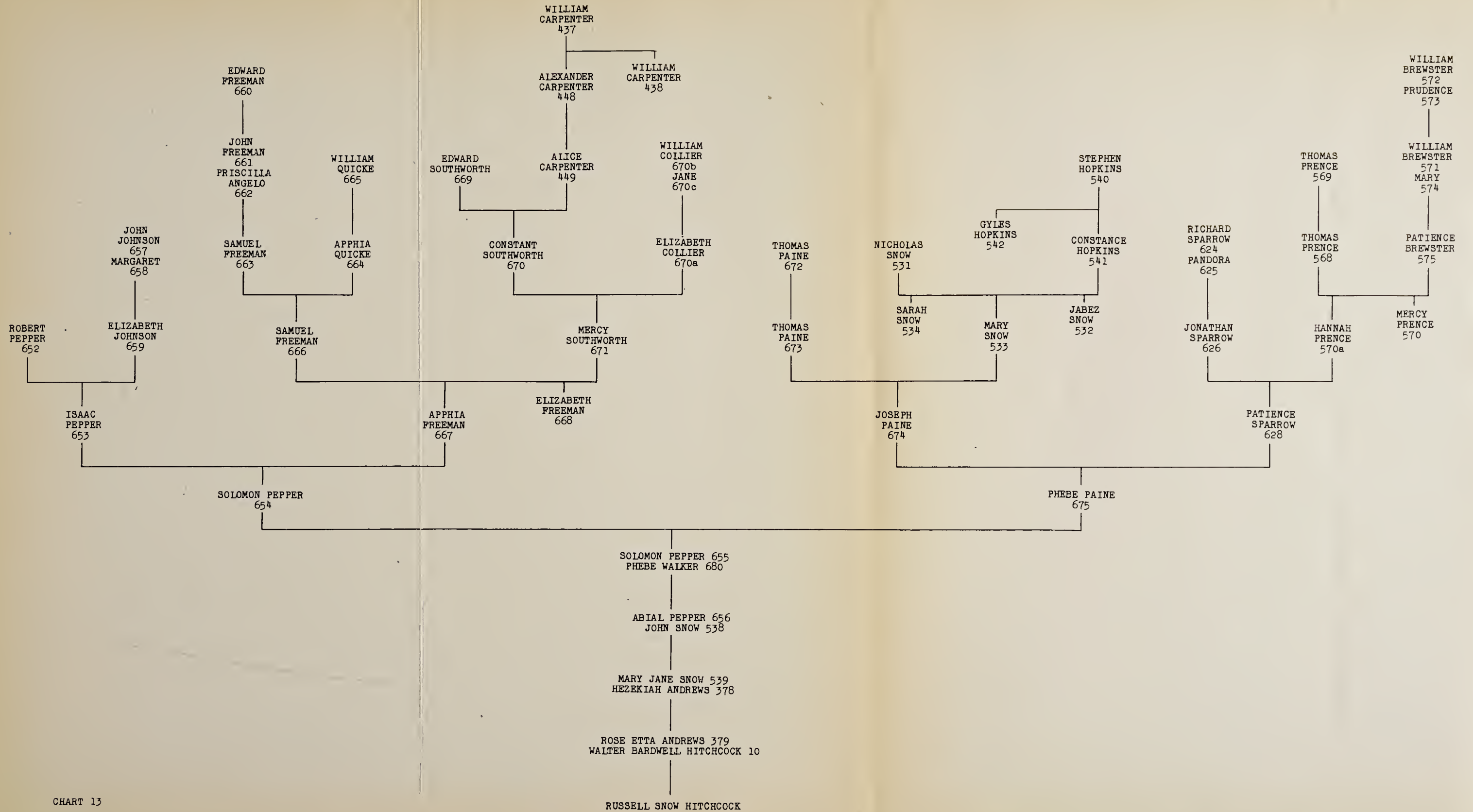
### JOHN DUNHAM

JOHN DUNHAM #649, son of John and Abigail Dunham was born at Leyden, Holland about 1623 and died on 6 April 1692 being in his 79th year. In 1641 he married DOROTHY #650. He became a freeman in 1641. On 7 March 1643 he was granted 30 acres of meadow land northeast of Cook's Pond. On 19 January 1647 he was given 6 acres of land by his father. His will was dated at Plymouth 2 February 1691-2 and was probated in 1692. The inventory of his estate was taken 16 April 1692. Of their children MARY #651, who was born in 1642, and died on 19 December 1715, married JAMES HAMBLIN #644 on 20 November 1662.

Sources: Mayflower Descendant, vol.13, p146; vol.18, p37; vol.31, p160.  
Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.16, p63;  
vol.17, p113; vol.18, p57.  
Data furnished by Mrs. F.W. Moore of 1320 Maple St.,  
Kalamazoo, Mich., and obtained by her from research  
at Leyden, Holland.









## PEPPER ANCESTRY

### ROBERT PEPPER

ROBERT PEPPER #652 was born in England and died on 7 July 1684. On 14 March 1642-3 he married ELIZABETH #659 who died on 5 January 1684. See #657 for her descent from John Johnson. Robert Pepper came to America about 1640 and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts and became a freeman on 10 May 1643. He served in King Philip's War. His will was probated on 17 July 1684. He signed, as a donor, the agreement of 31 August 1645 to establish a school at Roxbury. In 1653 the town of Roxbury voted him license to "brew and sell penny beare and cakes and white bread". He was a signer of a petition of censure to Harvard College on 5 March 1672. His son John in his will dated 3 March 1669-70 mentioned his father Robert Pepper, his oldest brother Joseph and uncle Isaac Johnson.

At least one source considers Richard Pepper may have been the father of Robert Pepper. Richard Pepper with his wife came on the ship Francis in 1634 from Ipswich, England. His age was then 27 years which if correct would preclude any son of his being old enough in March 1642-3 to marry. Richard and Robert both resided at Roxbury and may well have been related. Robert and Elizabeth Pepper had eleven children.

### ISAAC PEPPER

ISAAC PEPPER #653, son of Robert and Elizabeth Pepper was born in Roxbury on 26 April 1659 and on 17 October 1685 married APPHIA #667, who was born on 1 January 1666, the daughter of Samuel Freeman and Mercy Southworth. See #660 for her descent from Edward Freeman. Isaac Pepper was one of the early settlers of Eastham. He was a selectman there in 1691 and Town Treasurer from 1783 to 1786. There were eight children of whom the seventh was Solomon.

### SOLOMON PEPPER

SOLOMON PEPPER #654, son of Isaac and Apphia Pepper was born at Eastham, Massachusetts, on 15 January 1703 and died in 1786. On 15 October 1724 he married PHEBE #675, who was born on 30 July 1703, and died at Eastham before 2 May 1774. She was the daughter of Joseph Paine and Patience Sparrow. The ceremony was performed by Samuel Osburn. Their marriage intentions were posted at Eastham on 5 September 1724. See #672 for her descent from Thomas Paine. In a list of the members of the First Church of Eastham dated 2 May 1774 Solomon Pepper was listed as a deacon, but without a wife. According to the church records she died in 1774.

### SOLOMON PEPPER

SOLOMON PEPPER #655, son of Solomon and Phebe Pepper was born at Eastham on 8 April 1740 and died there in 1788. He first married Abial

who died on 25 September 1771. They had four children. His second wife was PHEBE WALKER #680, widow of Edward Knowles of Eastham, and they were married on 16 April 1772. Phebe was born at Eastham on 3 August 1745 and died there in 1825. See #676 for her descent from William Walker. Solomon and Phebe had six children of whom the fifth child was ABIAL #656, who was born at Eastham on 12 October 1781, and died at Truro, Massachusetts on 28 March 1863. She married JOHN SNOW #538 on 3 April 1803.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 35, p122, p244; vol. 48, p458.

Bill of Mortality of the South Parish of Eastham 1772-1828 in the Mayflower Descendant, vol. 7, p184, p227, p228.

Eastham vital records in Mayflower Descendant, vol. 5, p196; vol. 16, p72, 73; vol. 28, p113; vol. 31, p175, p176.

Mayflower Descendant, vol. 10, p165.

Pepper Genealogy by Emily Clark Landon, 1932.

Knowles Family of Eastham in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, January 1926.

History of Roxbury by Charles M. Ellis, 1847.

## JOHNSON ANCESTRY

### JOHN JOHNSON

JOHN JOHNSON #657 came to America with the Winthrop fleet in 1630 with sons Isaac, Humphrey and daughters Mary, Martha and Elizabeth. He has sometimes been confused with the four John Johnsons who came in 1635. There were two John Johnsons who came on the ship Elizabeth on 14 April 1635 aged 23 years and 26 years; a John Johnson, probably a child, and a John Johnson who came on the James with Susan Johnson. He was born about 1609 and died on 30 September 1659. His first wife was MARGARET #658, who died on 9 June 1655. There are various clues as to her family name which among others may have been Morris, Miller, Humphrey, or Scudder. The information available is not sufficiently definite to determine the matter.

John Johnson resided at Roxbury, Massachusetts, and his name appeared on a list, drawn up between 1638 and 1640, as having 6 goats and 4 kids. Rev. Eliot, the first pastor of the church at Roxbury, left a record of the membership and John Johnson and wife Margery were listed. His house was used to store a good part of the County supply of powder and the latter part of March 1645 the house caught fire and burned with a loss of 17 or 18 barrels of powder. There was a high wind which fortunately changed in time to save the other nearby houses.

On 31 August 1645 an agreement was drawn up at Roxbury to establish a school and John Johnson was listed as an officer to oversee the school and signed as a donor. This was the origin of the present Roxbury Latin School for which rents were collected from the donors for about 100 years. Many of the early settlers left bequests to the school so that it became richly endowed. At the present time (1946) it has about 145 boys and stresses thoroughly the classical studies.

In 1639 John Johnson was on a committee to determine the boundary line between Dedham and Roxbury, but this matter was not finally settled until 1697. He was a selectman in 1652 and 1654. In 1655 permission was given him and others to erect a mill near where an old mill had stood. He kept a tavern and many public meetings were held there. His second wife was Grace, widow of Barnabas Fawer of Dorchester. About 1700 a list was drawn up indicating the ownership of property at Roxbury and John Johnson's property had previously passed to a Mr. Bowles. His will dated 30 September 1659 mentioned his wife and made son Isaac and son-in-law Robert Pepper, executors. The will was admitted on 15 October 1659 and the inventory taken that same day. His estate amounted to 660 pounds. ELIZABETH #659, daughter of John and Margaret Johnson married ROBERT PEPPER #652 on 14 March 1642-3. She died on 5 January 1684.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 9, p224.

History of the First Church in Roxbury, Mass., by W.E. Thwing, 1908.

History of Roxbury by Charles M. Ellis, 1847.

American Genealogist, vol. 22, no. 1, p47.

John Johnson and other Johnsons by W.E. Johnson, 1940.

Town of Roxbury, A Report of the Record Commissioners containing the Roxbury Church Records, 1884, p176.

Rev. Eliot's Record of Roxbury Church in New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 35, p243.

## EDWARD FREEMAN ANCESTRY

### EDWARD FREEMAN

EDWARD FREEMAN #660 was of Stotfold, Bedford County, England. The name of his wife is not yet known. In 1556 he purchased of a George Burgoyne and his wife Dorothy Perient their lands in Baldock, Clothall and Weston, all in Herts County, England. He was named an overseer in the will of William Freeman of Stotfold and witnessed the will on 14 March 1585-6. His relationship to this William Freeman, if any, is not yet known. His will was dated 1 November 1586 and proved at London on 4 August 1587 and it mentioned his children. Since his wife was not mentioned she probably had predeceased him.

### JOHN FREEMAN

JOHN FREEMAN #661, son of Edward Freeman was born at Stotfold, as stated in his will, and probably about 1570. He was bequeathed lands in Stotfold by his father. He was a haberdasher at London and resided in the precinct of Blackfriars near Ludgate, London. His wife was PRISCILLA ANGELO #662 and they were married at St. Ann, Blackfriars on 3 September 1595. She was buried there on 25 February 1630-1. Her will was dated 27 December 1630 and her sons appointed executors on 7 June 1631. The will mentioned her eldest son Samuel and his son Henry. John Freeman was involved in many lawsuits as were other members of his family and because of a partnership with a William Bannister, draper, of London left some trouble for his son Samuel. He was buried in a vault under the St. Ann church at Blackfriars on 25 September 1622. His will dated 21 July 1620 and proved on 28 September 1622 mentioned his wife and sons Samuel and John as well as other relatives. It was a long will of some 4160 words.

### SAMUEL FREEMAN

SAMUEL FREEMAN #663, son of John and Priscilla Freeman was born probably about 1600. He was the fifth child, but the eldest one to survive and in his mother's will is called her eldest son. His wife was APPHIA QUICKE #664, eldest daughter of WILLIAM QUICKE #665, and they were married at St. Ann in Blackfriars on 14 July 1624. William Quicke was a grocer and apothecary of London who served his apprenticeship to Andrew Jaxe. He became a freeman in 1592. He was mentioned in court proceedings on 22 June 1614 as a grocer and a practising apothecary. He was at one time an adventurer in Virginia. His will was dated 26 October 1614, proved on 21 January 1615 and mentioned his daughter APPHIA #664, wife Elizabeth and other children.

Samuel Freeman resided first at Blackfriars, London, then at East Malling, Kent County and came to America shortly after 1 March 1629-30. Samuel Freeman had previously become a member of the Honorable Artillery Company of London on 3 April 1627. In America he resided at Watertown, Massachusetts, where his house was burned on 11 February 1630-1. After his departure from England a bill of complaint was filed there against him and he probably returned there and due to a false

report was confined in prison until his petition dated 11 November 1634, to redress the wrong done him, was granted on 11 May 1636. By 5 December 1637 he was back in Watertown as he was mentioned in a court action.

On 9 April 1638 he was granted 6 acres of land at Watertown and on 27 May 1639 admitted a freeman. He was granted further lands up until 1646 and died prior to 12 December 1646. It seems probable that Samuel Freeman and his wife Apphia were divorced for she married Governor Thomas Prence as his third wife probably between 1 July 1644 and the end of that year. On 6 September 1644 she witnessed the will of George Philips, minister at Watertown with Symon Syre the other witness.

#### SAMUEL FREEMAN

SAMUEL FREEMAN #666, son of Samuel and Apphia Freeman was born at Watertown, Massachusetts on 11 May 1638 and died at Eastham, Massachusetts on 25 November 1712. He was a deacon in the Eastham church and in 1697 was chosen a Representative. On 12 May 1658 he married at Eastham, MERCY #671, who was born about 1638, and died on 25 November 1712. She was a daughter of Constant Southworth and Elizabeth Collier. See #669 for her descent from Edward Southworth. Both Samuel and Mercy were buried in the old cemetery at Eastham near Town Cove. They had nine children of whom the third child was APPHIA #667, who was born at Eastham on 1 January 1666, and married ISAAC PEPPER #653 on 17 October 1685. Their fifth child was ELIZABETH #668 who was born on 26 June 1671 at Eastham, Massachusetts, and married ABRAHAM REMICK #692 about 1693.

Sources: American Genealogist, vol.11, p73-80, p171-179.  
Pepper Genealogy by Emily Clark Landon, 1932.  
Munsey Hopkins Genealogy by D.O.S. Lowell, 1920.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.6, p201.  
Plymouth records in Mayflower Descendant, vol.19, p111.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.7, p160; vol.38, p60; vol.40, p271; vol.97, p393.

## SOUTHWORTH ANCESTRY

### EDWARD SOUTHWORTH

EDWARD SOUTHWORTH #669 was born about 1590 and died in 1621. On 28 May 1613 at Leyden, Holland he married ALICE CARPENTER #449, who was born about 1590, and died on 29 March 1670. She was the daughter of Alexander Carpenter. Their marriage intentions were entered 4 May 1613. See #437 for her descent from William Carpenter. Alice Southworth married William Bradford for her second husband. Her will mentioned, among others, her son Constant Southworth. The inventory of the estate was dated 31 March 1670.

Little is definitely known of Edward Southworth. He was a silk worker in Leyden, Holland as early as 1611 and was a Pilgrim. A Thomas and Edward Southworth were baptized in 1583 and 1585, respectively; being born at Wellam, Nottinghamshire, England. Wellam is a hamlet near Clayborough. This is considered by most sources as the above Edward Southworth and it is known that Thomas Southworth, a brother, was present at his wedding.

### CONSTANT SOUTHWORTH

CONSTANT SOUTHWORTH #670, son of Edward and Alice Southworth was born at Leyden, Holland in 1614 and died on 10 March 1679. On 2 November 1637 he married ELIZABETH #670a, who was born about 1617. She was the daughter of WILLIAM COLLIER #670b and his wife JANE #670c. Constant Southworth did not come to America when his widowed mother came in 1623 on the ship Anne, but came in 1628 when he was about fourteen years old. He grew up to be a leading citizen and settled in Duxbury where he was a Deputy and for 16 years Treasurer of the Plymouth Colony. In 1637 he served in the Pequot War and was an Ensign in the Duxbury Company in 1646 and a Lieutenant in 1653.

William Collier was a London merchant who financially aided the Pilgrims to reach Plymouth. He came on the ship Mary and Jane in 1633 and resided at Duxbury, Massachusetts. It is not definitely known whether his wife Jane accompanied him to America but four daughters did come with him. He was a man of very considerable influence and held several public offices and was acting Governor during two sessions. In 1643 he was one of the commissioners appointed by Plymouth to form a confederation of the New England Colonies. He died in 1670 as the wealthiest man in Duxbury. Constant Southworth resided at Plymouth and their daughter MERCY #671, was born about 1638, and died on 25 November 1712. She married SAMUEL FREEMAN #666 on 12 May 1658.

Sources: Descendants of Constant Southworth by George C.S. Southworth, 1897.

The Paynes of Hamilton by A.F.P.White, 1912.

Munsey Hopkins Genealogy by D.O.S.Lowell, 1920.

Year Book Of Society of Colonial Wars, 1895.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.7, p179; vol.97, p359.

## PAINE ANCESTRY

### THOMAS PAINE

THOMAS PAINE #672 came to America in 1621 with a ten year old son Thomas. They settled at Eastham, Massachusetts and the father may have been at Yarmouth, as there is a record of a Thomas Paine there, who was first Deputy to the Plymouth Court in June 1639 and took the Freeman's Oath on 4 June 1639 and was a resident there as late as 1650.

### THOMAS PAINE

THOMAS PAINE #673, son of Thomas Paine was born in England about 1612 and died on 16 August 1706. He came to America with his father in 1621. About 1650 he married MARY SNOW #533, who was born at Plymouth about 1630, and died at Eastham on 28 April 1704. She was the daughter of Nicholas Snow and Constance Hopkins. See #531 for her descent from Nicholas Snow. Thomas Paine erected grist mills in the Colony and in 1653 was a constable at Eastham. In 1655 he was listed as a townsman there and admitted a freeman on 1 June 1658. With Nicholas Snow, Giles Hopkins and Jonathan Sparrow he laid out land in Eastham for assignment to the settlers. In 1662 he served with Giles Hopkins as surveyor of highways. Two years later he was a Deputy to the General Court and in 1667 selected land at Eastham for his own use.

In June 1669 Thomas Paine was authorized by the town to purchase for his use land and did so purchase from the Indians some land at Assowamsett Pond next to that owned by John Alden. On 2 May 1670 he paid Gov. Thomas Prentice 20 pounds for land at what is now Truro and 20 years later sold it to his son Thomas for the same sum. He held various other offices. Some time previous to 1695 he moved to Boston and bought a home there, but sold it a year later to Eleazer Darby. Apparently he later moved back to Eastham as his will dated 12 May 1705 stated he was of Eastham and mentioned land and a house which he owned at Eastham. It mentioned nine children and three grandchildren. He was a splendid penman and a man of very considerable education. Mary, his wife, was "a faithful wife; a careful mother; a good quiet neighbor; a diligent reader of God's hold word; a lover of and attendant at God's house of worship". Thomas and Mary Paine had ten children of whom one was Joseph.

### JOSEPH PAINE

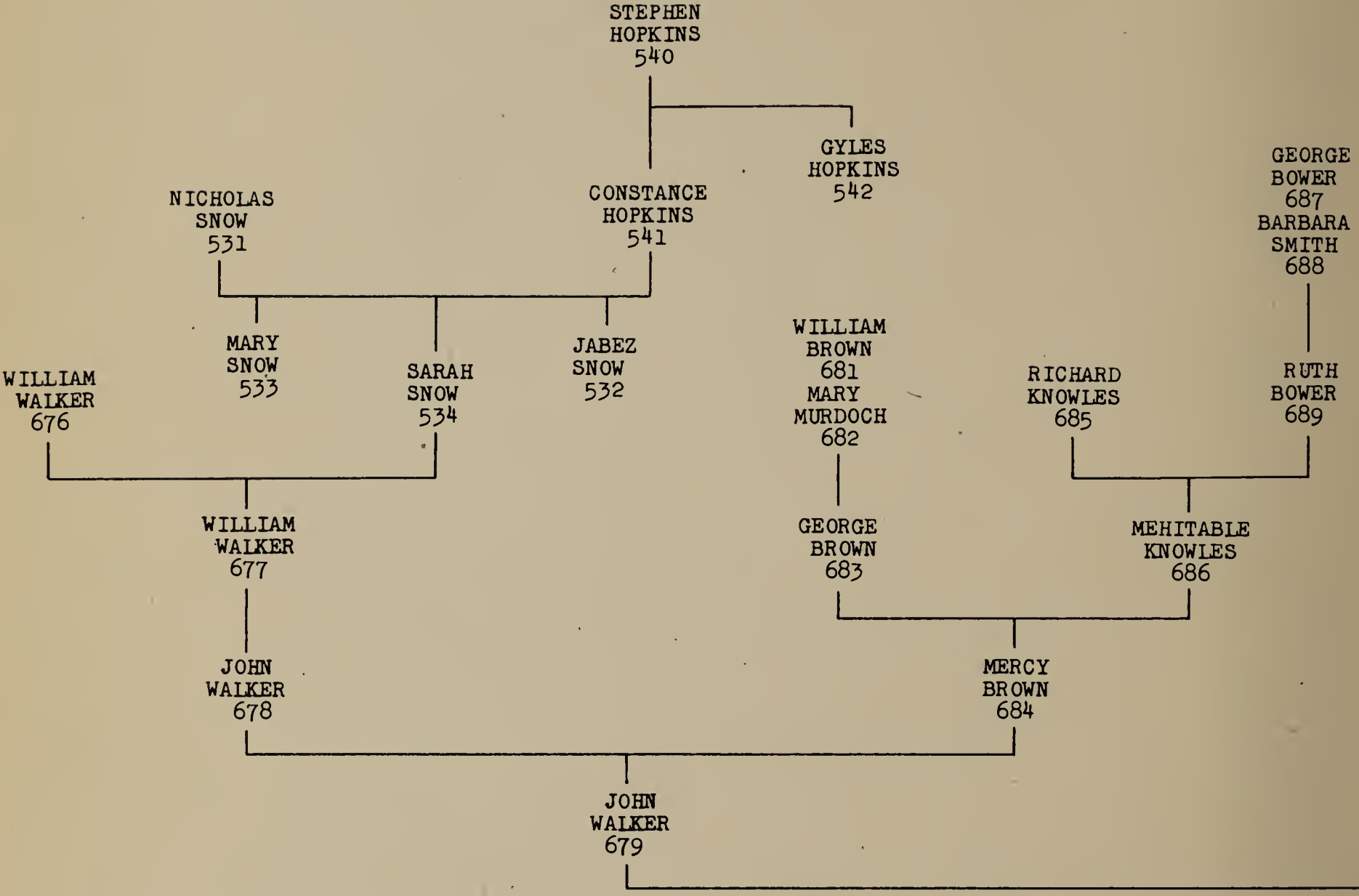
JOSEPH PAINE #674, son of Thomas and Mary Paine was born at Eastham, Massachusetts and died on 1 October 1712. He moved to Harwich some time before 1700 and with eight others signed the covenant dated 16 October 1700 which formed the first church there. In 1706 he succeeded Thomas Freeman as Town Clerk and was so for the rest of his life. From 1701 to 1711 he was a selectman. His estate was settled by his wife Patience and divided in 1718. On 27 May 1691 he married PATIENCE SPARROW #628, who was born at Eastham about 1670 and died at Harwich, Massachusetts on 25 October 1745. See #624 for her descent from Richard Sparrow.

They had eleven children and one was a daughter PHEBE #675, who was born at Harwich, Massachusetts on 30 July 1703 and died at Eastham before 2 May 1774. She married SOLOMON PEPPER #654 on 15 October 1724. Patience Sparrow married John Jenkins of Barnstable for her second husband. Joseph Paine left no will. The inventory of the estate was taken on 16 November 1712 and his wife Patience was appointed administratrix on 27 January 1712-3. On 14 April 1718 the estate was finally divided among the widow and the ten children.

Sources: The Paine Family Register by Henry D. Paine, 1857.  
The Paynes of Hamilton by A.F.P.White, 1912.  
Paine Ancestry, The Family of Robert Treat Paine, 1912.  
Paine Family Records by Henry D. Paine, 1880-1883.  
Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.15, p189; vol.25, p124.







## WILLIAM WALKER ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM WALKER

WILLIAM WALKER #676 was born in England in 1620 and died about 1703. On 25 January 1654 he married SARAH SNOW #534, who was born at Plymouth about 1632. She was a daughter of Nicholas Snow and Constance Hopkins. See #531 for her descent from Nicholas Snow. William Walker came to America on the ship Elizabeth in 1635 and received a grant of land at Hingham, Massachusetts in 1636. No further record of him appears at Hingham and he settled sometime thereafter at Eastham, Massachusetts where he was listed in 1643 as able to bear arms. On 3 June 1656 he became a freeman. He served as surveyor of highways for several years and as constable. On 2 June 1685 he was excused from further military service due to age. Available records show that land was granted him between 1659 and 1699. Whether William Walker was any relation to James Walker who came on the same ship is not known. They were near of an age.

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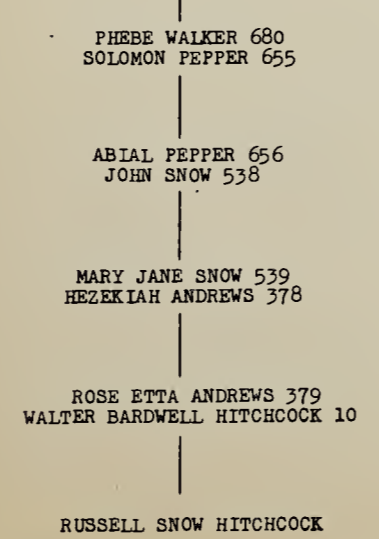
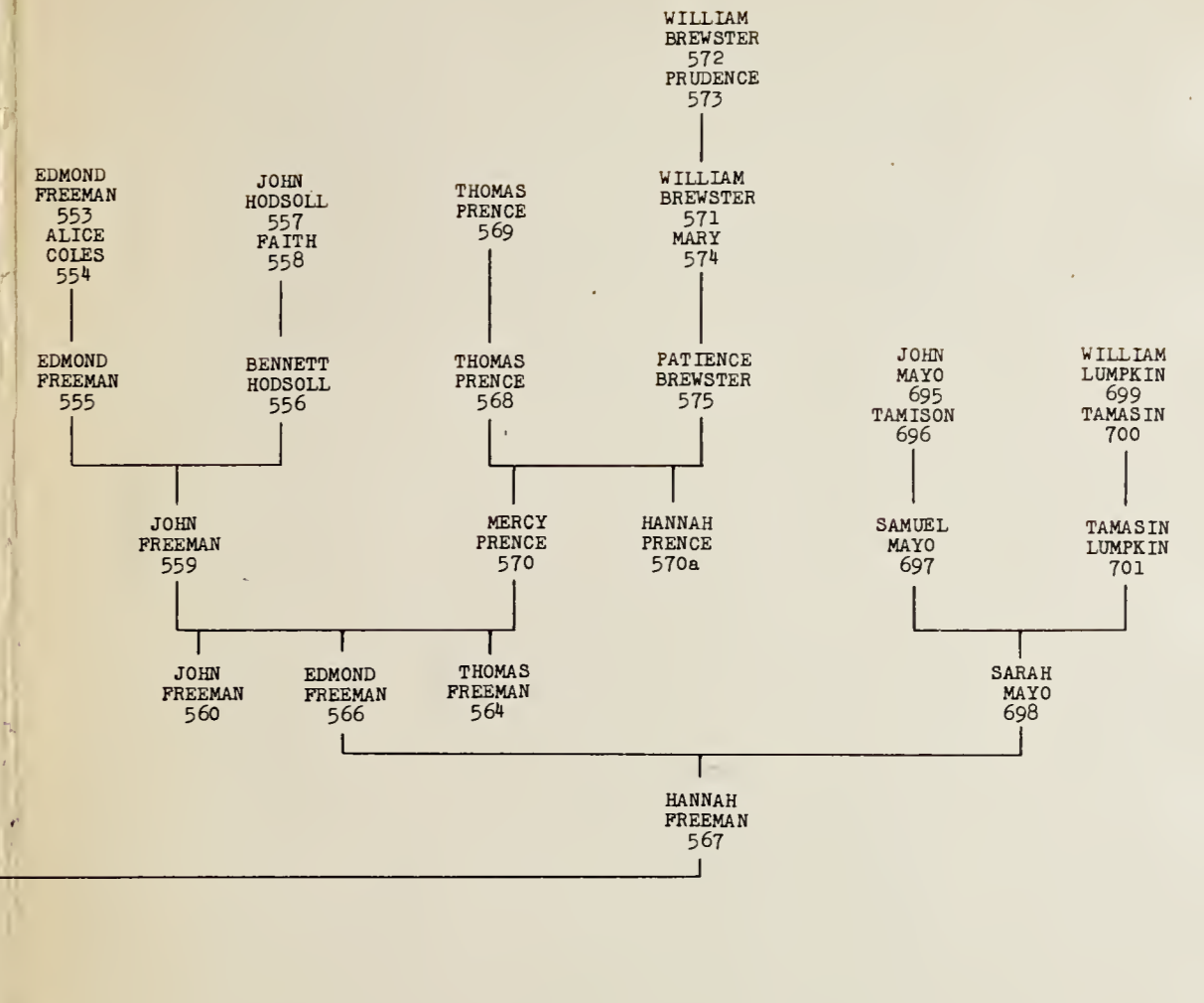
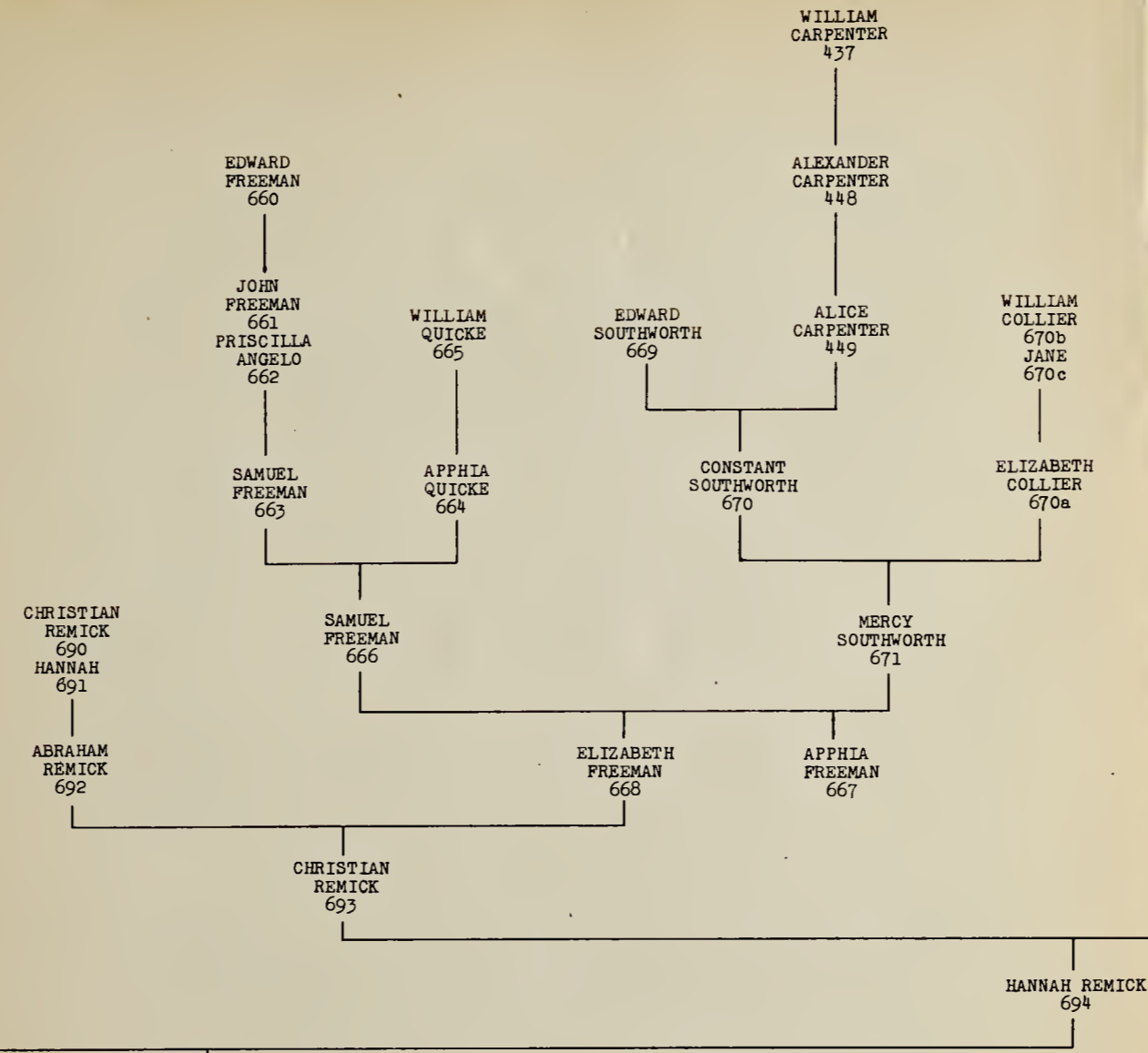
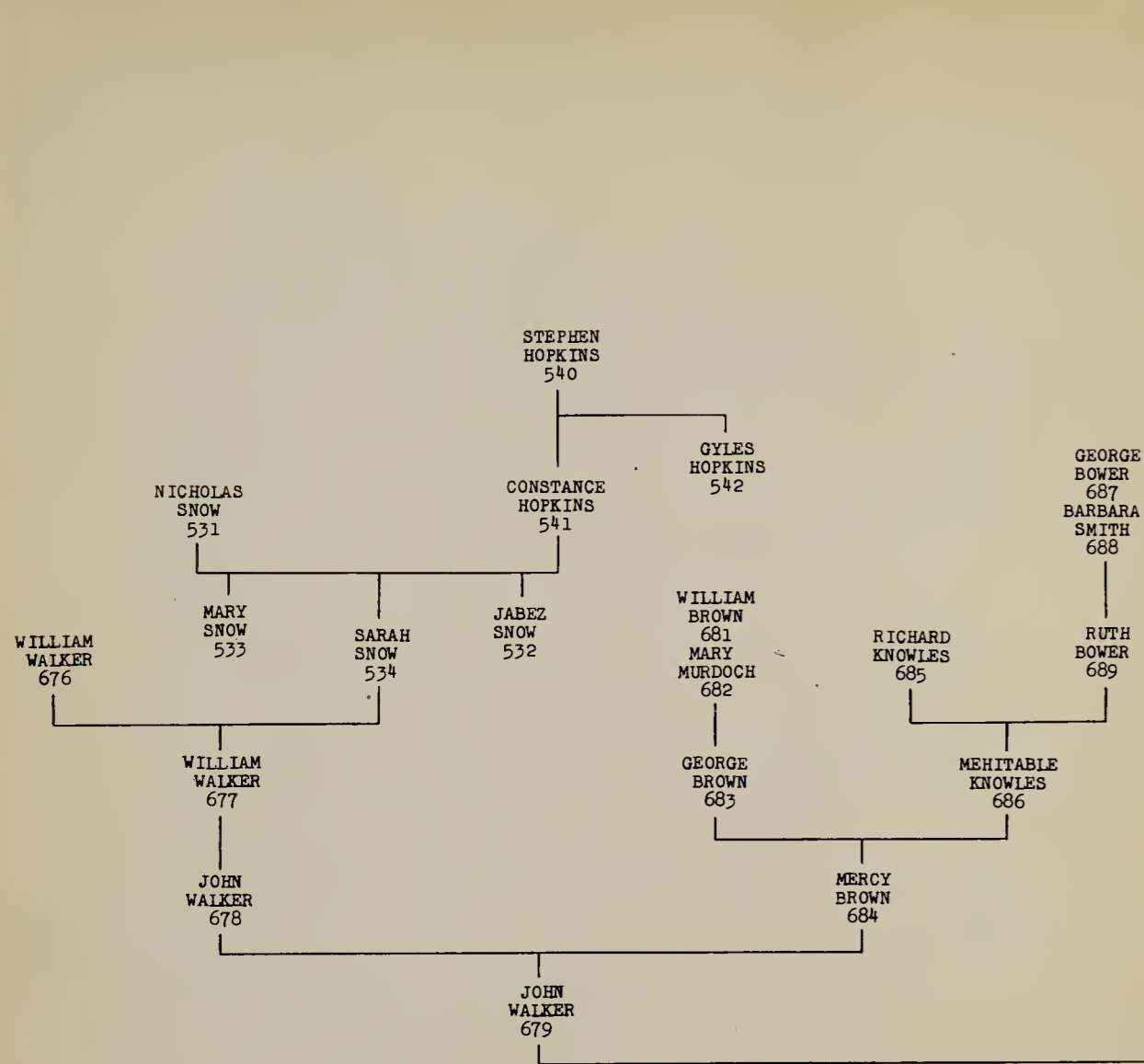
WILLIAM WALKER #677, son of William and Sarah Walker was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 2 August 1659 and died there in January 1743-4. On 14 August 1703 William Walker of Eastham sold to Jonathan Sparrow Jr., certain land at Eastham for 2 pounds, 15 shillings "at a place commonly called ye town flat". The deed was witnessed by Susanna Walker and Susanna Walker Jr. It is very likely that William Walker's wife was Susanna as it is known they had a daughter Susanna who may have been the Susanna Jr., who witnessed the deed.

### JOHN WALKER

JOHN WALKER #678, son of William Walker was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 3 December 16\_\_ and died there on 28 January 1760. On 18 October 1711 at Eastham he married MERCY BROWN #684. See #681 for her descent from William Brown. They had six children of whom the third child was John.

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JOHN WALKER #679, son of John and Mercy Walker was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 7 April 1720 and died there before 1754. He married HANNAH REMICK #694, who was born on 21 March 1720-1, and died before 1783. She was the daughter of Christian Remick and his wife Hannah Freeman. See #690 for her descent from Christian Remick. Their marriage intentions were posted at Eastham on 12 June 1744. Their daughter PHEBE #680, was born on 3 August 1745, died in 1825, and married



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SOLOMON PEPPER #655 on 16 April 1772 for her second husband. Her first husband was Edward Knowles of Eastham.

Sources: Memorial of the Walkers of the old Plymouth Colony by J.B.R.Walker, 1861.  
Early Settlers of Eastham by Josiah Paine of Harwich.  
Eastham vital records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.5, p23; vol.16, p28; vol.29, p15.  
Plymouth records in the Mayflower Descendant, vol.17, p70, p200.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.14, p177.

#### BROWN ANCESTRY

#### WILLIAM BROWN

WILLIAM BROWN #681 came from England before 1643 and died at Eastham about 1694. On 16 July 1649 he married MARY MURDOCK #682. He settled first at Plymouth and was listed in 1643 as able to bear arms. At a town meeting there on 10 December 1646 it was voted that those who did not attend town meetings should pay 12 pence and William Brown was a signer.

Mary Murdock came from England with Thomas Whiton and his wife on the ship Elizabeth and Ann in May 1635 when she was 10 years old. Thomas Whiton mentioned her as a daughter-in-law which probably meant step daughter. She lived with the family of Richard Sparrow and his wife Pandora from 24 June 1639 until her marriage. William Brown's will was dated 27 June 1685 and recorded on 7 April 1694 in which he mentioned his wife and children.

#### GEORGE BROWN

GEORGE BROWN #683, son of William and Mary Brown was born at Plymouth, Massachusetts on 16 January 1651 and married MEHITABLE KNOWLES #686, who was born on 20 May 1653, and died after 1721. She was the daughter of Richard Knowles and his wife Ruth Bower. See #685 for more of him. George Brown's will dated 29 June 1721 and proved on

3 August 1721 mentioned his wife and children and bequeathed his daughter Mercy one feather bed and bolster. The will was witnessed by Rebecca and a Sarah Walker. MERCY #684, daughter of George and Mehitable Brown married JOHN WALKER #678 on 18 October 1711.

Sources: William Brown of Eastham by F.J. Simmons.  
Barnstable Probate Records, vol.1,p93.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.4,  
p255; vol.9,p313; and for July 1925.  
Mayflower Descendant, vol.16,p121,p237; vol.22,p186.

## KNOWLES ANCESTRY

### RICHARD KNOWLES

RICHARD KNOWLES #685 was born in Lincolnshire, England and died at Eastham, Massachusetts between 1670 and 1675. On 15 August 1639 at Plymouth, Massachusetts he married RUTH BOWER #689, a daughter of George Bower and his wife Barbara Smith. See #687 for more of George Bower.

Richard Knowles first appeared in the records in America on 2 January 1637-8 when he was charged at the Plymouth Court with bringing a ship from Green River on Sunday. On 7 January 1638-9 he was granted "a garden place next to John Barnes" and the following spring granted meadow land at the head of George Bower's meadow "by the Eele river head". In 1643 he was listed at Plymouth as able to bear arms. His father-in-law moved to Cambridge, Massachusetts sometime thereafter and Richard Knowles either went with him or about the same time for he was listed in the Cambridge records of 4 November 1646 as "Goodman Knowles for his swine divers times going without keeper is fined 1s 6d".

By December 1649 Richard Knowles was back in Plymouth for then he was before the court for "denying passage of cattell in the highway". On 12 May 1653 he was appointed master of a ship which was equipped for possible use against the Dutch of New Amsterdam since a conflict seemed likely. He first appeared in the records at Eastham, Massachusetts on 13 May 1654 when he was granted two acres of land there. He was a surveyor of highways in 1670. MEHITABLE #686 daughter of Richard and Ruth Knowles was born on 20 May 1653, and died after 1721. She married GEORGE BROWN #683.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register for  
July 1925.  
Plymouth Colony vital records in the Mayflower  
Descendant, vol.13,p85; vol.17,p70; vol.18,p55.

## BOWER ANCESTRY

### GEORGE BOWER

GEORGE BOWER #687 was first recorded in America as at Scituate, Massachusetts where he became a freeman on 7 March 1636-7. His wife was BARBARA SMITH #688 and she died on 25 March 1644. He died between 8 November and 30 December 1656. The Parish register of Braithwell, York County, England recorded the marriage on 9 February 1614-5 of George Bower and Barbara Smith. The marriage license reads "George Bower, of Manby and Barbara Smith of Braythwell \_\_\_\_\_ at Braythwell". No baptism records of their children have been found there. By 1639 he was at Plymouth as he was elected a constable there on 5 March 1638-9. He purchased land there on the Eele River from Gov. Winslow. In 1640 with John Barnes he was given charge of obtaining lumber for the new jail. He had 1/16 share of a ship built at Plymouth along with Edward Bangs.

About 1643 George Bower moved to Cambridge, Massachusetts where his wife died in 1644. He married his second wife Elizabeth Worthington at Cambridge on 15 April 1649. After his death she married Henry Bowtell on 25 June 1657. George Bower's will was dated 8 November 1656 and proved on 30 December 1656. It did not mention his married daughter Ruth Knowles. RUTH #689, a daughter of George and Barbara Bower married RICHARD KNOWLES #685 on 15 August 1639.

Sources: New England Historical and Genealogical Register for July and vol.80,p278.



## REMICK ANCESTRY

### CHRISTIAN REMICK

CHRISTIAN REMICK #690 was born about 1631 and probably died at Kittery, Maine after 1718. About 1655 he married HANNAH #691 who was living at Kittery as late as 17 December 1711. His origin is unknown, but the name suggests a Danish descent as there were Danes among the earliest Kittery settlers. Kittery itself was first settled in 1623. There are no other known early New England settlers of that name.

Christian Remick settled in what is now Eliot and received his first grant of land in 1651. On 17 July 1661 he was granted twenty acres and at various subsequent times he received grants of land totaling probably 170 acres. He deeded land to his various children and there are records where he gave 50 acres to his son Isaac and other land to sons Jacob and Joshua. Being a proprietor of Kittery with certain land rights his descendants were granted land in later divisions of land. His name was on the freeman's list of 16 November 1652.

Christian Remick was one of the signers of the 18 May 1653 agreement acknowledging that Kittery was under the Massachusetts Bay Colony and his name appeared in many other records. He was selectman from 1670 to 1673 and again in 1676 and 1688. Neither he nor his wife left wills and apparently he had deeded all his property to his children before his death.

### ABRAHAM REMICK

ABRAHAM REMICK #692, son of Christian and Hannah Remick was born in Kittery, Maine on 9 June 1667 and probably died at Eastham, Massachusetts about 1705. About 1693 probably at Eastham he married ELIZABETH FREEMAN #668, who was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 26 June 1671, the daughter of Samuel Freeman and his wife Mercy Southworth. See #660 for her descent from Edward Freeman. Her second husband was Joseph Myrick, who she married at Eastham on 7 July 1712, and Joseph Myrick's first wife was Elizabeth Howes.

It is uncertain when or why Abraham moved to Eastham but it is known he was a member of an expedition to Canada in the autumn of 1690. He was a witness to a transfer of land from the Indians to Samuel Smith on 19 August 1693 in Barnstable County. On 19 June 1694 Abraham Remick listed himself as of Eastham and sold thirty acres of land at Kittery, probably all his property there. At the same time his father Christian sold land to Isaac, a brother of Abraham, so it appears that father and sons were settling their business affairs. The early land records of Barnstable County do not now exist so it is not possible to determine what property he owned at Eastham, nor is there a record of the settlement of his estate.

### CHRISTIAN REMICK

CHRISTIAN REMICK #693, son of Abraham and Elizabeth Remick was born at Eastham, Massachusetts on 16 December 1694 and died between 23 July and 18 November 1783. On 10 October 1717 at Eastham he married

for his first wife, HANNAH FREEMAN #567, who was born in 1698, and died on 7 July 1751. She was the daughter of Edmund Freeman and his second wife Sarah Mayo. See #553 for her descent from Edmund Freeman. Their marriage intentions were posted at Eastham on 14 September 1717 and the marriage was performed by Rev. Nathaniel Stone.

Christian Remick, for his second wife, married Sarah Doane, a widow. He made his will on 23 July 1783 and did not mention any real estate which he had probably disposed of previously. The will proved on 18 November 1783 did not mention his daughter Hannah and hence it is supposed she had previously died. It did mention his grand daughter PHEBE PEPPER #680. Christian Remick's wife Hannah was one of the heirs entitled to share in the estate of her father Edmond Freeman and her grand father Major John Freeman. The agreements among the heirs were dated 12 February 1718 and 7 January 1719-20 respectively. HANNAH #694, a daughter of Christian and Hannah Remick, was born on 21 March 1720-1, and died before 1783. She married JOHN WALKER #679 at Eastham, Massachusetts. Their intentions were posted on 12 June 1744.

Sources: Genealogy of the Remick Family, 1893.  
Remick Genealogy by Winifred L. Holman, 1933.  
Eastham vital records in the Mayflower Descendant,  
vol. 8, p89; vol. 15, p72; vol. 28, p108.

## MAYO ANCESTRY

### JOHN MAYO

JOHN MAYO #695 was born in Northamptonshire, England in 1598 and died at Yarmouth, Massachusetts in May 1676. He married TAMISON #696 in England, who died at Yarmouth on 26 February 1682-3. Rev. John Mayo came to America in 1638 with his wife and five children. The name of the ship they came on is not known. He had a university education. Between 1 March and 14 June 1639 he arrived at Barnstable and before leaving later for Eastham possessed house lot 5 containing 12 acres.

In 1646 John Mayo was called to Eastham and later in 1655 moved to Boston and was the first pastor of the Old North Church of Boston from 1655 to 1673. Due to age and with his consent the church dismissed him on 15 April 1673 and granted him a pension. He then sold his house and lot on Middle Street. John Mayo was buried at Yarmouth, Massachusetts where he spent his declining years with his daughter Elizabeth. He died late in May 1676. He left no will and his estate was divided by an agreement among the heirs dated 15 June 1676 in which his wife's name was spelled Tamasin.

### SAMUEL MAYO

SAMUEL MAYO #697, eldest son of Rev. John and Tamison Mayo was born in England about 1625 and died at Boston, Massachusetts in 1663 or 1664. About 1643 he married TAMASIN #701, who was born about 1625, and died at Eastham, Massachusetts on 16 June 1709, aged 84 years. She was the daughter of William and Tamasin Lumpkin. She was buried at Brewster, Massachusetts. See #699 for her descent from William Lumpkin.

Samuel Mayo remained in Barnstable when his father moved to Eastham and became a mariner. He entered the fishing trade and soon had his own fleet of vessels and ran a packet to Boston. In 1650 he became master of the bark Desire, a swift vessel, and the third laid down in Massachusetts. It was built at Marblehead in the summer of 1636.

In 1653 with two others he purchased land which is now Oyster Bay, Long Island and the next year went there with others in the bark Desire where his ship was pressed into service against the Dutch by Captain Baxter of Rhode Island. The owners of the bark Desire were later given damages for this seizure. In 1658 he was in Boston. About 1681 a daughter of Samuel and Tamasin Mayo, SARAH #698 became the second wife of EDMOND FREEMAN #566. Sarah was born at Boston on 19 December 1660 and died just prior to 5 March 1745-6.

Sources: Descent of Edward Leonard Mayo from Rev. John Mayo by Winifred Lovering Holman, 1932.

The Mayos of Truro by Shebna Rich, 1914.

Data in the possession of Capt. Chester C. Mayo (SC) U.S.N.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol. 95,  
p39.

## LUMPKIN ANCESTRY

### WILLIAM LUMPKIN

WILLIAM LUMPKIN #699 resided at Yarmouth, Massachusetts and signed his will on 20 July 1668 and it was presented for probate on 7 June 1671 so his death was between those dates. He mentioned his wife TAMASIN #700, who he designed as executrix and also children and grand children. The will was witnessed by Edmond Hawes and John Thacher. The inventory listed among other items "3 oxen, six Cows, 2 Calves, 1 horse". In 1643 he was listed as able to bear arms at Yarmouth. TAMASIN #701, a daughter of William and Tamasin Lumpkin married first, SAMUEL MAYO #697 about 1643 and she died on 16 June 1709 in her 84th year according to the gravestone in the old Brewster cemetery. Her second husband was John Sunderland of Boston and later of Eastham, who she married after 1663 or 1664 and before her father made his will on 20 July 1668 as she was mentioned there as the wife of John Sunderland. She survived her second husband. Tamasin has been spelled several ways and the above spelling is that in her father's will.

Sources: Mayflower Descendant, vol.12, p139; vol.17, p99.  
New England Historical and Genealogical Register, vol.4,  
p255.

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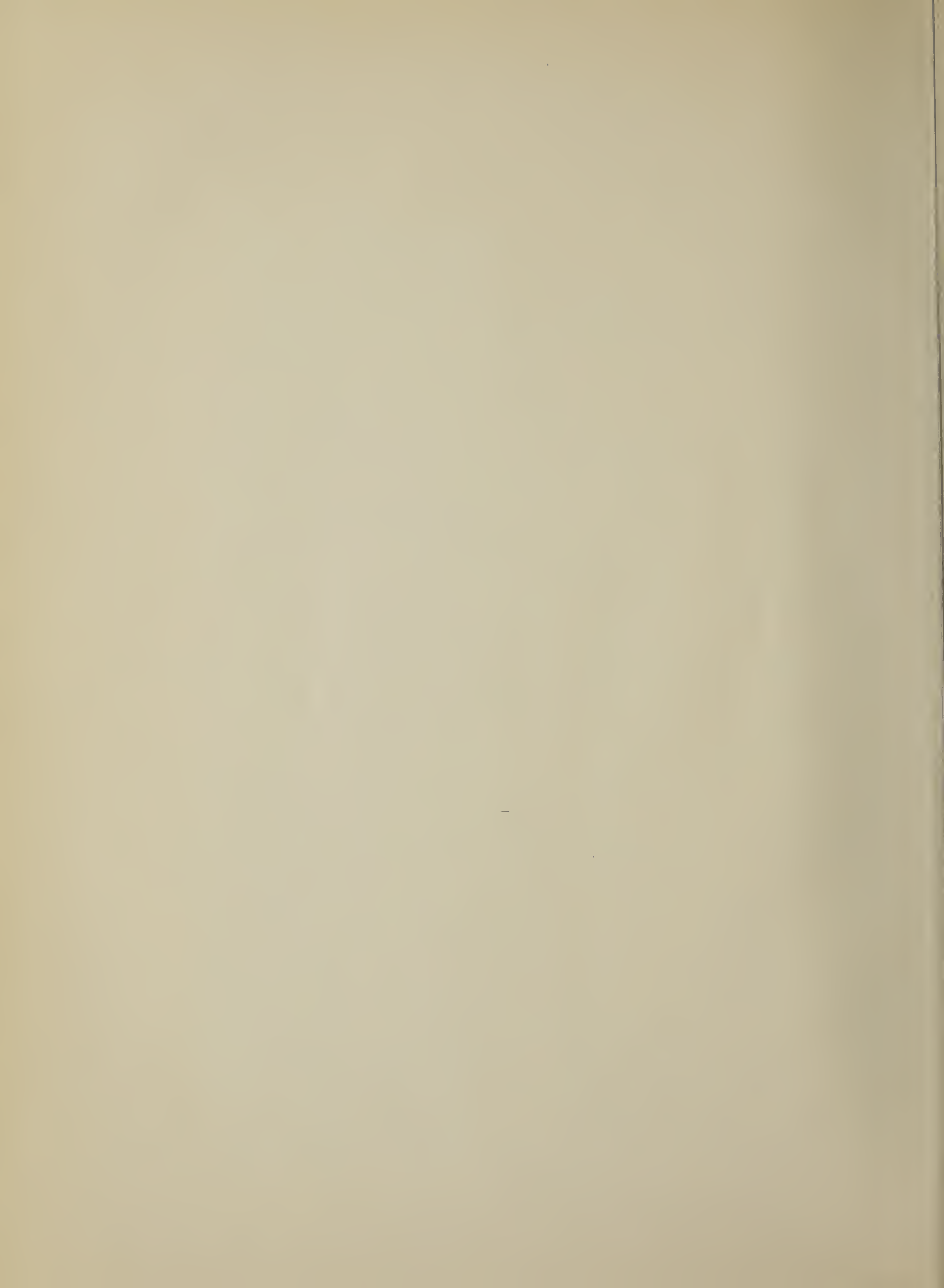




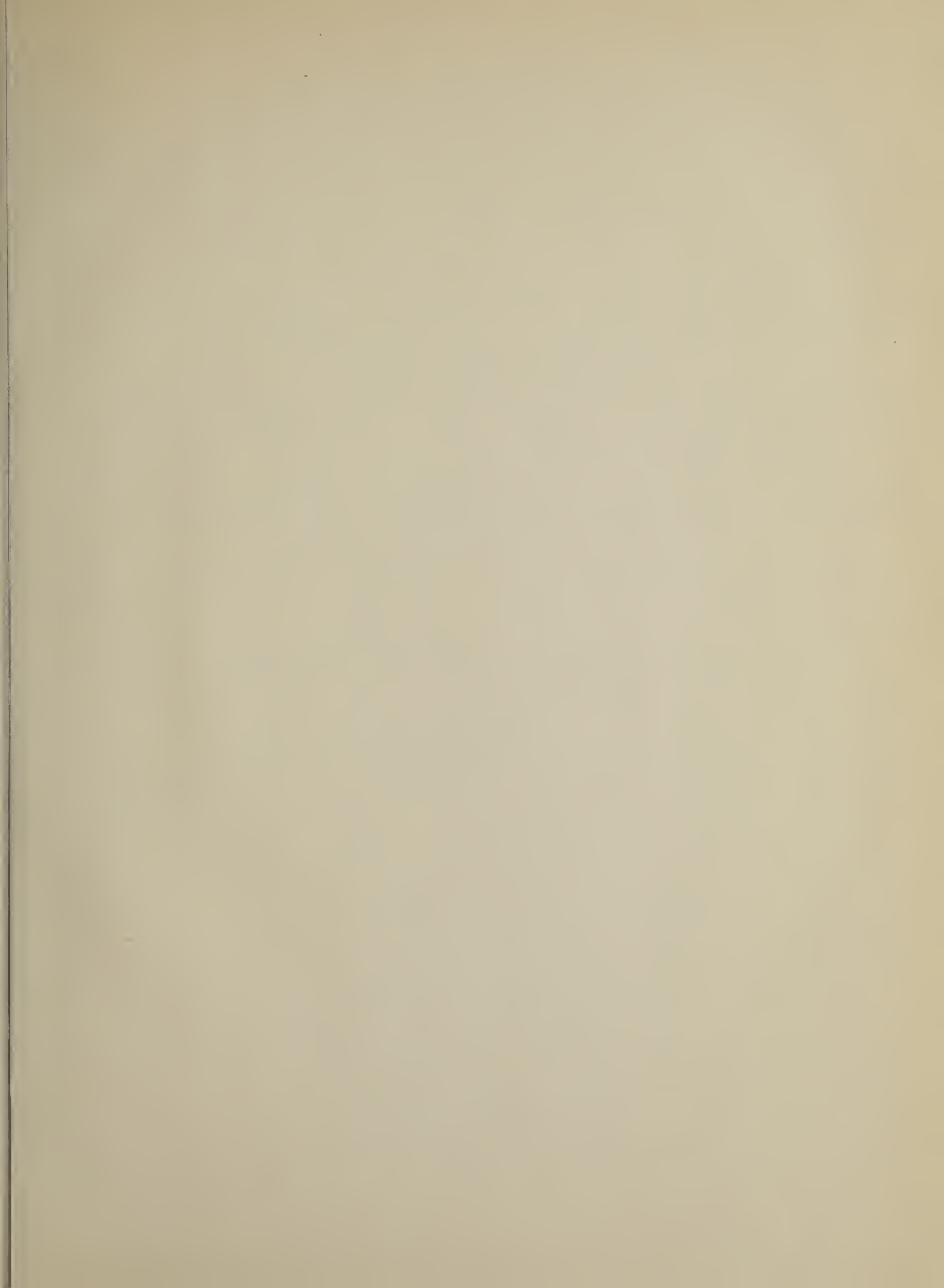
















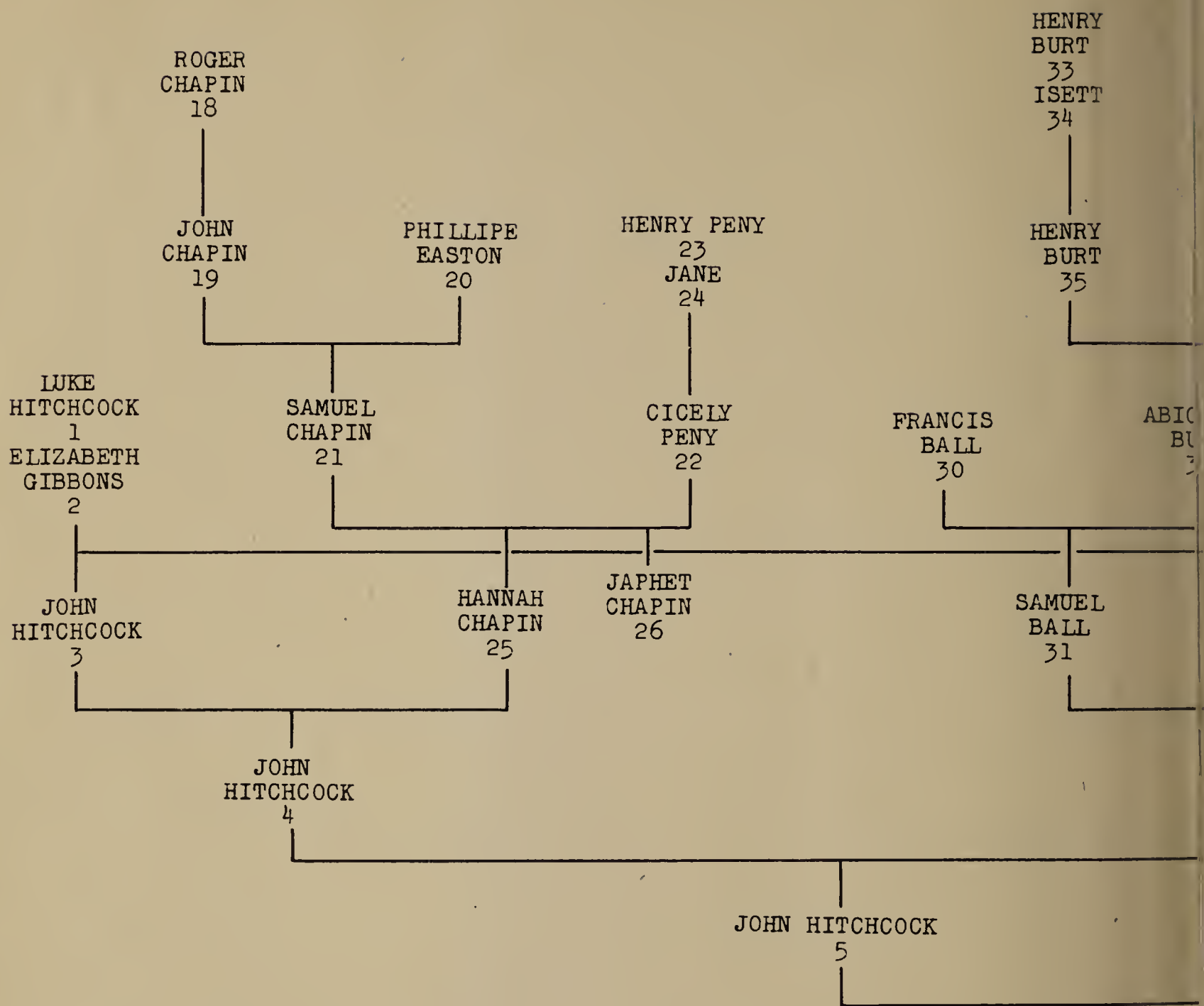


CHART 1



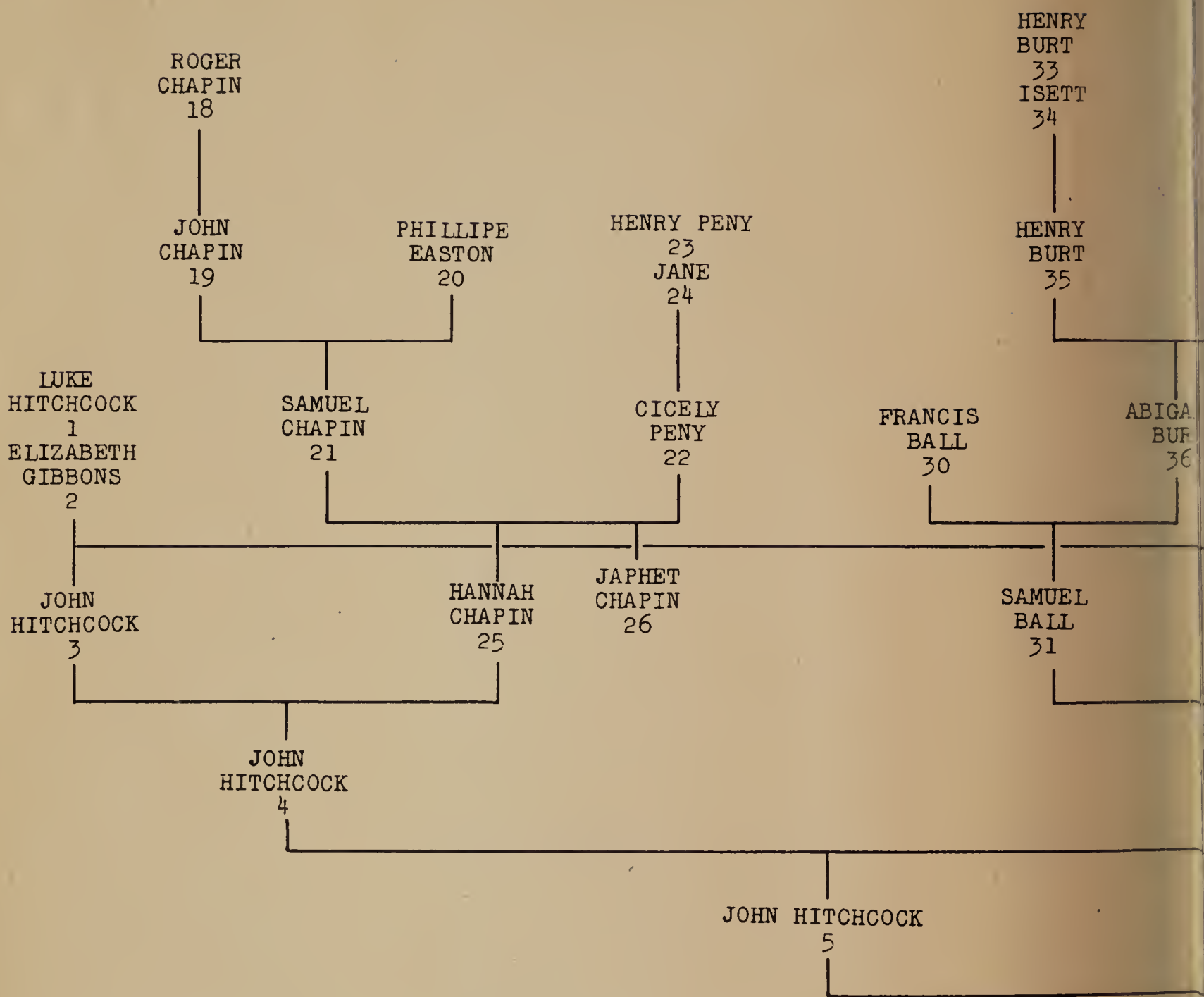


CHART 1

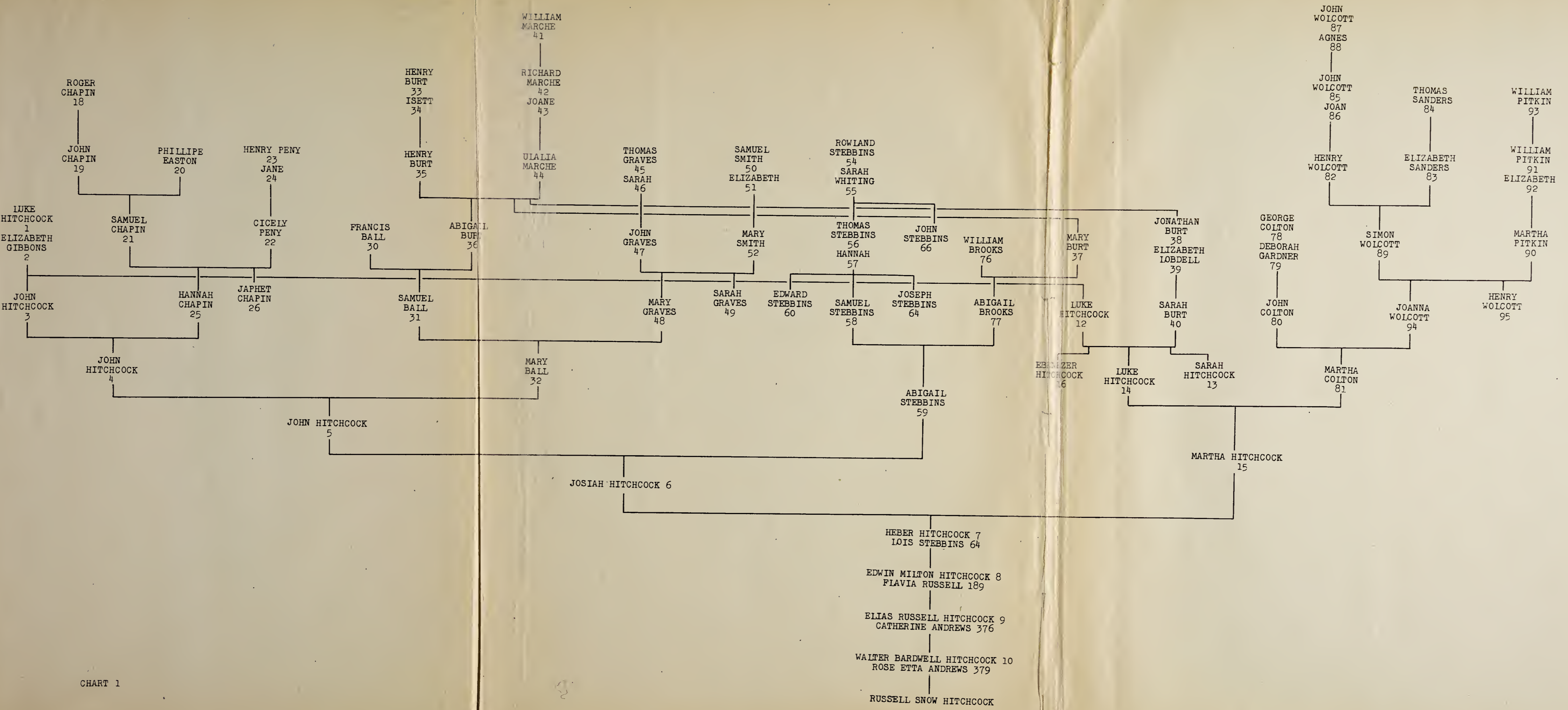


CHART 1







